#### 9 May 2018 SAFMC Coral Advisory Panel Meeting Florida Coral Disease Outbreak Update Joshua D. Voss



Special thanks to:

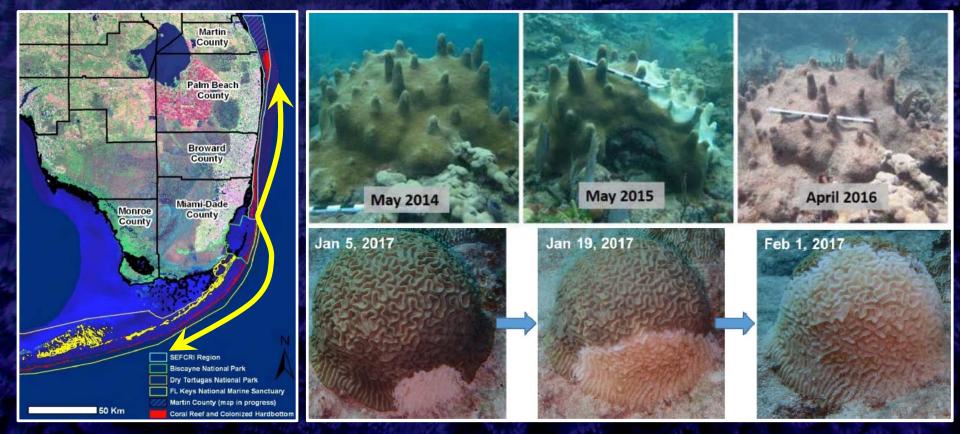
Brian Walker, Rob Ruzicka, Karen Neely, Val Paul, Greta Abey, Julie Meyer, Jan Landsberg, Cheryl Woodley, Erinn Muller, Cindy Lewis, Joanna Walczak, Karen Bohnsack, Kristi Kerrigan, Stephanie Schopmeyer, and the entire Florida Coral Disease Advisory Committee

#### HARBOR BRANCH

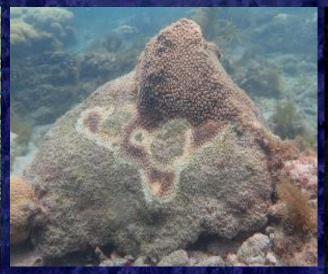
FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY.

## **New Coral Disease Emergence**

- First observed near Port of Miami in 2014
- Distinct line of necrosis and rapid coral tissue loss
- ≥15 coral species affected
- Spread to Palm Beach and Upper Keys by 2015

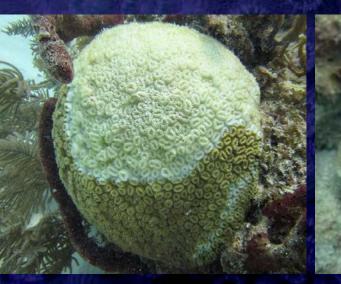


#### **Disease Presentations**



Montastraea cavernosa





Diploria labyrinthiformis



Dichocoenia stokesii

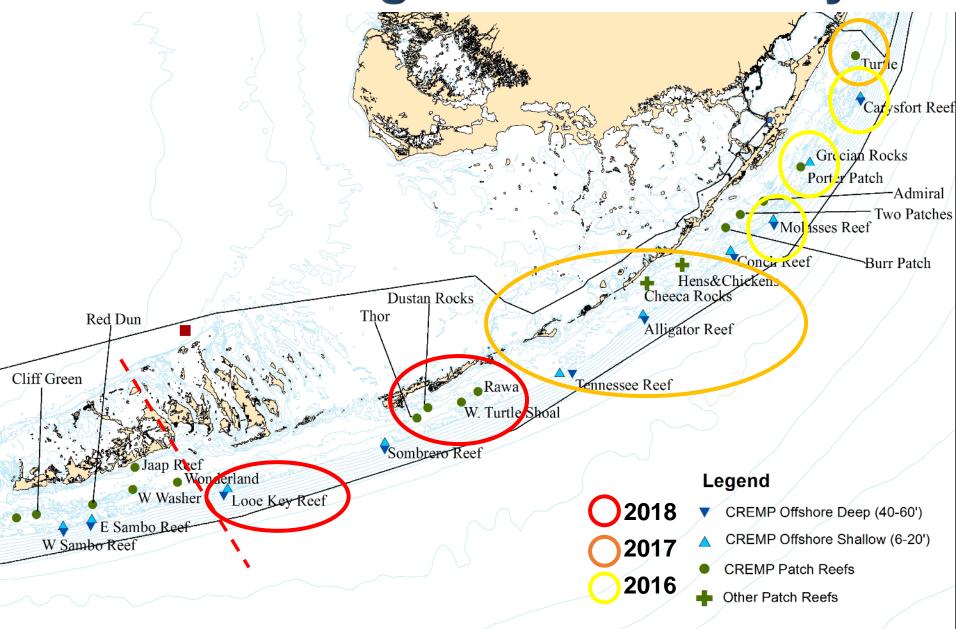
Meandrina Meandrites

Siderastrea siderea

### Extent of Disease Observations (April 2018)



# **Disease Progression in FL Keys**



**CREMP Coral Disease Prevalence 2011–2017 Upper FL Keys** 



N = 14 sites in the Upper Keys; data pooled for all sites,
Prevalence = Percentage of all colonies

Ruzicka et al.

## Disease Event Reaches St. Lucie Reef (Northern Extent of FRT)





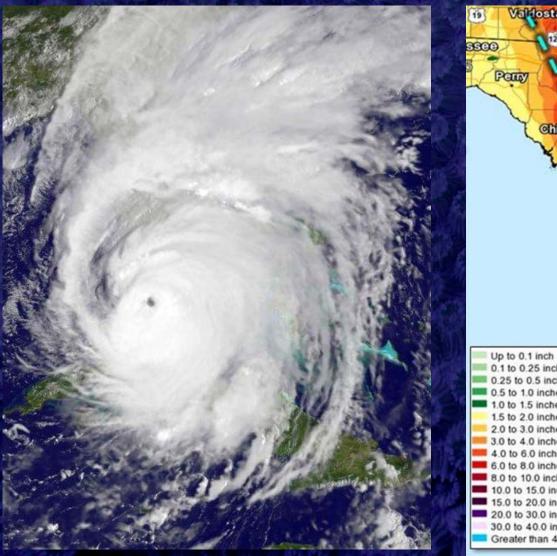


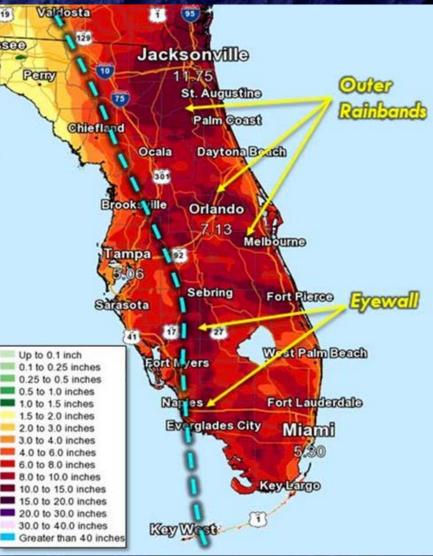
#### May 2017: First observed at SLR June 2017

- 14.3% overall prevalence
- 7 coral species affected
- P. clivosa >40% prevalence

Voss et al.

# Hurricane Irma: Sept 10-11, 2017

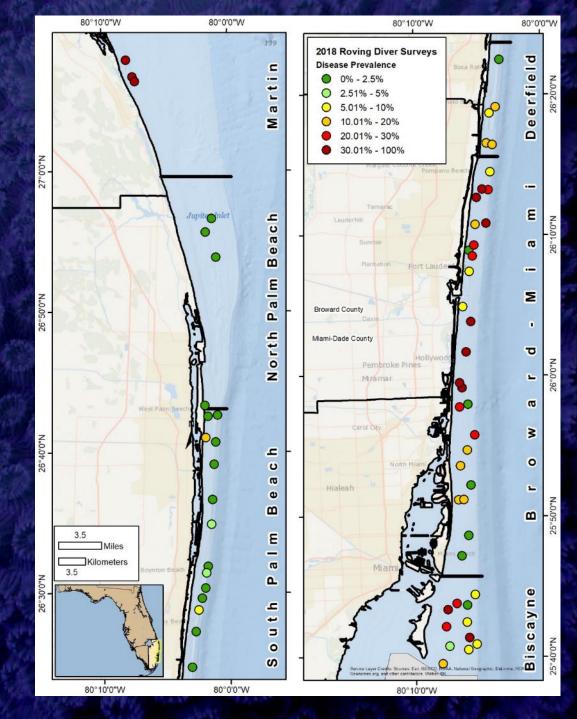




# 2017 SEFL Post-Irma Surveys

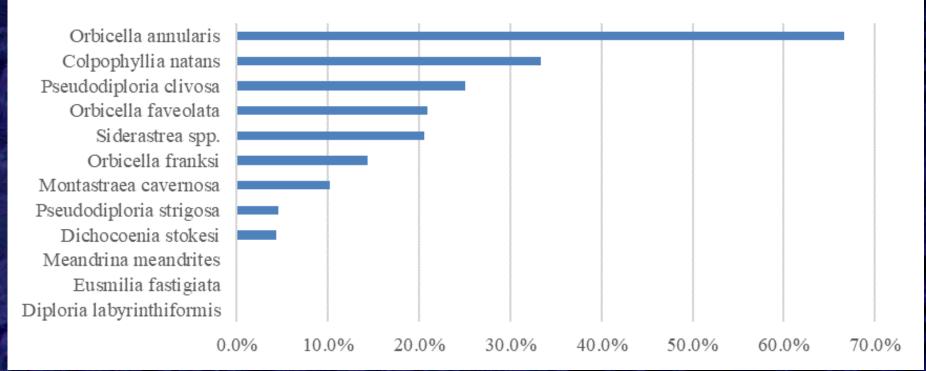
- High disease prevalence in Broward and Martin Counties
- Relatively low prevalence in Palm Beach County
- Mixed in Dade county

Walker and Voss



# **Roving Diver Surveys SE FL 2017**

#### Roving Diver Disease Prevalence - All

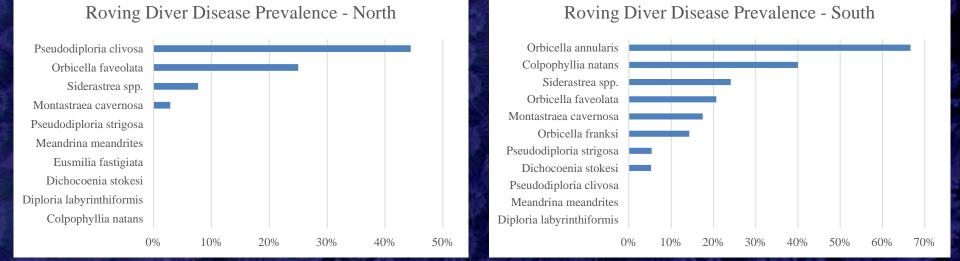


 Overall prevalence of 11.4%
 Massive species most commonly affected Walker and Voss

# **Roving Diver Surveys SE FL 2017**

Broward and Dade

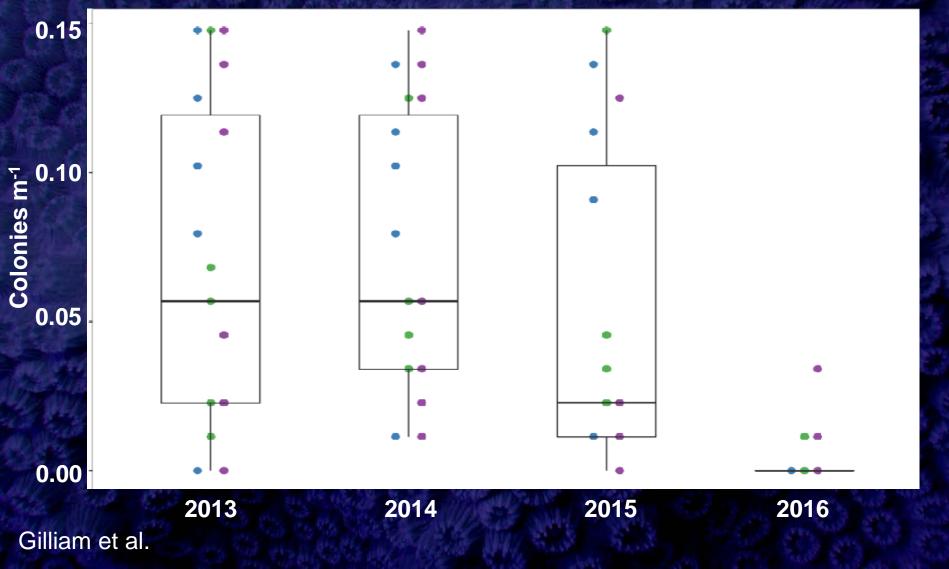
#### Martin and Palm Beach



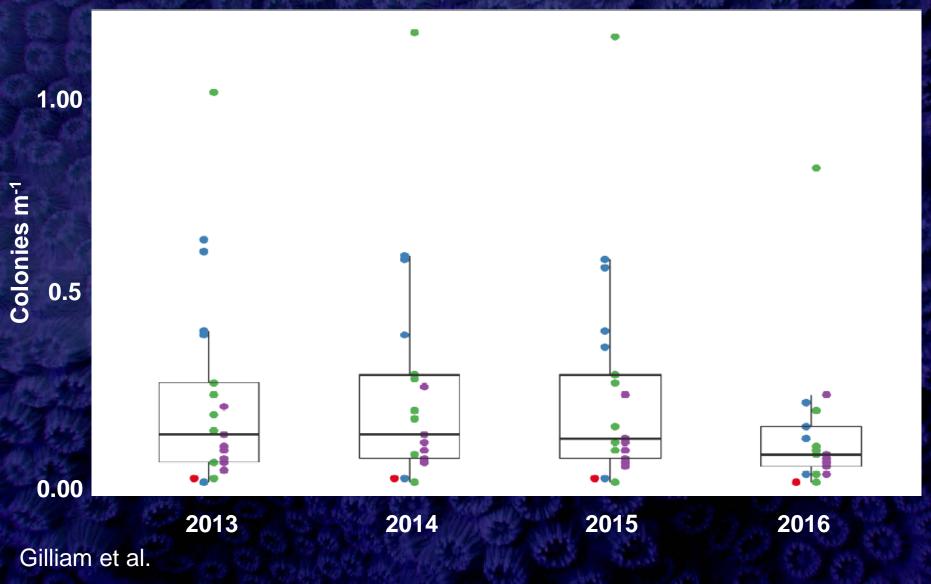
Varying patterns of species-specific prevalence in geographic regions
>60% of corals lost in some sites

Walker and Voss

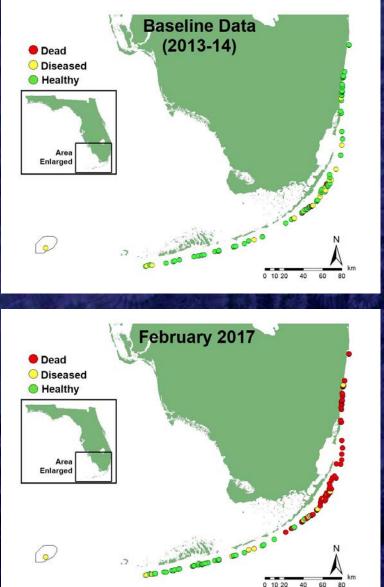
# Meandrina meandrites Impacts in Southeast FL

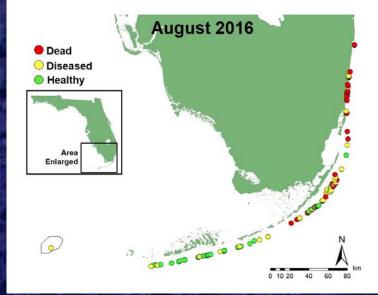


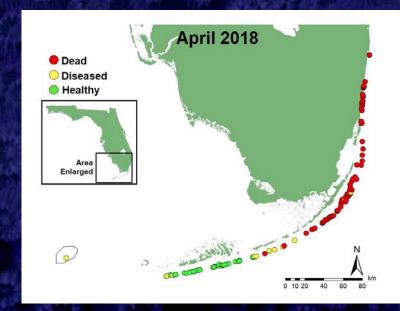
## Montastraea cavernosa Impacts in Southeast FL



# Dendrogyra cylindrus Impacts: FL Keys

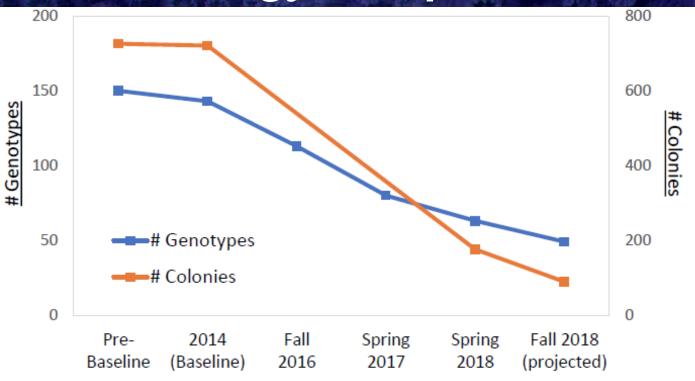






Neely et al.

### Declines in Florida's Dendrogyra Population



Estimated >95% of Dendrogyra lost from FRT

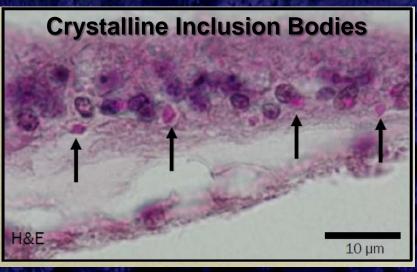
~200 fragments of 61 genotypes in culture

 Plans for sexual reproduction and restoration Neely et al.

# **Ongoing Research Efforts**

- Colony fate tracking and monitoring teams (multiple groups)
- Transmission experiments (Paul, Aeby, et al.)
- Pathogen characterization (Meyer, Paul, et al.)
- Epidemiological modeling (Muller et al.)
- Histology (Landsberg et al.)
- Gene expression and genotypic resistance (Voss)





## **Intervention Technique Development**

- Amputation, euthanization
- UV light, welding torches
- Topical treatments



Barrier: Epoxy or Modeling Clay



Antibiotic or Chlorine: in Modeling Clay or Epoxy



Chlorine: in Gelatin Strips



Antibiotic: in Dental Paste



Trenching + Antibiotic Epoxy



Amputation + Antibiotic Dental Paste

Images from Neely and Lewis

Summary for FL Disease Outbreak Four consecutive years and still expanding in scope - ~ 2/3 of the Florida Reef Tract affected ~Half of Florida's coral species affected Including large, dominant reef builders High frequency of mortality Additional contributing factors to coral disease susceptibility and losses - Hurricanes, water quality, thermal stress, etc.

 Recent surveys in Palm Beach, Broward, Key West, and Dry Tortugas indicated no disease incidence

