

Content and Status of Active Amendments

March 21, 2019

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Snapper Grouper

Recently implemented or submitted:

Vision Blueprint Commercial Regulatory Amendment 27 - Council lead: Myra

In June 2016, the Council directed staff to begin development of an amendment to address items identified in the Vision Blueprint addressing commercial management measures. In September 2016 the Council directed staff to prepare a scoping document and scoping meetings were held in late January/early February 2017. The Council reviewed public comments and gave direction to staff at their March 2017 and June 2017 meetings. Actions include commercial split seasons and/or trip limit adjustments for several species/complexes; re-evaluation of the shallow water grouper closure for red grouper off the Carolinas, and gear restrictions/modifications. The Council revised alternatives at their September 2017 meeting and approved the same timeline for development as that for the recreational amendment (see above). The Council reviewed analyses and approved the amendment for public hearings at their March 2018 meeting. Public hearings were held via webinar in May 2018. In June, the Council received public input, finished selecting preferred alternatives, and directed staff to prepare the amendment to approve for formal review at the September 2018 meeting. The Council approved the amendment for June 2018 meeting and the amendment was submitted to NMFS on 1/24/19

Under development:

Snapper Grouper Amendment 38 (blueline tilefish) - Council lead: Roger

At the March 2015 meeting, the Council approved a request for emergency actions to extend regulations in Snapper Grouper Amendment 32, once the amendment was approved, to the area that the SSC considers is represented by the stock assessment (SEDAR 32). At the SSC's April 2015 meeting, the SSC determined that SEDAR 32 applied to the entire eastern seaboard and was the best scientific

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information available. In September 2015, the Snapper Grouper Committee reviewed an Options Paper for a possible amendment, Amendment 38, to extend the snapper grouper fishery management unit north of the NC/VA border and adjust fishing levels for blueline tilefish to account for landings in the area north of the Council's jurisdiction. The Council had considered extending the FMU previously (during development of Amendment 18) but did not take action at the time. In September 2015 the Council opted to not move forward with development of Amendment 38 pending the completion of studies on the stock structure of blueline tilefish and to allow time for the MAFMC to develop a management strategy for blueline tilefish in their jurisdiction. Instead, actions to adjust fishing levels for blueline tilefish (based on the SSC's recommendations) and revise management measures were moved to Regulatory Amendment 25. SEDAR 50 was conducted in 2017 as a joint assessment between the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SEDAR Lead) with the Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council addressing the stock assessment(s) for Atlantic blueline tilefish. The SSC reviewed results of SEDAR 50 at their October 2017 meeting and provided catch level recommendations for blueline tilefish for the area south of Cape Hatteras, NC. SEFSC staff presented the Committee on the assessment results at the December 2017 meeting. As ABC recommendations that match the jurisdictional boundaries of the Mid- and South Atlantic Councils (boundary at the NC/VA state line) were needed to develop fishing levels and management measures, the SSC formed a workgroup whose task was to determine a suitable approach to obtaining an ABC that would be useable under the existing management structure. The MAFMC SSC reviewed results of the workgroup at their March 2018 meeting and the SAFMC SSC reviewed the results during their May 2018 meeting and provide guidance to the Council. In June 2018, the Committee reviewed SSC recommendations on setting an ABC for blueline tilefish and development of this amendment was delayed by other priorities. SAFMC SSC Webinar will be conducted January 25, 2019 to discuss species assessment revisions using the calibrated MRIP landings data (SEDAR 50 Blueline Tilefish) and determine if they can be used to generate new ABC recommendations. The SSC will meet in April 2019 with actions on Blueline Tilefish ranging from reviewing new projections to the assessment to providing guidance in work to be conducted to develop a new ABC. If SSC reviews new projections and provides guidance Amendment work to begin June 2019. Otherwise development to start after new ABC is developed.

Vision Blueprint Recreational Regulatory Amendment 26 Council lead: Myra

In June 2016, the Council directed staff to begin development of an amendment to address items identified in the Vision Blueprint addressing recreational management measures. In September 2016 the Council reviewed an options paper and directed staff to prepare a scoping document. Scoping meetings were held in late January/early February 2017 and the Council reviewed public comments and gave direction to staff at their March 2017 meeting. In June 2017, the Council provided further guidance but did not approve the amendment for public hearings. Actions in the amendment include modification to the composition and limits of the recreational aggregates, measures to reduce discards, establishment or modification of recreational seasons, and gear restrictions/modifications. During the September 2017 meeting, the Council approved an alternative approach for structuring the amendment that would better reflect the Council's Vision and how the fishery currently operates. Because of this change, the Council also approved a revised timeline for amendment development with formal approval expected in September 2018. The Council reviewed analyses and approved the amendment for public hearings at their March 2018 meeting. Public hearings were held via webinar in May 2018. In June, the Council received public input and decided to narrow the focus of the amendment and removed several actions/sub-actions. In October 2018 the Council requested additional analyses for the action addressing a recreational season for deep-water species. The Council reviewed the analyses in December 2018 and selected No Action on the first three actions pertaining to a deep-water aggregate. The Council approved the amendment for formal review in December 2018. SAFMC AMENDMENTS March 2019 **OVERVIEW**

Snapper Grouper Amendment 46 (recreational permit and reporting) Council lead: Chip Collier

In June 2017, the Council instructed staff to move actions formerly in Amendment 43, except an action to specify a red snapper ACL in 2018, to Amendment 46. The amendment would specify OFL/ABC/ACL for red snapper, address recreational permitting and reporting for private recreational fishermen, best fishing practices (also include an option to remove circle hook requirements for snapper grouper fishing), and removing powerhead restrictions in special management zones off South Carolina (action formerly included in the Visioning amendments). OFL/ABC/ACL for red snapper based on SEDAR 41 (2017) have not been adopted through the amendment process; however, the SEFSC could not provide new projections due to the time since the last amendment, uncertainty in recreational landings and discards, and upcoming changes to recreational landings estimates. During their meeting in October 2017, the SSC formed a workgroup whose task is to determine an approach to obtain an ABC for red snapper. In December 2017 the Council directed staff to remove actions pertaining to red snapper from the amendment and focus on recreational reporting and best fishing practices. In March 2018, the Council directed staff to retain actions on recreational permitting and reporting in Amendment 46 and develop the remainder of the actions (best fishing practices and powerhead regulations) in a framework amendment (Regulatory Amendment 29). The Council approved the amendment for scoping and it is on the agenda for the September 2019 meeting.

Regulatory Amendment 29 (Best Fishing Practices and Powerhead Regulations) Council Lead: Christina

At their March 2018 meeting, the Council removed actions pertaining to best fishing practices and powerhead regulations from Amendment 46 and requested that staff begin development of a framework amendment. The Council was concerned that other actions in Amendment 46 (recreational permitting and reporting) would take significant time to be developed and did not want to delay action on other issues. The Council reviewed an options paper at their June 2018 meeting and approved the amendment for scoping with actions addressing venting and descending devices, circle hooks, allowable rigs, and powerheads. Scoping hearings were held on August 7th and 8th 2018. The Council reviewed scoping comments at their September 2018 meeting. Actions and alternatives addressing venting and descending devices, circle hooks, and powerheads were approved for analysis. The action pertaining to allowable rigs was removed. The Council reviewed a draft public hearing document at their March 2019 meeting. Preferred alternatives were selected that would require a descending device be on board vessels fishing for or possessing snapper grouper species, require vessels fishing for or possessing snapper grouper species to use non-offset circles, and would allow the use of powerheads to harvest snapper grouper species in federal waters off South Carolina. The Council also requested input from the Snapper Grouper Advisory Panel and the Law Enforcement Advisory Panel on the definition of descending devices used in the document. The Council also request that staff work with NMFS to put together a research and monitoring plan for descending device usage and work with the SSC to determine how best fishing practices requirements may be considered in future stock assessments. Lastly, the Council approved Regulatory Amendment 29 for public hearings which will occur via webinar prior to the June 2019 meeting. At the June 2019 meeting the Council will review public comments and input from the APs and consider modifications to the document, if necessary.

Regulatory Amendment 30 (Red Grouper Rebuilding) Council Lead: John Hadley The recent red grouper assessment (SEDAR 53) indicated that the stock is undergoing overfishing and is not making adequate progress towards rebuilding, which is supposed to take place by 2020 under SAFMC AMENDMENTS March 2019

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the current rebuilding plan. The Council was formally notified of the red grouper stock status via a letter from NMFS dated September 17, 2017. The Council has moved to end overfishing through the revised ABC and ACL for red grouper that will be implemented via Abbreviated Framework Amendment 1 but has not yet revised the red grouper rebuilding plan. Hence, the Council will need to begin development of an amendment to revise the current rebuilding plan before the next red grouper assessment is completed (currently scheduled as a standard assessment in 2021) in order to meet the statutory deadline of September 17, 2019. At their March 2018 meeting, the Council directed staff to begin work on a framework amendment to revise the red grouper rebuilding schedule. The Council discussed options at their June 2018 meeting and directed staff to consolidate actions addressing red grouper into Regulatory Amendment 30. Hence, actions to modify the seasonal closure of red grouper in the EEZ off the Carolinas were moved over from the Visioning Amendments (Regulatory Amendments 26 & 27). In addition, the Council added an action to consider a trip limit for red grouper. Public hearings for this amendment were held during the September 2018 meeting. At this meeting, the Council approved the purpose and need statements, selected or reconfirmed preferred alternatives, added a sub-alternative to extend the spawning season closure for red grouper off of the Carolinas through June, and voted to progress the amendment for final approval at the December 2018 meeting. Due to delays in the availability of 2017 commercial landings data, analyses were not completed in time for the December 2018 meeting. Further, the SSC was scheduled to provide additional guidance on red grouper fishing levels based on the updated assessment that incorporates revised recreational landings estimates (MRIP revisions). The SSC met via webinar and identified potentially problematic aspects of the revised MRIP data that went into the new stock assessments. This webinar did not occur in time for the March 2019 meeting and thus the amendment could not be prepared for formal review. The amendment is now scheduled for final review in June 2019 and is expected to use the projections from SEDAR 53 to revise the rebuilding schedule for red grouper.

Amendment 42 (Sea Turtle Release Gear and Revisions to Snapper Grouper Framework) Council Lead: Christina

The NMFS Release Protocols for protected species were originally published in 2004. Revised editions were released in 2008 and 2010, and a new update is ready for publication. In the pending update, the SEFSC approved three additional turtle release gear types for use in handling and releasing incidentally caught sea turtles when fishing for reef fish. The new gear requires less space on vessels while still providing the necessary functionality; however, fishermen who participate in the snapper grouper fishery cannot use the approved gear until it is listed as acceptable gear in a fishery management plan and made a requirement in the regulations. Amendment 42 would include the new gear in the regulations for the snapper grouper fishery and consider modifications to the snapper grouper framework so the Council may more quickly modify sea turtle and other protected resources release gear and handling requirements in the future. The Council approved the amendment for scoping at their March 2018 meeting. Scoping webinars were held on April 23rd and 24th, 2018. At their June 2018 meeting the Council reviewed scoping comments and approved actions and alternatives to be analyzed. A public hearing draft of Amendment 42 was reviewed at the December 2018 Council meeting. The amendment document was reformatted to expedite review once approved. Public hearings occurred as part of the March 2019 meeting and the Council chose to approve Amendment 42 for formal Secretarial review.

Amendment 45 (ABC Control Rule Revisions for Snapper Grouper) Council Lead: John C.

See Generic Amendments below

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Wreckfish ITQ Review Council Lead: Brian

In June of 2017, the Council directed staff to begin a subsequent formal review of the Wreckfish ITQ program in accordance with NMFS guidelines. The review itself will not contain actions and alternatives. It could recommend actions and alternatives for the Council to consider in a future Snapper Grouper amendment to the FMP.

A meeting of shareholders was held in August of 2017 to get their input on how the program was working and problems they had encountered. Council and NMFS staff presented information on the development of the review at the September 2017 and March 2018 Council meetings. The SSC and Snapper Grouper AP reviewed the ongoing development in the fall of 2017. The SSC referred review of the document to the Socioeconomic Panel (SEP) of the SSC for further review in February 2018.

The review includes data from the 2009/2010 through 2016/2017 fishing years. The most significant issues identified were putting the data together in a meaningful way and securing waivers from current and past fishery participants. In January 2018, at least one fishery participant and one dealer declined signing the waiver that would release access to confidential landings. Therefore, analyses will only be in the aggregate for each year. In March 2018, the Council directed staff to have the SG and LE APs along with the SSC review the document. The SSC will review the SEP recommendations. Another meeting of Wreckfish shareholders is planned for July 9, 2018 in Daytona Beach, FL.

The Council will next consider the review at their June 2019 meeting and consider the input of the APs, the SSC, and shareholders, prior to giving final approval to the review in September 2019.

Abbreviated Framework 2 (Vermilion Snapper and Black Sea Bass)

During the December 2017 meeting, the Council discussed options for addressing the stock status for vermilion snapper and black sea bass. The SSC had convened in October of 2017 and reviewed the vermilion snapper (SEDAR 55) and black sea bass (SEDAR 56) projections. Additionally, the SSC recommended an ABC for each of the two species. In June 2018, the Council directed staff to develop an abbreviated framework amendment to adjust the ACLs based on the ABC recommendations from the SSC. The Council received public comment and voted to send in Abbreviated Framework for Secretarial review at their October 2018 meeting. The amendment was submitted to NMFS on November 19, 2018. Proposed rule was published on 2/19/2019 and comments were due by 3/6/2019.

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Dolphin Wahoo

Under development:

Dolphin Wahoo Amendment 10 (allocations for dolphin) Council lead: John Hadley In March 2016, the Council directed staff to begin development of a joint dolphin wahoo and snapper grouper amendment to examine different ways to allocate or share quota between the commercial and recreational sectors for dolphin and yellowtail snapper. In June 2016, the Council approved the amendment for scoping hearings, which were held in August 2016. Options included a common pool allocation, a reserve category, temporary or permanent shifts in allocation, combined annual catch limits, and creating gear allocations in the commercial dolphin fishery. In December 2016, the Council considered approving the amendment, which was being developed jointly with Snapper Grouper Amendment 44 (see Snapper Grouper section above), for public hearings in early 2017. Instead, the Council directed staff to continue to develop Dolphin Wahoo Amendment 10 but separately from SG Am 44 and include an action to revise the ABC Control Rule to include a carry-over provision SAFMC AMENDMENTS March 2019 A2_SEP_Recent_and_Developing_Amendments from one fishing year to the next. The Council also directed staff to develop actions that would eliminate the operator card requirement in the Dolphin Wahoo FMP, revised optimum yield, and allow properly permitted vessels with gear onboard that are not authorized for use in the dolphin wahoo fishery to possess dolphin or wahoo. Consequently, the DW FMP actions were not approved for public hearings. In March 2017, the Council decided to stop work on the amendment until the revised MRIP data are available. At the December 2018 meeting, the Council directed staff to start work again on the amendment with the inclusion of additional items to allow bag limit sales of dolphin for dually permitted for-hire and commercial permit holders, modify gear, bait, and training requirements in the commercial

for-hire and commercial permit holders, modify gear, bait, and training requirements in the commercial longline fishery for dolphin and wahoo to align with HMS requirements, reduce the recreational vessel limit for dolphin, revised the ACLs to accommodate new MRIP data, and revise sector allocations. The Council will next consider Amendment 10 at the June 2019 meeting.

Dolphin Wahoo Amendment 11 (ABC Control Rule Revisions for Dolphin Wahoo) Council Lead: John Carmichael See Generic Amendments below

Dolphin Wahoo Regulatory Amendment 2 (Recreational Accountability Measures) Council Lead: Brian See Generic Amendments below

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Golden Crab

Coral 10/ Golden Crab 10/ Shrimp 11 (Access Areas, Transit Provision, Golden Crab VMS) Council Lead: Chip

In March 2018, the Council directed staff to begin development of a joint amendment for coral, golden crab, and shrimp to look at access areas in the golden crab northern zone, eastern edge of the Oculina Bank Extension established in Coral Amendment 8, shrimp trawl gear stowage requirements when transiting closed areas, and VMS for golden crab vessels. The Council approved the amendment for scoping. The Council requested this be an agenda item for the September 2019 meeting

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Coral

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Mackerel Cobia

Recently implemented or submitted: SAFMC AMENDMENTS OVERVIEW

Amendment 31 (Atlantic cobia management) Council lead: Christina

In June 2017, ASMFC requested that the Councils consider transferring management of Atlantic cobia to the ASMFC, which would require that Atlantic cobia be removed from the federal fishery management plan. In June 2017, the South Atlantic Council discussed the request and directed staff to start work on an amendment with an option for complementary management of Atlantic cobia, and an option to remove Atlantic cobia from the federal FMP. A scoping webinar was held on August 15, 2017. The South Atlantic Council reviewed public input and approved the actions and alternatives to be analyzed in September 2017. At their December 2018 meeting, the Council reviewed a draft document and selected Alternative 2 (Remove Atlantic cobia from the CMP FMP) as their preferred. Public hearings were held January 22, 23, and 24, 2018 with listening stations available in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia. Majority of comments received supported removing Atlantic cobia from federal management as soon as possible. At the March 2018 Council meeting, the Committee discussed enforcement of Atlantic cobia in federal waters under Preferred Alternative 2, and the timing for Amendment 31 relative to the upcoming Stock ID Workshop for Atlantic cobia and the amount of time the State of South Carolina may need to get regulations approved in state waters given that have to go through the S.C. Legislature. The Council chose to wait until the June 2018 meeting to take final action requesting that staff revise the draft amendment to address NOAA GC concerns and send a letter to ASMFC requesting information on how they intend to handle regulations in federal waters under the preferred alternative. At the June 2018 meeting, the Council received an update on the SEDAR 58 Stock ID Workshop and Review as well as ASMFC actions relative to future management of Atlantic cobia in federal waters under the Atlantic Coastal Act. After reviewing the revised document, the Council approved Amendment 31 for formal review. The Gulf Council reviewed Amendment 31 at their June 2018 meeting and approved the amendment formal review. Amendment 31 was transmitted for formal review on July 13, 2018. The proposed rule published on November 9, 2018. The final rule published on February 19, 2019 with an effective date of March 21, 2019.

Framework Amendment 6 (King mackerel trip limits, Season 1). Council lead: Christina

The new regulations for king mackerel established in CMP Amendment 26 became effective on May 11, 2017, including updated commercial trip limits for the Atlantic Southern zone. Stakeholders and the AP/Sub-Panel have recommended that the Council consider revising the trip limits to allow for a higher trip limit north of the Volusia/Brevard county line, which would mirror trip limits prior to Amendment 26. In September 2017, the Council reviewed a document with options for alternatives to be included in a framework amendment addressing Atlantic king mackerel commercial trip limits. In December 2018, the Council approved the amendment for scoping at their March 2018 meeting. The Council reviewed public input during the March 2018 meeting and directed staff to bring a draft of Framework Amendment 6 to the June 2018 meeting. The Council also selected Alternative 3 (Season 1: 75-fish in March, 3,500 lb. from April – September for Volusia County) as their preferred. At the June 2018 meeting, the Council approved Framework Amendment 6 for public hearings at the September 2018 Council meeting. After reviewing the document and public comments at their September 2018 meeting, the Council approved Framework Amendment 6 for formal review. Framework Amendment 6 was transmitted for formal review on November 9, 2018.

Postponed:

Joint Amendment 24 (Atlantic Spanish mackerel allocations) Council Lead: Christina

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Amendment 24 considered ways to increase opportunity for the total annual catch limit (ACL) to be reached for Atlantic Spanish mackerel and Gulf king mackerel. The Spanish mackerel commercial sector was exceeding the commercial ACL while the recreational sector was landing increasingly lower proportions of the recreational ACL. South Atlantic scoping meetings were held in January 2014. The Gulf Council reviewed the scoping comments and options in February 2014 and decided to postpone further work on the amendment until after SEDAR 38 was finalized. In June 2014, staff presented an options paper on permanent re-allocation, an in-season, ACL shift, pre-season ACL shift, and a common pool allocation for Atlantic Spanish mackerel. In December 2014, the South Atlantic Council postponed further work on this amendment in favor of other priorities with the intent to resume work in 2016.

Under Development:

Framework Amendment 8 (King mackerel trip limits, Season 2) Council Lead: Christina. At the March 2019 meeting the Council reviewed Mackerel Cobia Advisory Panel concerns regarding low commercial trip limits in the Atlantic southern zone during season two (October to the end of February). During the winter months, fishermen are only able to fish a small number of days due to the weather. Additionally, due to changes in the fishery, more fish are on the market during this time of the year, resulting in lower prices. When the weather is decent, AP members felt it would be helpful if fishermen had access to a higher trip limit to make trips worthwhile. The Council directed staff to begin work on a framework amendment to address season two trip limits for Atlantic king mackerel.

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Spiny Lobster

Recently implemented or submitted:

Spiny Lobster Regulatory Amendment 4 (spiny lobster ACL and rec traps) Council lead: Kari

The Gulf and South Atlantic SSCs recommended that the spiny lobster OFL and ABC be calculated based on landings data from 1991 through the most recent data (2015/16). This amendment includes actions to update the OFL, ABC/ACL, and ACT based on the SSCs' recommendation, in addition to an action to prohibit traps for recreational harvest of spiny lobster in the South Atlantic EEZ. In December 2016, the South Atlantic Council provided recommendations for the recreational trap action, which were incorporated into the Gulf Council's option paper presented at their January/February 2017 meeting. The South Atlantic Council reviewed the draft amendment in March 2017. A webinar public hearing was held in May 2017. Both Councils approved the amendment for formal review in June 2017. The document was submitted to NMFS for review on July 12, 2017. The proposed rule published on February 2, 2018, and the comment period closed March 4, 2018. The final rule published on June 22, 2018, and regulations became effective July 23, 2018.

Spiny Lobster Amendment 13 (update procedure for coordinated management with Florida and bully net regulations) Council lead: Christina

There is a procedure and protocol in place in the Spiny Lobster Joint FMP to allow NMFS to update federal regulations to align with Florida regulations without necessary action by the Councils. However, the procedure and protocol need to be updated before the process can be used again to update federal regulations to align with the Florida bully net regulations. The Gulf Council (administrative lead on the

A2 SEP Recent and Developing Amendments amendment) directed staff to start work on the amendment at their April 2017 meeting, and the South Atlantic Council approved an identical motion at their June 2017 meeting. The Gulf Council reviewed an options paper at their October 2017 meeting. The South Atlantic Council reviewed the draft Gulf actions and alternatives in December 2017. Both Councils approved a motion to actions to this amendment that would address inconsistencies between State of Florida spiny lobster regulations and those in federal waters concerning bag limits, degradable panels, and the definition of artificial habitat. Scoping webinars were held January 8th and 9th, 2018. The Gulf Council approved actions and alternatives to be analyzed in January 2018. South Atlantic Council reviewed public input and approved the actions and alternatives to be analyzed in March 2018. At the June 2018 meeting, the South Atlantic Council reviewed the amendment, selected preferred alternatives, moved the actions addressing degradable panels and artificial habitat to the considered but rejected appendix, and approved the document for public hearings. The Gulf Council reviewed the document and concurred with the motions passed by the South Atlantic Council at their June 2018 meeting. The Gulf Council approved Amendment 13 for formal review at their August 2018 meeting. After reviewing the document and public comments at their September 2018 meeting, the Council approved Amendment 13 for formal review. Amendment 13 was transmitted for formal review on November 19, 2018.

Under development:

None.

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Generics

Comprehensive ABC Control Rule Amendment Council Lead: John C.

In December 2016, the Council directed staff to start work on a plan amendment that would modify the ABC Control Rule to address flexibility allowed under the MSA and revise how uncertainty and risk tolerance are addressed in setting ABCs. The Amendment includes actions to: 1) revise how the SSC evaluates assessment uncertainty; 2) revise how the risk tolerance is specified; and 3) allow phase-in and carry-over of ABCs. An IPT was formed to develop actions and alternatives, and the SSC and Council have regularly reviewed progress and provided guidance during 2017 and 2018. Scoping was held in January 2019 and comments reviewed in March 2019..

Recreational AMs (SG Reg 31/DW Reg 2) Council Lead: Brian

Over the past five years, the Council has requested information on possible approaches to improve recreational landings estimates, particularly for species that are infrequently intercepted in the recreational survey. However, the accuracy of such estimates has not improved enough to allow efficient tracking of recreational annual catch limits (ACLs) and has led to mounting frustration among fishery managers, stock assessment analysts, and recreational anglers. The Council is already working on methods to obtain additional data (e.g., Amendment 46, MyFishCount App) that could eventually be used to improve management of recreational fisheries in the region. A possible avenue to lessen the impact of uncertain recreational data on stakeholders is revision of accountability measures. At their March 2018 meeting, the Council directed staff to begin development of an amendment that would revise recreational accountability measures to allow more flexibility in managing recreational fisheries. The Council reviewed some preliminary actions/alternatives and decided that this Recreational AM would apply only to the snapper grouper and dolphin wahoo FMPs. The Council continued work on this amendment at the December 2018 meeting. Scoping sessions occurred in January 2018. The Council

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reviewed scoping comments and continue development of the amendment at the March 2019 meeting. The Council will review draft actions/alternatives at the September 2019 meeting.

Bycatch Reporting Amendment (formerly CE-BA 3) Council lead: Chip

The action in the Bycatch Reporting Amendment considers improvements in bycatch/discard data collection methods to better quantify all sources of fishing mortality in South Atlantic fisheries. Alternatives consider expanding aspects of the Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program's Release, Discard and Protected Species Module to coastal migratory pelagic (SA Council area only) and dolphin and wahoo fisheries; and also implementing a commercial observer program at 2-5% coverage levels for snapper grouper, coastal migratory pelagic (SA Council area only), dolphin and wahoo, and golden crab vessels.

Based on discussions at the September 2014 Council meeting, the SEFSC/SERO agreed to draft a comprehensive bycatch reporting system for the southeast. The SEFSC and SERO will provide an update on their efforts at each Council meeting. The Council's intent is that the bycatch reporting system would be specified and implemented though this amendment.

The Council reviewed the measures in CE-BA 3 in September 2015. The Council received a briefing from NMFS at the March 2016 meeting. The Council has postponed development until after NMFS publishes the rule for the Standard Bycatch Reporting Methodology.

South Atlantic For-Hire Electronic Reporting Amendment Council lead: John C.

During the March 2015 meeting, the South Atlantic Council approved actions and alternatives to require weekly electronic reporting by charter vessels, patterned after headboat electronic reporting requirements. The South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Councils reviewed the amendment at the Joint Council meeting in Key West in June 2015. In September 2015, the South Atlantic Council directed staff and the IPT to revise the amendment to apply to charter vessels in South Atlantic fisheries only. In December 2015, the Council approved the amendment for public hearings, which were held in January/February 2016. At the March 2016 meeting, the Council revised the expected timeline for the amendment, to allow time to develop core data elements. The Council reviewed the revised amendment in June 2016, developed a list of core variables and scheduled final approval for December 2016 to allow consideration of preliminary feedback from the SAFMC-ACCSP electronic reporting pilot study. In December 2016, the Council approved the amendment for formal review. The Gulf Council approved the amendment at their January/February 2017 meeting. The amendment at their January/February 2017 meeting. The amendment

In May 2017, SERO convened a group, called the Southeast For Hire Integrated Electronic Reporting team (SEFHIER), to develop guidance for the regulations necessary to implement this amendment as well as a similar reporting amendment submitted by the Gulf Council. The group met regularly through early 2018 to address topics such as reporting approaches and standards, data management, compliance and enforcement, and outreach and training.

The Notice of Availability and request for comment on proposed rules to implement this amendment published on March 14, 2018, with a comment period through May 13, 2018. The proposed rule published on April 4, 2018, with a comment period through May 4, 2018. The Council was notified on June 12, 2018, that the amendment was approved by NMFS.

Joint Commercial Logbook Amendment Council lead: John Carmichael

Currently, logbook reports from commercial fishermen targeting snapper grouper, coastal migratory pelagic, and dolphin/wahoo must be submitted to the Science and Research Director postmarked no later than 7 days after the end of each fishing trip. Logbook reporting forms for golden crab must be

submitted to the Science and Research Director postmarked no later than 30 days after sale of the golden crab offloaded from a trip. The amendment also considers requiring that the components of the commercial logbooks (landings, economic, and bycatch) be submitted within 21 days after the end of each trip. This would increase the timeline for snapper grouper, coastal migratory pelagic, and dolphin/wahoo fishermen to complete logbooks, and decrease the timeline for golden crab fishermen. Commercial electronic logbooks, as proposed in this amendment, would not be used to monitor annual catch limits; however, they could serve as a means to verify dealer reports and comply with the Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program standards that require two sources for verification of quotamonitored species. It is the Council's intent that NMFS use the commercial logbook landings, with the new timing and compliance requirements specified in this amendment, to compare with commercial trip ticket landings to help ensure the commercial ACLs are not exceeded.

At their June 2013 meeting, the Council approved scheduling a NMFS SEFSC presentation on the details of the commercial electronic logbook pilot study at the September 2013 meeting. The Council receives updates at each Council meeting. SA Council staff will work with Gulf staff and NMFS staff to allow fishermen to voluntarily provide their data electronically and to plan for completion of the amendment incorporating results from year 1 of the pilot study. As of April 2016, voluntary reports may be provided through the ACCSP SAFIS system and available to the SEFSC.

Marine Aquaculture Plan for the South Atlantic Region Council lead: Roger Pugliese

The Council at their June meeting approved a motion to begin development of an aquaculture plan for the South Atlantic Region. The Habitat Protection and Ecosystem Based Management Advisory Panel who developed the standing Policy Statement on Aquaculture will continue to review and compile information and background on State and Federal activities to support future consideration of development. Based on the outcome of recent legal rulings, this plan is on hold until after NMFS determines how or if to proceed on councils future development of aquaculture plans.

Allocation Review Trigger Policy Council lead: Brian

Following guidelines established by NMFS and agreed upon by the CCC, the Councils are to develop their own policies to determine the triggers that will direct the Council to review their allocations. The Councils are to send NMFS their policy documents by August of 2019. At the December 2018 Council Meeting, the Council began the process of reviewing the different types of triggers and the fisheries they will apply to. It was decided that the SAFMM Allocation Trigger Policy will be applied to the snapper grouper, dolphin wahoo, and CMP fisheries. Council directed staff to bring a draft policy statement to the Council for their March 2019 meeting for further development. The Council's intention is to finalize the document at the June 2019 Council meeting.

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