Communication - Strategic Goal: Snapper Grouper Fishery, Draft Vision Blueprint

Background:

In December 2012, the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (Council) began its Visioning Project to construct a long-term vision for the snapper grouper fishery through development of a strategic plan for the fishery that would guide management actions into the future. The foundation of the project has been the engagement and involvement of fishery stakeholders throughout the region and across all sectors in the development of the long-term plan. This strategic plan, called the *Vision Blueprint*, consists of four strategic focus areas – *Science*, *Communication, Management, and Governance*. Each focus area will have a specific goal and associated objectives and action strategies that will be used by the Council to guide future management of the snapper grouper fishery.

Following an approach similar to what the Mid-Atlantic Fishery Management Council used to draft a strategic plan for its managed fisheries, the Council sought stakeholder input early in the process and held a series of 26 informal meetings to solicit stakeholder input in coastal communities throughout the South Atlantic region. Because stakeholder needs and perceptions can vary widely, the Council has been careful not to exclude any input pertaining to the management of the snapper grouper fishery. Therefore, at this stage of the process, items that have been considered in the past as possible management tools but have not been developed further will continue to be included among the many tools the Council may consider for long-term management of the snapper grouper fishery in the South Atlantic region. As such, the table below encompasses management actions/strategies as suggested by stakeholders in the fishery as well as those brought forth by the Council members themselves. The goals and objectives are not in order of priority and are all considered draft at this time. As the draft Vision Blueprint for the Snapper Grouper Fishery takes shape in 2015, the Council will provide their rationale for management strategies that are eventually excluded from further consideration.

Communication

GOAL: Employ interactive outreach strategies that encourages continuous participation and supports two-way engagement between managers and snapper grouper fishery stakeholders while building a greater understanding of science and management.				
Objective 1. Develop communication approaches that provide streamlined and timely information to increase awareness and engage stakeholders.	Strategy 1.1	Expand the use of innovative technology to improve stakeholder participation and to communicate the Council process.		
	Actions:	 A. Expand the format for public hearings through the use of web-based hearings facilitated by staff. B. Utilize remote listening stations for public hearings and educational meetings to increase participation from remote groups of stakeholders. C. Change the format of in-person public hearings to 		

		match the format of the visioning port meetings
		(interactive, less formal, less staff).
		Utilize web-based tools (webinars, video conferencing,
	5.	etc.) and other technology to collect public comment
		and provide educational workshops.
	E.	Provide a comment box on the website for
	-	stakeholders to submit comment after viewing the
		recorded scoping presentation.
	F.	Continue Q&A webinars with Council staff to discuss
	''	upcoming amendments for public hearings and
		scoping.
	G	Consider hosting webinars just for snapper grouper
	٥.	permit holders on various topics.
	н.	On the Constant Contact sign-up form, add a check-off
	""	box for indication of the sector they participate in.
	ı.	Training for stakeholders on how to use web-based
	"	communication tools (webinars, etc.)
	J.	Work with NOAA SERO to provide advance notification
	,	of ACL monitoring updates.
Strategy 1.	2	ze the Council's website as a clearinghouse for easy to
Strategy 1.		ss information on Council news, regulations, fishery
		agement plans, and management actions.
Acti	ons: A.	
Acti	0113.	sector on the Council website.
	В.	Incorporate a real-time calendar that displays current
	-	fishery closures for each sector.
	c.	Create a separate page for educational
		resources/materials produced by the Council on
		various topics.
	D.	Establish a comment and suggestion box on the
		website that allows users to provide comments on a
		specific topic or constructive comments on the
		Council's activities and process.
	E.	Track website analytics on presentation downloads
		and other documents to evaluate effectiveness and
		access of materials on the website.
	F.	Work with NOAA SERO to provide information on the
		Council's website about historical closure dates.
Strategy 1.	3 Cons	sider use of alternative outreach approaches to further
	enga	ge stakeholders in the management process.
Acti	ons: A.	Consider using Public Service Announcements via VHF
		radio and/or local radio stations for meeting/issue
		announcements and regulation changes.
	В.	Consider an advertising campaign highlighting Council
		activities and success stories.
	C.	Consider use of informal polls/surveys to take input on
		a specific management action or direction being
		considered by the Council (before Council starts to
		develop and take action).
	D.	Work with existing on-line fishing forums to collect

			input on a specific topic.
		E.	Send posters/flyers to fish houses to announce
			meetings/issue announcements and regulation
			changes.
		F.	Consider creation of an incentive rewards program for
			stakeholders that remain active in the management
			process.
		G	Determine how to use web-based surveys to solicit
		_ ·	input on specific management topics.
		ш	Support expansion of the Marine Resource Education
		п.	
			Program SouthEast (MREP-SE) to other areas of the
			region.
		I.	Collaborate with local port agents to serve as
			community liaisons to convey management
			information to stakeholders.
		J.	Participate in area festivals on a regular basis.
		K.	Consider using paid angler focus groups to solicit input
			on specific management issues.
		L.	Support more informal port meetings for educational
			purposes on relevant fishery issues/topics to include
			current and upcoming management issues.
		М.	Diversify the locations of in-person meetings (public
			hearings, scoping, etc.) to allow for one-on-one
			interaction with Council members.
		N.	
		IV.	Expand the Council's social media efforts to include
			use of YouTube and a blog.
		0.	Consider the use of an outreach tool for polling the
			public about needs for habitat improvements as it
			relates to the snapper grouper fishery.
Objective 2.	Strategy 2.1		targeted communication strategies to maintain and
Ensure that Council		incr	ease stakeholder engagement with the Council.
communication encourages	Actions:	A.	Consider use of direct mailings/other communication
and supports engagement			strategies targeting snapper grouper permit holders
with a diverse audience of			for significant management/regulatory actions.
		В.	Develop a list of key industry stakeholders in the
stakeholders.			snapper grouper fishery and basic community profiles
			for the region.
		C.	
		Ŭ.	fishery related contacts for use in communication and
			outreach programs to include: recreational fishing
			focused groups (fishing clubs, bait/tackle shops, dive
			·
		_	
		D.	
			•
		E.	
			meet the needs of a wide generational range of
		1	stakeholders.
			stakenoiders.
			clubs, etc.), seafood dealers/retailer and other commercial fishing businesses. Develop 1-page fishery management resources (print and electronic) for distribution to targeted audiences/sectors. Consider use of appropriate outreach materials that meet the needs of a wide generational range of

Objective 3.	Strategy 3.1	Support collaboration with academic and research	
Improve awareness and		institutions, non-governmental organizations and agency	
understanding of fishery	partners on development of fishery-related outreach		
science and research and how	programs and materials.		
	Actions:	A. Develop recreational angler education programs about	
these inform management.		how to reduce discards (i.e., barotrauma, best fishing	
		practices for handling/releasing fish, descending	
		devices, etc.).	
		B. Consider developing youth outreach materials	
		(electronic) and educational field trips related to	
		fisheries and fisheries management.	
		C. Consider outreach strategies related to the	
		connections between habitat and fisheries.	
	Strategy 3.2	Support outreach programs that address the process of a	
		stock assessment and how results are used in	
		management.	
	Actions:	A. Develop targeted outreach programs aimed at all	
		sectors about the Council process, including the role of	
		the Scientific & Statistical Committee.	
		B. Develop angler education programs about fisheries	
		science, stock assessments and data collection.	
		C. Expand the use of educational webinars to convey	
		information about stock assessments, data collection,	
		and other fishery science concepts.	
		D. Develop training for new SAFMC Advisory Panel	
		members.	
		E. Continue Council support of the Marine Resource	
Ohio ativo A	Chrotom, 4.1	Education Program South East.	
Objective 4.	Strategy 4.1	Work with agency partners to provide stakeholders with	
Improve awareness and	information on seafood and fishing business marketing		
understanding of how social	Actions	strategies that may increase profits.	
and economic issues are	Actions:	A. Work with MREP partners to add a seafood and fishing business marketing module to the annual MREP-SE	
linked to fisheries			
management measures.		Management Workshop. B. Provide informational resources to fishermen about	
		marketing of alternative/ underutilized species.	
		marketing of afternative/ underutilized species.	