Commenters also may suggest mechanisms and processes they believe will help ensure that thorough reviews are conducted in a periodic and timely manner. Currently, the Department intends, wherever possible, to conduct periodic reviews concurrently with reviews required by statute or other competent legal authority. Where such mandated reviews do not exist. however, the Department intends to develop review schedules that are appropriate for particular program areas. Commenters should indicate the frequency with which reviews should be conducted. Although the timing of specific reviews may vary, the Department is considering requiring that the first cycle of reviews, including the implementation of any recommended changes, be completed by June 30, 1996.

Dated: February 23, 1994. Bill Vincent,

Deputy Director, Office of Regulatory Affairs, Office of the Secretary.

[FR Doc. 94-4601 Filed 2-28-94; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-01-M

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

38 CFR Part 3

RIN 2900-AF03

Line of Duty

AGENCY: Department of Veterans Affairs.
ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) is proposing to amend its adjudication regulations concerning the service connection of disabilities incurred or aggravated in line of duty. This proposed change is necessary to implement legislation which precludes the establishment of service connection for any condition that results from the abuse of alcohol or drugs.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before May 2, 1994. Comments will be available for public inspection until May 10, 1994. This proposed change is proposed to be effective November 1, 1990, the date established by the enacting legislation.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit written comments, suggestions, or objections regarding this change to Secretary of Veterans Affairs (271A), Department of Veterans Affairs, 810 Vermont Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20420. All written comments received will be available for public inspection only in the Veterans Services Unit, room 170, at the above address between the hours of 8 a.m. and

4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday (except holidays), until May 10, 1994.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Bisset, Jr. Consultant, Regulations Staff, Compensation and Pension Service, Veterans Benefits Administration, (202) 233–3005.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 8052 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, Pub. L. 101-508, amended 38 U.S.C. 105(a), 1110 and 1131 to provide that injuries or diseases incurred or aggravated during service as a result of the abuse of alcohol or drugs will not be considered incurred or aggravated in the line of duty and thus would not be compensable by VA as serviceconnected disabilities. These provisions apply to claims filed after October 31, 1990. VA proposes to define drug abuse as the use of illegal drugs (including prescription drugs that are illegally or illicitly obtained), the intentional use of prescription or non-prescription drugs for a purpose other than the medically intended use, or the use of substances other than alcohol to enjoy their intoxicating effects. VA proposes to define alcohol abuse as the drinking of alcoholic beverages in any amount, over any period of time, sufficient to cause disability or death. VA proposes to amend 38 CFR 3.1 and 3.301 to implement this new statutory provision.

The Secretary hereby certifies that this regulatory amendment will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities as they are defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), 5 U.S.C. 601–612. The reason for this certification is that this amendment would not directly affect any small entities. Only VA beneficiaries could be directly affected. Therefore, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 605(b), this amendment is exempt from the initial and final regulatory flexibility analysis requirements of sections 603 and 604.

The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance program number is 64.109.

List of Subjects in 38 CFR Part 3

Administrative practice and procedure, Claims, Handicapped, Health care, Pensions, Veterans.

Approved: December 22, 1993. Jesse Brown,

Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

For the reasons set out in the preamble, 38 CFR part 3 is proposed to be amended as set forth below:

PART 3-ADJUDICATION

Subpart A—Pension, Compensation, and Dependency and Indemnity Compensation

1. The authority citation for part 3, subpart A, continues to read as follows:

Authority: 38 U.S.C. 501(a), unless otherwise noted.

§3.1 [Amended].

2. In § 3.1(m) introductory text, the first sentence, after the words "willful misconduct" add the words "or abuse of alcohol or drugs".

§ 3.301 [Amended].

- In § 3.301(a), after the words "willful misconduct" add the words "or abuse of alcohol or drugs".
- 4. In § 3.301(c), the heading of the introductory text, after the word "applications" add the words "; willful misconduct".
- 5. In § 3.301(c)(3), after the third sentence, add the words "(See paragraph (d) of this section regarding service connection where disability or death is a result of abuse of drugs.)". In the fourth sentence, remove the words "Similarly, where" and add, in their place, the word "Where".
- 6. In § 3.301, add a new paragraph (d) to read as follows:

§ 3.301 Line of duty and misconduct.

(d) Line of duty; abuse of alcohol or drugs. An injury or disease incurred during active military, naval, or air service shall not be deemed to have been incurred in line of duty if such injury or disease was a result of the abuse of alcohol or drugs. For the purpose of this paragraph, alcohol abuse means the drinking of alcoholic beverages in any amount, over any period of time, sufficient to cause disability or death; drug abuse means the use of illegal drugs (including prescription drugs that are illegally or illicitly obtained), the intentional use of prescription or non-prescription drugs for a purpose other than the medically intended use, or the use of substances other than alcohol to enjoy their intoxicating effects.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 105(a)) [FR Doc. 94–4479 Filed 2–28–94; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 8320–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

50 CFR Part 17

Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Notice of Public Hearing on Proposed Endangered Status for the Pacific Pocket Mouse

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Proposed rule, notice of public hearing.

SUMMARY: The Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, gives notice that a public hearing will be held on the proposed action to list the Pacific pocket mouse (Perognathus longimembris pacificus) as an endangered species. The Service will allow all interested parties to submit oral or written comments at the hearing on the proposal.

DATES: A public hearing will be held from 6 to 8 p.m. on Thursday, March 24, 1994, in San Clemente, California. Comments from all interested parties must be received by April 4, 1994.

ADDRESSES: The hearing on Thursday, March 24, 1994, will be held at the Casa Clemente Resort (formerly known as the Ramada Inn), 35 Calle de Industrias, San Clemente, California.

Written comments and materials may be submitted at the hearing or may be sent directly to Mr. Gail Kobetich, Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Carlsbad Field Office, 2730 Loker Avenue West, Carlsbad, California 92008. Comments and materials received will be available for public inspection during normal business hours by appointment, at the above address.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Loren Hays or Fred Roberts, Carlsbad Field Office, (see ADDRESSES section) or telephone 619/431–9440.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The Pacific pocket mouse (Perognathus longimembris pacificus), a small heteromyid rodent, which historically occurred within about 3 kilometers (2 miles) of the immediate coast at eight locations from Marina del Rey and El Segundo in Los Angeles County south to the vicinity of the Mexican border in San Diego County, California. This species is brownish or grayish in color and attains a total length of 126 millimeters (4.9 inches).

The Pacific pocket mouse occurs on fine-grain, sandy substrates, and

inhabits coastal strand, coastal dunes, river alluvium, and coastal sage scrub vegetation on marine terraces. The only known extant population of this species is found on the Dana Point Headlands in Dana Point, California. On February 3, 1994, the Service listed the Pacific pocket mouse as an endangered species using the emergency provision of the Act because it is in imminent danger of extinction due to habitat loss and fragmentation, and predation by feral and domestic cats (59 FR 5306). A proposed rule to list this species and announcing the Service's intention to hold a public hearing on this matter was also published in the Federal Register on that date (59 FR 5311).

Those parties wishing to make a statement for the record should bring a copy of their statement to present to the Service at the start of the hearing. Oral statements may be limited in length, if the number of parties present at the hearing necessitates such a limitation. There are no limits to the length of written comments or materials presented at the hearing or mailed to the Service. Written comments will be given the same weight as oral comments. Written comments may be submitted at the hearing or mailed to the address given in the ADDRESSES section of this notice. The comment period closes April 4, 1994.

Authority: The authority for this action is the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1361–1407; 16 U.S.C. 1531–1544; 16 U.S.C. 4201–4245; Pub. L. 99– 625, 100 Stat. 3500; unless otherwise noted).

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 17

Endangered and threatened species, Exports, Imports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, and Transportation.

(Notice of Public Hearing: Pacific pocket mouse; endangered without critical habitat)

Dated: February 21, 1994.

Marvin L. Plenert.

Regional Director, Region 1, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 94-4545 Filed 2-28-94; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 644

[I.D. 022294C]

Atlantic Billfish Fisheries

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Atlantic billfishes; notice of an additional scoping meeting and extension of comment period.

SUMMARY: NMFS previously announced scoping meetings for Atlantic billfish on February 9, 1994. The purpose of the scoping meetings is to receive comments concerning the Atlantic billfish fishery from fishery participants and other members of the public regarding: A definition of overfishing; reducing fishing mortality; reporting requirements; and other issues. NMFS is also soliciting written comments on issues of concern in this fishery. NMFS requests input at any time during the scoping process, by mail or by fax. An issues/options statement will be prepared for the initial hearing and revised, based on written and oral comments, for subsequent hearings. This notice announces an additional scoping meeting and extends the comment period for the billfish scoping meetings.

DATES: Written scoping comments must be received on or before May 2, 1994. The scoping meeting will be held from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m., March 15, 1994.

ADDRESSES: Written scoping comments should be sent to Richard B. Stone, Chief, Highly Migratory Species Management Division (F/CM4), Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service, 1315 East-West Highway, room 14853, Silver Spring, MD 20910. Clearly mark the outside of the envelope "Atlantic Billfish Scoping Comments." Input for the issues/options statement may also be provided to the same address, or by sending a fax to C. Michael Bailey at 301-713-1035. The meeting will be held at the Hynnes Convention Center, Room 208 (NFI Room/Lounge), 900 Boyleston Avenue, Boston, MA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: C. Michael Bailey, 301–713–2347 or fax 301–713–1035.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Scoping Meeting

Depending upon the interest of the audience, the Meeting Officer may increase the length of the meetings, and additional meetings may be announced at a later date. These hearings are physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Richard H. Schaefer by March 11, 1994 (see ADDRESSES).

Dated: February 23, 1994.

David S. Crestin,

Acting Office Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management.

[FR Doc. 94–4535 Filed 2–24–94; 10:01 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 646

[Docket No. 940246-4046; I.D. 012794A]

RIN 0648-AE51

Snapper-Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues this proposed rule to implement Amendment 6 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Snapper-Grouper Fishery of the South Atlantic (FMP). Amendment 6 would establish management measures necessary to conserve overfished stocks of snowy grouper, golden tilefish, speckled hind, and warsaw grouper in the South Atlantic exclusive economic zone (EEZ). The intended effects of this rule are to rebuild the snapper-grouper resources and to clarify the regulations implementing the FMP.

DATES: Written comments must be received on or before April 11, 1994.

ADDRESSES: Comments on the proposed rule must be sent to Peter J. Eldridge, Southeast Regional Office, NMFS, 9450 Koger Boulevard, St. Petersburg, FL 33702.

Requests for copies of Amendment 6, which includes an environmental assessment, a regulatory impact review, and an initial regulatory flexibility

analysis should be sent to the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, 1 Southpark Circle, Suite 306, Charleston SC 29407–4699; FAX 803–769–4520.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peter J. Eldridge, 813–893–3161.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Snapper-grouper species off the southern Atlantic states are managed under the FMP. The FMP was prepared by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (Council) and is implemented through regulations at 50 CFR part 646 under the authority of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson Act).

Background

Recent stock assessments by NMFS have identified snowy grouper, golden tilefish, speckled hind, and warsaw grouper as being overfished. The management measures in Amendment 6 represent the Council's initial steps to prevent this overfishing and to rebuild the abundance level of these species.

Amendment 6 would establish commercial quotas and trip limits for snowy grouper and golden tilefish; impose a trip limit of one warsaw grouper and one speckled hind per vessel and prohibit sale of these species; include tilefish species in the current grouper bag limit; require that vessel logbooks be submitted by all permitted vessels; and close the Oculina Bank habitat area of particular concern (HAPC) to fishing for snapper-grouper species. In addition, NMFS proposes changes to the regulations to clarify them and conform them to current standards.

Snowy Grouper and Golden Tilefish

The most recent stock assessment report for the deep water component of the snapper-grouper fishery indicates that a 40 percent reduction in the fishing mortality rate is necessary to

rebuild the snowy grouper stock and a 42 percent reduction is necessary for the golden tilefish stock. These reductions in mortality rate should result in a spawning stock ratio of 30 percent, the level at which the stocks are no longer considered to be overfished under the provisions of the FMP. The Council concluded that reductions in fishing mortality should be achieved through reductions in allowable catch, a manageable proxy for fishing mortality, and should be phased in through equal reductions in each of the next 3 years. Such phased-in catch reductions should minimize financial impacts on fishermen and provide additional information for measuring the effectiveness of the rebuilding schedule.

Accordingly, Amendment 6 would establish a commercial quota for snowy grouper and a commercial quota for golden tilefish for each of the years 1994, 1995, and 1996. To minimize any "derby" fishing that might be caused by the quota system, vessel trip limits are proposed on snowy grouper of 2,500 pounds (1,134 kg) and golden tilefish of 5,000 pounds (2,268 kg). All trip limit weights are either whole weight or gutted weight, at the harvesting vessel's option. Thus, compliance may be determined by weighing the fish without having to sort and weigh whole and gutted fish separately. When a quota for either species is reached, a reduced trip limit of 300 pounds (136 kg) would be implemented for that species for the remainder of the fishing year. The 300-pound level is deemed to be appropriate as a bycatch allowance. Each year's quota would be established at a level that would ensure that bycatch plus the quota would not exceed the catch levels necessary to achieve the targeted reductions in fishing mortalities.

Annual quotas, in gutted weights, are proposed as follows:

	Snowy grouper		Golden tilefish	
	Pounds	Kg	Pounds	kg
1994 1995 1996	540,314 442,448 344,508	245,082 200,691 156,266	1,475,795 1,238,818 1,001,663	669,409 561,918 454,347

Warsaw Grouper and Speckled Hind

Amendment 6 proposes to limit the possession of warsaw grouper and speckled hind to one of each per vessel per trip and to ban the sale of these species. Fishermen would be encouraged to donate fish caught under the trip limit to "good causes," such as charitable organizations. This measure

would reduce the fishing mortality on these overfished species but, since they are minor components of the snapper-' grouper fishery, would not have a significant adverse economic effect on fishermen.

Tilefish

Amendment 6 proposes to include tilefish species in the bag limit for

groupers, currently five fish per person per day. This action would reduce fishing mortality on golden tilefish, which are known to be overfished, and on the other tilefish species, which, because of similar life history characteristics, are suspected to be overfished. In addition, inclusion of all tilefish species will obviate the necessity for species differentiation among members of the tilefish family, a task that may be difficult for recreational fishermen.

Fishing Vessel Logbooks

Amendment 6 proposes that all permitted vessels be required to maintain and submit vessel logbooks that provide catch and effort data. Such data are needed for quota monitoring. stock assessments, catch histories, and indications of shifts in effort. Currently, the regulations require vessel logbooks on behalf of vessels selected by the Science and Research Director. Since January 1993, all vessels have been selected. Amendment 6 would not change the level of logbook coverage. Selection of all to report, however, would be in the regulations rather than by individual notification.

Oculina Bank

The Council is concerned that traditional fishery management measures, such as minimum size limits and quotas, may not be sufficient to protect fully the snapper-grouper resources. The Council considered establishing marine reserves in the EEZ off the southern Atlantic states but deferred action due to public opposition and lack of information on benefits derived from marine reserves. To evaluate the benefits of marine reserves, Amendment 6 proposes to prohibit fishing for snapper-grouper species in the Oculina Bank HAPC. The Oculina Bank is an established HAPC under the regulations governing coral and coral reefs of the Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic (50 CFR part 638) in which fishing with bottom longlines, traps, pots, dredges, and bottom trawls is prohibited. The Oculina Bank HAPC is located offshore from Ft. Pierce to Sebastian Inlet, Florida, at depths between 30 and 75 fathoms. To aid enforcement of the area restrictions of no bottom fishing, the Council also proposes to prohibit fishing while at anchor in the Oculina Bank HAPC. NMFS is not aware of any fishing that would be conducted in the HAPC while anchored other than fishing for snappergrouper species. Accordingly, this proposed rule would establish a rebuttable presumption that fishing while anchored constitutes fishing for snapper-grouper species. The Council believes this action will provide protection for overfished species in the management unit and will provide data on the benefits of marine reserves while minimizing adverse impacts upon user groups. This measure will "sunset" after 10 years if not reauthorized by the Council. NMFS is to report to the Council on the effectiveness of the

HAPC as soon as data are available, but no later than the end of 2000.

Availability of Amendment 6

Additional background and rationale for the measures discussed above are contained in Amendment 6, the availability of which was announced in the Federal Register (59 FR 5562, February 7, 1994).

Additional Changes Proposed by NMFS

In § 646.1(b), NMFS proposes to clarify that the scope of the regulations in part 646 includes not only fish in the snapper-grouper fishery in or from the South Atlantic EEZ, but also, for data collection and quotas, such fish in adjoining state waters.

In § 646.2 in the definition of "Fish in the snapper-grouper fishery," NMFS proposes to change "Tilefish (Golden)" to "Golden tilefish" for ease of reference, and to change the family designation "Triggerfishes—Balistidae" to "Leatherjackets—Balistidae" in accordance with current scientific nomenclature.

Section 646.4(b)(2)(vi)(C) requires an applicant for a vessel permit authorizing the use of sea bass pots to sign a statement that allows an authorized officer reasonable access to the applicant's property to examine pots for compliance with the regulations. NMFS finds that this requirement is unnecessary. Accordingly, as a technical amendment, this proposed rule would remove § 641.4(b)(2)(vi)(C).

NMFS proposes to remove from the regulatory text specification of the statistical areas used for reporting catches to designees of the Science and Research Director. Such designees have the capability of recording catch areas with the required specificity.

Accordingly, reference to the statistical areas in § 646.5(d) and depiction of the areas in Figure 2 to part 646 would be removed.

NMFS proposes to add a prohibition regarding false statements to an authorized officer concerning the taking, catching, harvesting, landing, purchase, sale, possession, or transfer of a reef fish. This addition would aid in enforcement of the regulations and conform the regulations to current standards.

Classification

This rule is not subject to review under E.O. 12866. The Council prepared an initial regulatory flexibility analysis (IRFA) as part of Amendment 6, which concludes that Amendment 6 may have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The IRFA is summarized as follows.

Virtually every permitted vessel in the snapper-grouper fishery represents a small entity, at least 20 percent of which could be affected by the amendment. The estimated potential loss of revenues to fishermen over a period of 3 years is \$1.15 million, which may equate to individual reductions in annual gross revenues exceeding 5 percent. Additional analysis and discussion are contained in the IRFA, a copy of which is available (see ADDRESSES).

This rule involves a collection-ofinformation requirement subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act which has been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under OMB Control Numbers 0648–0016. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to be 10 minutes.

The Council has determined that this rule will be implemented in a manner that is consistent to the maximum extent practicable with the approved coastal zone management programs of the south Atlantic states. This determination was submitted for review by responsible state agencies under section 307 of the Coastal Zone Management Act.

An informal consultation under the Endangered Species Act was concluded for Amendment 6 on September 27, 1993. As a result of the informal consultation, the Regional Director determined that neither the fishing activities nor the management measures under this rule are likely to adversely affect endangered or threatened species or critical habitat.

The Council prepared an environmental assessment (EA) that discusses the impacts of the amendment's measures on the human environment as a result of this rule. The EA is available (see ADDRESSES) and comments on it are invited.

List of Subjects in 50 CFR Part 646

Fisheries, Fishing, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

Dated: February 23, 1994. Samuel W. McKeen,

Acting Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 50 CFR part 646 is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 646—SNAPPER-GROUPER FISHERY OF THE SOUTH ATLANTIC

1. The authority citation for part 646 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.

2. In § 646.1, paragraph (b) is revised to read as follows:

§ 646.1 Purpose and scope.

(b) This part governs conservation and management of fish in the snapper-grouper fishery in or from the South Atlantic EEZ, except that §§ 646.5 and 646.24 also apply to such fish in or from adjoining state waters.

§ 646.2 [Amended]

3. In § 646.2, in the definition for "Fish in the snapper-grouper fishery", the listing for "Tilefish (Golden)" under the family designation "Tilefishes— Malacanthidae" is revised to read "Golden tilefish" and the family designation "Triggerfishes—Balistidae" is revised to read "Leatherjackets— Balistidae"; and in the definition for "Sea bass pot", in paragraph (3) introductory text, the parenthetical phrase "(see Figure 3)" is revised to read "(see Figure 2)".

§ 646.4 [Amended]

- 4. In § 646.4, in paragraph (b)(2)(vi)(A), the word "and" is added after the concluding semicolon; in paragraph (b)(2)(vi)(B), the semicolon and concluding word "and" are removed and a period is added in their place; and paragraph (b)(2)(vi)(C) is removed.
- 5. In § 646.5, paragraphs (a)(1), (d) introductory text, and (d)(4) are revised to read as follows:

§ 646.5 Recordkeeping and reporting.

- (a) * * * (1) The owner or operator of a vessel for which a permit for snappergrouper, excluding wreckfish, has been issued, as required by § 646.4(a)(1); and * * * *
- (d) Charter vessel and headboat inventory. A person described under paragraph (b) of this section who is not selected to report must provide the following information when interviewed by the Science and Research Director:

(4) Fishing areas;

6. In § 646.7, paragraph (kk) is revised; paragraph (mm) is redesignated as paragraph (ss); and new paragraphs (mm) through (rr) are added to read as follows:

§ 646.7 Prohibitions.

* * * * * (kk) Transfer at sea—

(1) Warsaw grouper or speckled hind, as specified in § 646.21(j)(6):

(2) Fish in the snapper-grouper fishery subject to a bag limit, as specified in § 646.23(f); or

(3) Snowy grouper or golden tilefish, as specified in § 646.25(e).

(mm) Fish for fish in the snappergrouper fishery in the Oculina Bank habitat area of particular concern (HAPC); retain such fish in or from the Oculina Bank HAPC; or fail to release immediately such fish taken in the Oculina Bank HAPC by hook-and-line gear, as specified in § 646.26(d)(2).

(nn) Possess a warsaw grouper or speckled hind in excess of the vessel trip limit, as specified in § 646.21 (j)(1) or (j)(2).

(oo) Sell, purchase, trade, or barter or attempt to sell, purchase, trade, or barter a warsaw grouper or speckled hind, as specified in § 646.21(j)(3).

(pp) Exceed a commercial trip limit for snowy grouper or golden tilefish, as specified in § 646.25 (a) or (b).

(qq) Sell, purchase, trade, or barter or attempt to sell, purchase, trade, or barter snowy grouper or golden tilefish in excess of an applicable trip limit, as specified in § 646.25(f).

(rr) Make any false statement, oral or written, to an authorized officer concerning the taking, catching, harvesting, landing, purchase, sale, possession, or transfer of a fish in the snapper-grouper fishery.

7. Section 646.20 is revised to read as follows:

§ 646.20 Fishing years.

(a) The fishing year for wreckfish begins on April 16 and ends on April

(b) The fishing year for fish in the snapper-grouper fishery other than wreckfish begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.

8. In § 646.21, a new paragraph (j) is added to read as follows:

§ 646.21 Harvest limitations.

(j) Warsaw grouper and speckled hind. (1) The possession of warsaw grouper in or from the EEZ is limited to one per vessel per trip.

(2) The possession of speckled hind in or from the EEZ is limited to one per vessel per trip.

(3) A warsaw grouper or a speckled hind in or from the EEZ may not be sold, purchased, traded, or bartered or attempted to be sold, purchased, traded, or bartered.

(4) A person who fishes in the EEZ may not combine a possession limit specified in paragraph (j)(1) or (j)(2) of this section with a bag or possession limit applicable to state waters.

(5) The operator of a vessel that fishes in the EEZ is responsible for the

possession limit applicable to that vessel.

(6) A warsaw grouper or speckled hind taken in the EEZ may not be transferred at sea, regardless of where such transfer takes place; and a warsaw grouper or speckled hind may not be transferred at sea in the EEZ, regardless of where such fish was taken.

9. In § 646.23, a new paragraph (a)(4) is added and paragraph (b)(3) is revised

to read as follows:

§ 646.23 Bag and possession limits.

(a) * * *

(4) Special limitations on possession of warsaw grouper and speckled hind apply. (See § 646.21(j).)
(b) * * *

(3) Groupers, excluding jewfish and Nassau grouper, and tilefishes, combined—5.

10. Section 646.24 is revised to read as follows:

§ 646.24 Commercial quotas.

Persons who are not subject to the bag limits are subject to the following quotas. (See § 646.23(a)(1) for applicability of the bag limits.)

(a) Wreckfish (whole weight)—2 million pounds (907,185 kg), each

fishing year.

(b) Snowy grouper (gutted weight, that is, eviscerated but otherwise whole)—

(1) 540,314 pounds (245,082 kg), in the fishing year that commences January 1, 1994.

(2) 442,448 pounds (200,691 kg), in the fishing year that commences January 1, 1995.

(3) 344,508 pounds (156,266 kg), in the fishing year that commences January 1, 1996.

(c) Golden tilefish (gutted weight, that is, eviscerated but otherwise whole)—

(1) 1,475,795 pounds (669,409 kg), in the fishing year that commences January 1, 1994.

(2) 1,238,818 pounds (561,918 kg), in the fishing year that commences January

(3) 1,001,663 pounds (454,347 kg), in the fishing year that commences January 1, 1996.

§§ 646.27 and 646.25 [Redesignated as §§ 646.28 and 646.27]

11. Section 646.27 is redesignated as § 646.28; § 646.25 is redesignated as § 646.27; and a new § 646.25 is added to read as follows:

§ 646.25 Commercial trip limits.

Persons who are not subject to the bag limits who fish in the EEZ on a trip are subject to the following vessel trip limits. (See § 646.23(a)(1) for applicability of the bag limits.)

(a) Snowy grouper (whole weight or gutted weight, that is, eviscerated but otherwise whole).

(1) Until the fishing year quota specified in § 646.24(b) is reached, 2,500

pounds (1,134 kg).

(2) After the fishing year quota specified in § 646.24(b) is reached, 300 pounds (136 kg)

(b) Golden tilefish (whole weight or gutted weight, that is, eviscerated but

otherwise whole).

(1) Until the fishing year quota specified in § 646.24(c) is reached, 5,000 pounds (2,268 kg).

(2) After the fishing year quota specified in § 646.24(c) is reached, 300

pounds (136 kg).

(c) Reduction of trip limits. When a commercial quota specified in § 646.24 (b) or (c) is reached, or is projected to be reached, the Assistant Administrator will file a notice to that effect with the Office of the Federal Register. On and after the effective date of such notice, for the remainder of the fishing year, the appropriate trip limit applies.

(d) A person who fishes in the EEZ may not combine a trip limit of this section with any trip or possession limit

applicable to state waters.

(e) A snowy grouper or golden tilefish taken in the EEZ may not be transferred at sea, regardless of where such transfer takes place; and a snowy grouper or golden tilefish may not be transferred at sea in the EEZ, regardless of where such snowy grouper or golden tilefish was taken.

(f) Snowy grouper or golden tilefish in excess of an applicable trip limit specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section may not be sold, purchased, traded, or bartered or attempted to be sold, purchased, traded, or bartered.

12. In § 646.26, a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

§ 646.26 Area limitations.

(d) Habitat area of particular concern (HAPC). (1) The Oculina Bank, which is a coral HAPC under § 638.23(c) of this chapter, is bounded on the north by 27°53' N. latitude, on the south by 27°30' N. latitude, on the east by 79°56'

W. longitude, and on the west by 80°00'

W. longitude.

(2) No fishing for fish in the snappergrouper fishery may be conducted in the Oculina Bank HAPC and such fish may not be retained in or from the Oculina Bank HAPC. Fish in the snappergrouper fishery taken incidentally in the Oculina Bank HAPC by hook-and-line gear must be released immediately by cutting the line without removing the fish from the water. It is a rebuttable presumption that fishing aboard a vessel that is anchored in the HAPC constitutes fishing for fish in the snapper-grouper fishery

(3) See § 638.23(c) of this chapter for prohibitions on fishing with bottom longlines, traps, pots, dredges, and bottom trawls in the Oculina Bank

HAPC.

13. Figure 2 to part 646 is removed and Figure 3 to part 646 is redesignated as Figure 2 to part 646.

[FR Doc. 94-4528 Filed 2-24-94; 10:50 am] BILLING CODE 3510-22-P

50 CFR Part 658

[I.D. 021494C]

Shrimp Fishery of the Gulf of Mexico; **Public Hearings**

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public hearings and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council will convene four public hearings on Draft Amendment 7 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Shrimp Fishery of the Gulf of Mexico. Amendment 7 proposes to: define overfishing for white shrimp; provide for a framework adjustment for the overfishing definitions for brown, white, and pink shrimp; revise the overfishing definition for royal red shrimp; and eliminate the total allowable level of foreign fishing to allow the domestic fleet to obtain optimum yield. Two

public hearings were previously announced in the Federal Register for Corpus Christi, Texas and Galveston, Texas.

DATES: Written comments on the proposed amendment must be received by April 22, 1994. The hearings are scheduled from 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. as follows: Tuesday, March 15, 1994, in Bon Secour, Alabama; Wednesday, March 23, 1994, in Ft. Myers, Florida; Tuesday, March 29, 1994, in Houma, Louisiana; and Wednesday, March 30, 1994, in Biloxi, Mississippi.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be addressed to Wayne E. Swingle, Executive Director, Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, 5401 West Kennedy Boulevard, suite 331, Tampa, Florida 33609 FAX: 813-225-7015. The hearings will be held at the following locations:

- 1. Bon Secour, Alabama St. Peters Episcopal Church, 6270 Bon Secour Highway, Intersection of County Roads 10 & 49, Bon Secour, Alabama
- 2. Ft. Myers, Florida-Holiday Inn Central, 2431 Cleveland Avenue, Ft. Myers, Florida
- 3. Houma, Louisiana-Holiday Inn. 210 South Hollywood Road, Houma, Louisiana
- 4. Biloxi, Mississippi-Broadwater Beach Resort, 2110 Beach Boulevard, Biloxi, Mississippi

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Terrance R. Leary, Fishery Biologist, 813-228-2815.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: These hearings are physically accessible to people with disabilities. Requests for sign language interpretation or other auxiliary aids should be directed to Julie Krebs (see ADDRESSES) 5 working days prior to the applicable meeting.

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Dated: February 24, 1994.

David S. Crestin,

Acting Director, Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 94-4615 Filed 2-28-94; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510-22-M