Socio-Economic Profile of the

Snapper Grouper Fishery in the South Atlantic Region

Snapper Grouper Advisory Panel Meeting April 2018

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Overview of Presentation

- Background
- Main Topics
- Data and Methods
- Key Findings
- Next Steps





Background on the Project

- Council and Snapper Grouper Advisory Panel requested an indepth profile of the commercial fishery as part of the Snapper Grouper Vision Blueprint
- Input from AP, Council and SEP
- Analysis conducted October 2017 January 2018
- Presentation to the Council- March 2018
- Presentation to the AP- April 2018
- Finalize document- April 2018

Project Goals

• Community/Area summaries

- 9 areas

- Detailed analysis of SG permits, permit holders and permitted vessels
- Participation
 - Details on number of trips, vessels and days at sea by year and area
 - Catch portfolios, trip types
- Snapper Grouper Landings
 - Total landings and revenue over time
 - Landings and revenue by species or complex
 - Landings and revenue by gear type

Data and Methods

- Data
 - Permit records from 1998 through 2016
 - Commercial logbook data from 1998 through 2016
 - Accumulated Landings System (ALS) data
 - SEFSC- SSRG Socioeconomic Data set Oct 2017
- Methods
 - Descriptive statistics
 - Two-mode network analysis and network metrics (permit and catch portfolios)

How many SG1 (Unlimited) and SG2 (250-lb Limited) permits are there?

Total as of January 2018: -**541** SG1 permits -**110** SG2 permits

How have the numbers of SG1/SG2 permits changed since 1998?

- 45% decrease in SG1 permits
- 67% decrease in SG2 permits

Decrease in SG1 permits \rightarrow 2-for-1 requirement and retired (not renewed) permits

Decrease in SG2 permits \rightarrow retired permits (non-transferable except to immediate family)

Where are the homeports of vessels with SG1/SG2 permits? Majority in Florida, largest concentration in the Florida Keys

- 67% SG1 permits in FL
- 80% SG2 permits in FL

How long have SG1 permit holders held the permits?

- ~60% : same permit holder for 10+ years
- ~30%: original permit holder

What other federal permits do SG1/SG2 vessels have?

- Most vessels have 3-4 federal permits
- Majority have Commercial Dolphin/Wahoo and Spanish Mackerel
 – many also have Commercial King Mackerel
- About 1/3 have at least one federal S Atlantic charter permit

How many SG1 permits are held by corporations?

The proportion of SG1 permits held by corporations has increased from 17% in 1998 \rightarrow 45% in 2016

100% 90% 80% Percentage of SG1 Permits 70% 60% % Individual 50% Corporate 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2004 2011 Year

Most permits holders are individuals (non-corporate).

Proportions of total SG1 permits that are held by individuals and corporations 1998-2016

What is the cost to obtain a SG1 permit?

- \$60,000 to \$80,000
 - \rightarrow for 1 corporate or 2 non-corporate SG1 permits
- The increase in advertised prices from about \$40,000 in 2011
- Advertised prices for SG1 annual "leases" at \$6,000 to \$8,000

How many permits have no landings of Snapper Grouper?

- Less than 5% of SG1/SG2 permits have zero SG landings 2012-2016

How many permits have Snapper Grouper landings in every year from 2012-2016?

- **45%** SG1 permits have landings every year
- **30%** SG1 permits have landings every year

Key Findings: Permitted Vessels

Florida vessels

- 20-30 ft
- Built in 1970s or 1980s
- 201-400 hp
- Fiberglass, ice for refrigeration
- North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia vessels
 - 30-40 ft
 - Built in 1980s or 1990s
 - NC has the highest number of newer vessels (2000s)
 - 201-400 hp
 - Fiberglass, ice for refrigeration

Key Findings: Participation

- 9 Areas/ 3 Seasons
- Number of vessels, trips and days at sea
- Participation has been consistent 2012 through 2016
- Participation has decreased since 2001, except for North Florida and Central Florida
- Participation in northern areas is highest in the Season 2; middle areas in Seasons 1 and 2; southern areas consistent all year
- Northern NC, Central NC and Florida areas typically have 1day trips with 1-2 crew
- Southern NC, South Carolina and Georgia have longer trips (3-5 days) with 2-3 crew

Areas: NC/SC/GA, Florida East Coast, and Florida Keys

Each season:

- Primary and secondary species were identified for each season
 - Primary species \rightarrow driving species for trips
 - Secondary species \rightarrow other species caught on trips
- Trip types
- Annual portfolios



North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia– 2016 data Season 1: January- April

Description of species caught on trips landed in North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia in Season 1 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper	Secondary Snapper	Non-Snapper Grouper
Species	Grouper Species	Species
Black sea bass	Grunts/Porgies	King mackerel
Vermilion	Blueline tilefish	Dolphin
Snowy grouper	White grunt Golden tilefish	Wahoo
Other species	Greater amberjack	Sheepshead
Gray triggerfish	Yellowedge grouper	Spanish mackerel
Jacks/Amberjacks	Silk Snapper	
	Hogfish	
	Yellowtail snapper	
	Gray snapper	
	Queen snapper	
	Misty grouper	
	Mutton snapper	

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia– 2016 data Season 2: May- August

Description of species caught on trips landed in North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia in Season 2 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper	Secondary Snapper	Non-Snapper Grouper
Species	Grouper Species	Species
Black sea bass	White grunt	Dolphin
Blueline tilefish	Red grouper	King mackerel
Other Species	Rock hind	Wahoo
Gag grouper	Silk snapper	Spanish mackerel
Red porgy	Black grouper	Sheepshead
Greater Amberjack	Yellowedge grouper	
Jacks/Amberjacks	Gray snapper	
Scamp	Mutton snapper	
Snowy grouper	Yellowtail snapper	
Grunts/Porgies	Yellowfin grouper	
Vermilion	Spadefish	
Gray triggerfish	Queen snapper	
	Yellowmouth grouper	

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia– 2016 data Season 3: September-December

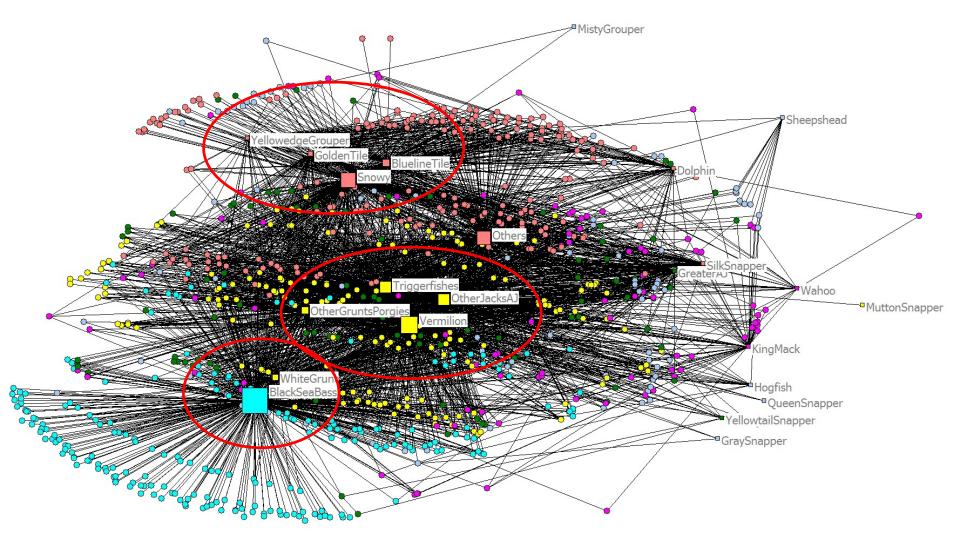
Description of species caught on trips landed in North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia in Season 3 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper Species	Secondary Snapper Grouper Species	Non-Snapper Grouper Species
Black sea bass	Scamp	King mackerel
Gag grouper	Greater amberjack	Dolphin
Gray triggerfish	Golden tilefish	Spanish mackerel
Other species	Hogfish	Wahoo
Red porgy	Rock hind	Sheepshead
White grunt	Red grouper	
Vermilion	Black grouper	
Grunts/Porgies	Silk snapper	
	Red hind	
	Jacks/Amberjacks	
	Mutton snapper	
	Yellowtail snapper	
	Gray snapper	
	Blueline tilefish	
	Snowy grouper	
	Yellowedge grouper	
	Yellowfin grouper	

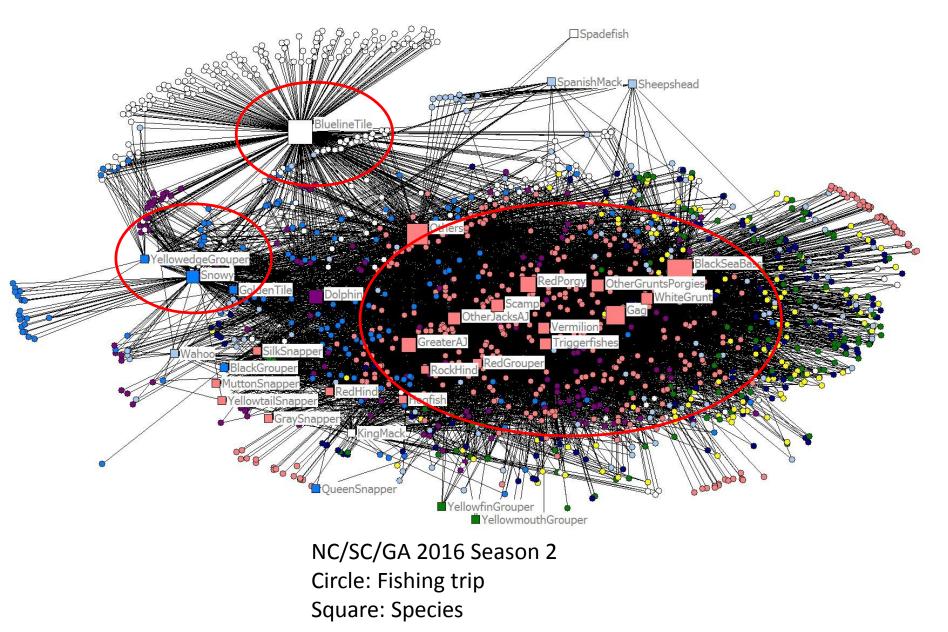
North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia Trip Types – 2016 data

Season 1 (January – April)	Season 2 (May – August)	Season 3 (September - December)
1 – Black sea bass driven	1 – Core Snapper Grouper	1 – Core Snapper Grouper
Main sp: Black sea bass	Main spp: Black sea bass, Gag,	Main spp: Gray triggerfish,
Main Gear: Electric, some H&L	Red porgy, 'Other Species',	Red porgy, 'Other species'
	Vermilion, Gray triggerfish,	Main Gear: Electric
2 – Core Snapper Grouper	Greater amberjack	
Main spp: Vermilion, Gray	Main Gear: Mostly Electric,	2 – Black sea bass and gag
Triggerfish, Jacks Complex,	some H&L	driven
Grunts		Main sp: Black sea bass
Main Gear: Electric	2 - Blueline tilefish driven	Main Gear: Electric and H&L,
	Main spp: Blueline tilefish	some
3 - Deepwater	Main Gear: Electric and longline	Тгар
Main spp: Snowy grouper,		
'Other species', Blueline	3 – Deepwater	
tilefish, Golden tilefish,	Main sp: Snowy grouper	
Yellowedge grouper	Main Gear: Electric	
Main Gear: Electric, some		
longline		

**Not all trips fit into the typology



NC/SC/GA 2016 Season 1 Circle: Fishing trip Square: Species



Key Findings: Annual Portfolios

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia– 2016 data

Common annual catch portfolios for North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia in 2016

Portfoli o	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3
A	Core SG- Vermilion	Core SG- Black sea bass/Gag/ Red porgy	Black sea bass/ Gag or Core SG- Gray triggerfish
В	Black sea bass	Core SG- Black sea bass/Gag/ Red porgy	Black sea bass/ Gag or Core SG- Gray triggerfish
C	Deepwater- Snowy grouper	Core SG- Black sea bass/Gag/ Red porgy or Deepwater- Snowy grouper	Core SG- Gray triggerfish
D	Deepwater- Snowy grouper (minimal)	Blueline tilefish	Core SG- Gray triggerfish or None

Florida East Coast– 2016 data Season 1: January- April

Description of species caught on trips landed in Florida East Coast areas in Season 1 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper	Secondary Snapper	Non-Snapper Grouper
Species	Grouper Species	Species
Other species	Vermilion	King mackerel
Jacks/Amberjacks	Mutton snapper	Dolphin
Golden tilefish	Greater amberjack	Spanish mackerel
Yellowtail snapper	Grunts/Porgies	Wahoo
Snowy grouper	Gray snapper	Sheepshead
	Gray triggerfish	
	Blueline tilefish	
	Black sea bass	
	Hogfish	
	Yellowedge grouper	
	Silk snapper	
	Lane snapper	
	Queen snapper	
	White grunt	
	Spadefish	

Florida East Coast– 2016 data Season 2: May- August

Description of species caught on trips landed in Florida East Coast areas in Season 2 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper Species	Secondary Snapper Grouper Species	Non-Snapper Grouper Species
Grunts/Porgies	Black sea bass	King mackerel
Golden tilefish	Spadefish	Spanish mackerel
Mutton snapper	Lane snapper	Sheepshead
Greater amberjack	Red grouper	Dolphin
Gag grouper	Red porgy	Other species
White grunt	Gray snapper	Wahoo
Blueline tilefish	Snowy grouper	
	Scamp	
	Vermilion	
	Black grouper	
	Gray triggerfish	
	Rock hind	
	Hogfish	
	Red hind	
	Queen snapper	
	Silk snapper	
	Jacks/Amberjacks	

Florida East Coast– 2016 data Season 3: September-December

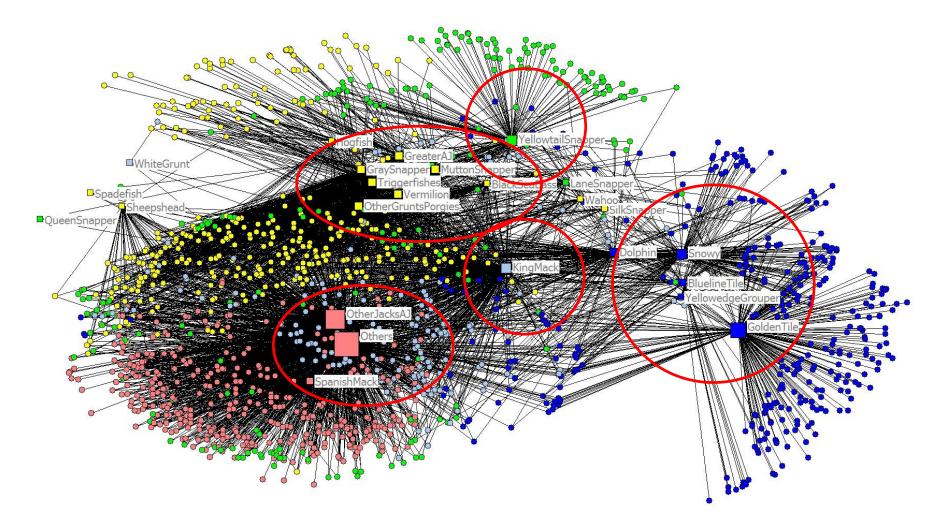
Description of species caught on trips landed in Florida East Coast areas in Season 3 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper Species	Secondary Snapper Grouper Species	Non-Snapper Grouper Species
Other species Jacks complex Yellowtail snapper Golden tilefish Greater amberjack Vermilion	Gray snapper Gray triggerfish Mutton snapper Grunts/Porgies Red porgy Gag grouper Hogfish Black sea bass Black sea bass Black grouper Silk snapper Scamp Red grouper Lane snapper Yellowedge grouper Rock hind Blueline Tilefish Red hind White grunt Spadefish Snowy grouper Queen snapper	Spanish mackerel King mackerel Dolphin Wahoo Sheepshead

Florida East Coast Trip Types – 2016 data

Season 1 (January – April)	Season 2 (May – August)	Season 3 (September - December)
1 – Core Snapper Grouper	1 – Greater amberjack driven	1 – Core Snapper Grouper
Main spp: Vermilion, Gray triggerfish,	Main spp: Greater amberjack, Jacks	Main spp: Shallow water species,
Mutton snapper, Gray snapper,	complex, core snapper grouper	Vermilion, Gray triggerfish, Scamp
Greater amberjack, Hogfish	Main Gear: Electric or Hook and line	Main Gear: Electric or Hook and line
Main Gear: Electric or Hook and line		
	2 - Yellowtail snapper driven	2 - Yellowtail snapper driven
2 - Yellowtail snapper driven	Main sp: Yellowtail snapper	Main sp: Yellowtail snapper
Main spp: Yellowtail snapper	Main Gear: Hook and line	Main Gear: Hook and line
Main Gear: Hook and line		
	3 – Mutton snapper driven	3 - Golden tilefish driven
3 - Golden tilefish driven	Main sp: Mutton snapper	Main sp: Golden tilefish
Main sp: Golden tilefish	Main Gear: Hook and line or	Main Gear: Electric and some H&L
Main Gear: Longline, some Electric	trolling	
and Hook and line		4 – Non-Snapper grouper driven
	4 – Non-Snapper grouper driven	Main sp: Other species, Spanish
4 - Jacks	Main sp: Other species, king	mackerel
Main spp: Other species, Jacks	mackerel	Main Gear: Hook and line or
complex	Main Gear: Hook and line or	trolling
Main Gear: Hook and line	trolling	
5 – King Mackerel driven		
Main spp: King mackerel		
Main Gear: Hook and line or Trolling		

**Not all trips fit into the typology



Florida East Coast 2016 Season 1 Circle: Fishing trip Square: Species

Key Findings: Annual Portfolios

Florida East Coast – 2016 data

Too many species and trip diversity!

Florida Keys– 2016 data Season 1: January- April

Description of species caught on trips landed in the Florida Keys in Season 1 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper Species	Secondary Snapper Grouper Species	Non-Snapper Grouper Species
Yellowtail snapper	Blueline tilefish	King mackerel
Other species	Hogfish	Dolphin
Greater amberjack	Golden tilefish	Wahoo
Snowy grouper	Grunts/Porgies	
Gray snapper	Vermilion	
Mutton snapper	Yellowedge grouper	
	Jacks/Amberjacks	
	Gray triggerfish	
	Lane snapper	
	Silk snapper	
	White grunt	
	Queen snapper	

Florida Keys– 2016 data Season 2: May- July

Description of species caught on trips landed in the Florida Keys in Season 2 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper Species	Secondary Snapper Grouper Species	Non-Snapper Grouper Species
	SpeciesRed grouperBlueline tilefishHogfishJacks/AmberjacksGrunts/PorgiesYellowedge grouperGray triggerfishGolden tilefishVermilionGag grouperScampSilk snapperRed hindLane snapper	Non-Snapper Grouper Species Dolphin King mackerel Spanish mackerel Wahoo
	Rock hind White grunt Spadefish Yellowmouth grouper Yellowfin grouper Red porgy	

Florida Keys– 2016 data Season 3: August- December

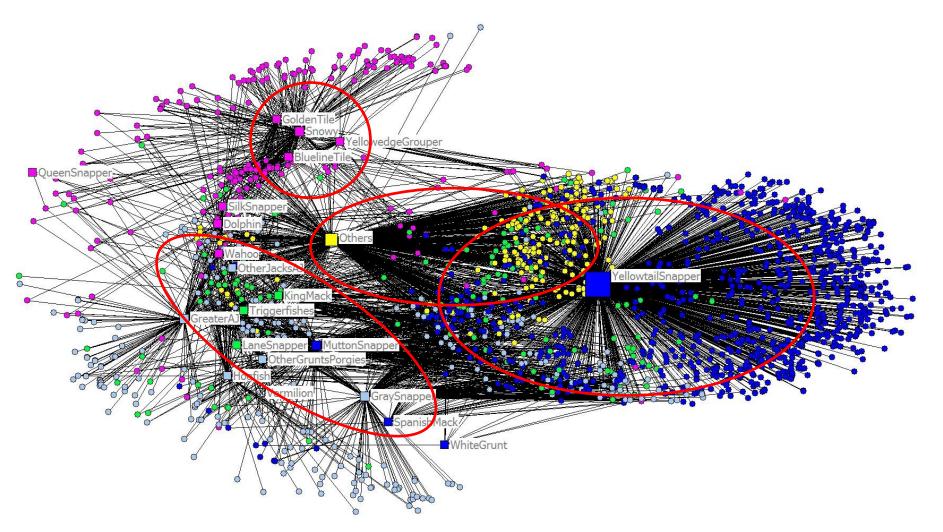
Description of species caught on trips landed in the Florida Keys in Season 3 of 2016

Primary Snapper Grouper Species	Secondary Snapper Grouper Species	Non-Snapper Grouper Species
Yellowtail snapper	Hogfish	King mackerel
Other species	Greater amberjack	Dolphin
Mutton snapper	Red grouper	Spanish mackerel
Gray snapper	Grunts/Porgies	Wahoo
Black grouper	Golden tilefish	
	Yellowedge grouper	
	Vermilion	
	Blueline tilefish	
	Gray triggerfish	
	Red hind	
	Gag grouper	
	Lane snapper	
	Red porgy	
	White grunt	
	Silk snapper	
	Scamp	
	Jacks/Amberjacks	
	Rock hind	
	Queen snapper	

Key Findings: Catch Portfolios Florida Keys Trip Types – 2016 data

Season 1 (January – April)	Season 2 (May – July)	Season 3 (August - December)
1 - Yellowtail snapper driven	1 - Yellowtail snapper driven	1 - Yellowtail snapper driven
Main sp: Yellowtail snapper, Other	Main sp: Yellowtail snapper	Main sp: Yellowtail snapper
species	Main Gear: Hook and line	Main Gear: Hook and line
Main Gear: Hook and line		
	2 – Greater amberjack driven	2 – Core Snapper Grouper
2 - Deepwater	Main sp: Greater amberjack	Main spp: Shallow water species,
Main spp: Snowy grouper, Blueline	Main Gear: Hook and line	Hogfish, Mutton snapper, Gray
tilefish, Golden tilefish, Yellowedge		Triggerfish, Other species
grouper	3 – Gray snapper driven	Main Gear: Hook and line or Other
Main Gear: Electric	Main sp: Gray snapper	
	Main Gear: Hook and line or	3 – Deepwater
3 - Non-snapper grouper driven	Trolling	Main spp: Blueline tilefish, Golden
Main spp: Other species, Yellowtail		tilefish, Yellowedge grouper
snapper	4 – Core Snapper Grouper	Main Gear: Electric
Main Gear: Hook and line	Main spp: Mutton snapper, Shallow-	
	water groupers	
4 – Core Snapper Grouper	Main Gear: Hook and line	
Main spp: Mutton snapper, Gray		
snapper, Gray triggerfish, Greater	5 - Deepwater	
amberjack	Main spp: Snowy grouper, Blueline	
Main Gear: Hook and line	tilefish, Golden tilefish, Yellowedge grouper	
	Main Gear: Electric	
**Not all tring fit into the typelog		

Not all trips fit into the typology*Different seasons for Florida Keys



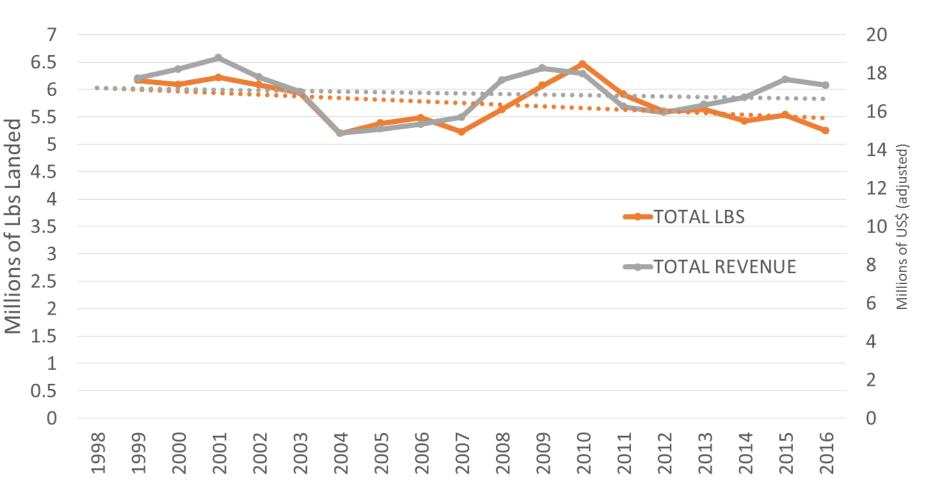
Florida Keys 2016 Season 1 Circle: Fishing trip Square: Species

Key Findings: Annual Portfolios

Common annual catch portfolios for Florida Keys in 2016

Portfolio	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3
A	Yellowtail Snapper	Yellowtail Snapper	Yellowtail Snapper
B	Greater Amberjack	Greater Amberjack or Core SG - Mutton snapper, Shallow-water groupers	Core SG - Shallow-water species, Hogfish, Mutton snapper, Gray Triggerfish, Other species
C	Deepwater	Deepwater - Snowy grouper	Core SG- Shallow-water species, Hogfish, Mutton snapper, Gray Triggerfish, Other species or None

Key Findings: Landings and Revenue



Total commercial landings of snapper grouper species and total revenue (adjusted for inflation) for the South Atlantic region from 1998 through 2016

Next steps

- Presentation to Council and AP
- Review and revisions
- Additional analysis and data collection possible



Chef Jon Buck with a golden tilefish Photo credit: Hannah Miller



Offloading, Charleston SC Photo credit: Amber Von Harten