TORRESPONDENCE OF COMMENT

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South East Fisheries Science Center

Source–sink recruitment of red snapper: Connectivity between the Gulf of Mexico and Atlantic Ocean

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Motivation

- "Uncertainty in connectivity between the Gulf and South Atlantic and episodic recruitment might lead to incorrect conclusions on status." – SAFMC SSC 2017 review of red grouper assessment
- Similar concerns raised for other species, such as blueline tilefish and gray snapper
- Interested in examining connectivity for a suite of species, starting with red snapper
- Approach combines an individual-based larval transport model (biology) with an oceanographic circulation model



Connectivity Modeling System (CMS)

Paris et al. (2013) Data can be downloaded directly from the internet (OPeNDAP) or from local server Ocean model(s) 3D Ocean model(s) velocity data on (possibly temperature, salinity, non-Cartesian) A or B grid and/or density data getdata Convert data to Cartesian A-grid Nest file(s) Particle Main loop Integration timestep Particle Positions & Status Update location using in NetCDF or ASCII Particle release 4th order Runge-Kutta locations and times cms stepping **Connectivity Matrix Biological Module:** (source-sink) in ASCII **Applications:** particle traits, behavior, duration Parallel Modules Predict annual Different Attribute Turbulence recruitment strength Buoyancy Mortality Derive inputs for spatial Vertical Migration Seascape stock assessment idal Stream Transpo Periodic Boundary (circum-global) Understand connectivity Mass Spawning Landmask Boundary (avoid coast) across jurisdictions Backward Tracking



We can observe spawning, egg properties, and larval behavior...





...and we can observe the currents...

sea surf. height Sep 21, 2005 00Z [09.1H]





...so we can model the process of recruitment!

July 03 2003





Estimated distribution of egg production





Sensitivity runs considered





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Sensitivity runs considered





Sensitivity runs considered



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What areas of the GoM are seeding Atlantic?



What areas of the GoM are seeding Atlantic?

Model estimates larval supply to Atlantic limited to West Florida Shelf (Big Bend and south)



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Biomass hotspot off NC

- Accounts for 16% of the total egg production in the region (but northern extent of hotspot unresolved)
- Separate hi-resolution oceanographic models for dynamic area



Relatively low self-recruitment, negligible contribution south of NC



Overall estimated Gulf-Atlantic connectivity



With Florida Keys

Without Florida Keys



Contributions dependent on ratio of egg production



Gulf:Atlantic ratio	Overall
1:1	11.0 (2.8–34.8)
2:1	18.6 (5.6–51.2)
3:1	27.2 (8.1-61.3)
4:1	34.5 (10.6-68.0)
5:1	38.6 (13.0-72.4)
6:1	41.7 (15.1-76.0)
7:1	46.2 (17.3-79.8)
8:1	49.8 (19.4–81.0)
9:1	52.8 (21.1-82.6)
10:1	56.6 (22.9-84.1)





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