The South Atlantic LCC Conservation Blueprint

Hilary Morris, Blueprint User Support & Communications





Outline

- Introduction to the South Atlantic LCC
- What is the Blueprint?
- Indicators and the State of the South Atlantic
- Progress on Version 1.0
- Plans for Version 2.0
- How you can get involved!

What is the South Atlantic LCC?

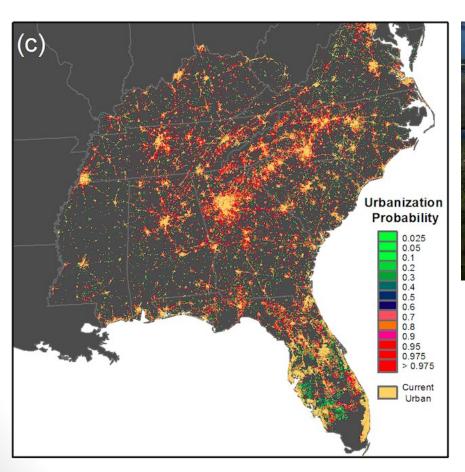


A **forum** in which federal and state agencies, non-profits, businesses and communities work together to develop a **shared vision** of landscape sustainability,

cooperate in its implementation,

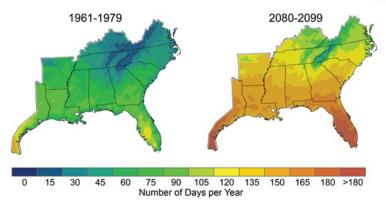
and collaborate in its refinement.

Why cooperate?

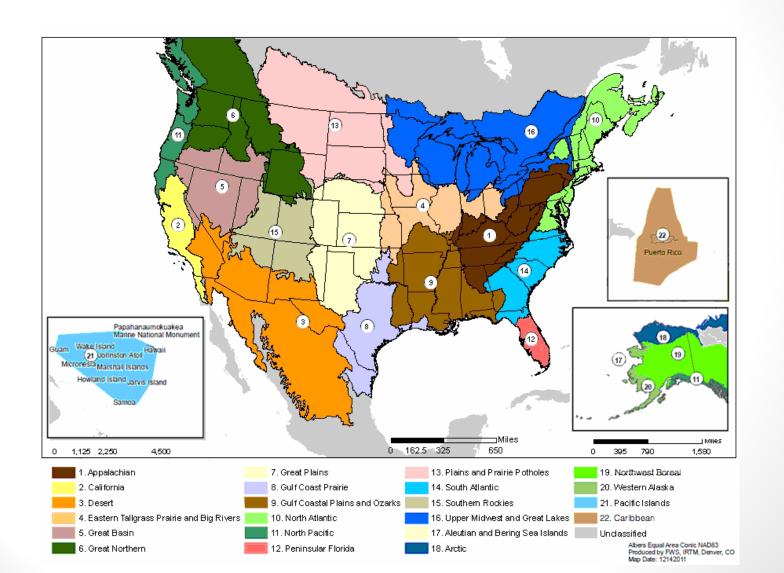




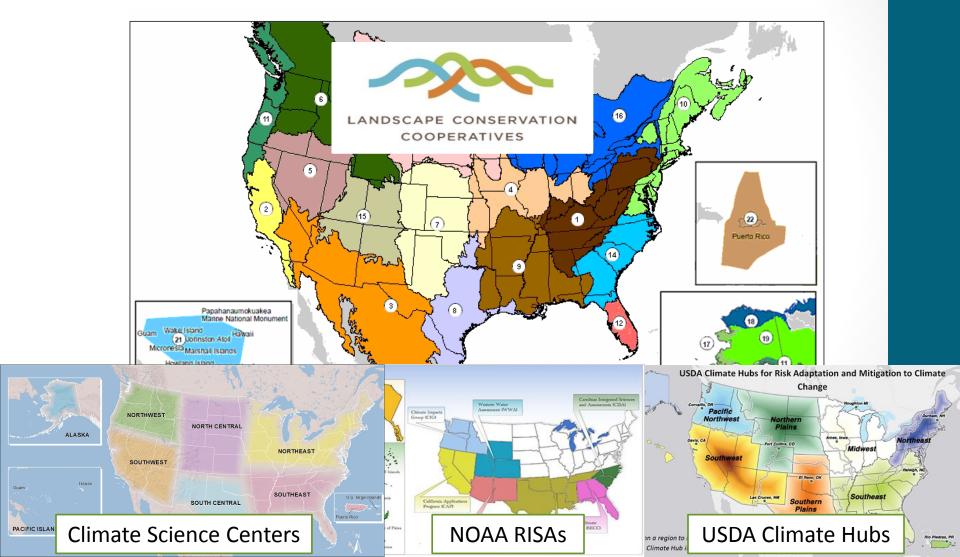
Days per year with peak temperature over 90° F



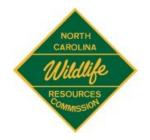
Part of a larger network



Part of a larger network



The Steering Committee



























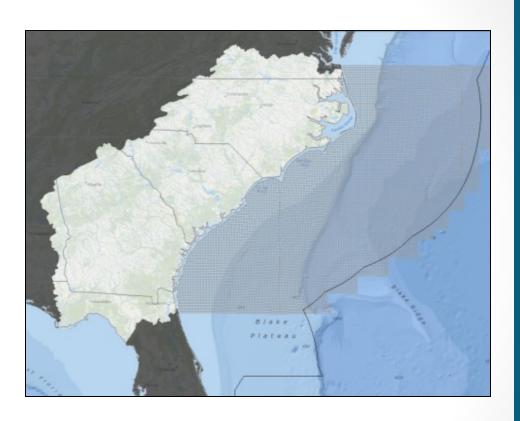






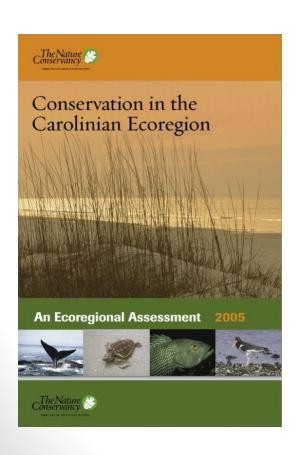
What does the South Atlantic LCC do?

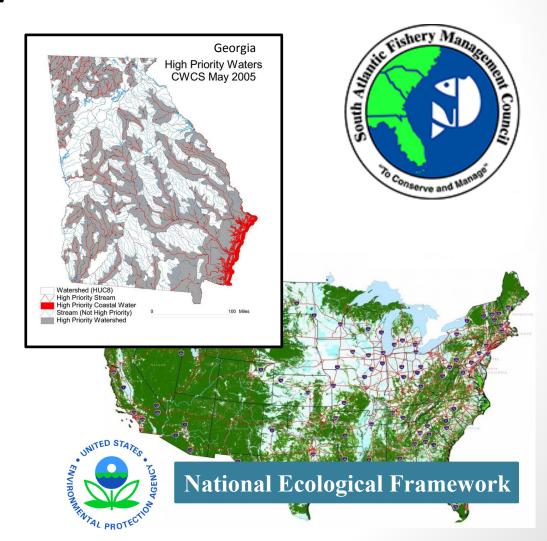
Create a shared
 blueprint for
 landscape
 conservation
 actions that sustain
 natural and cultural
 resources



Conservation Blueprints

The idea is not new



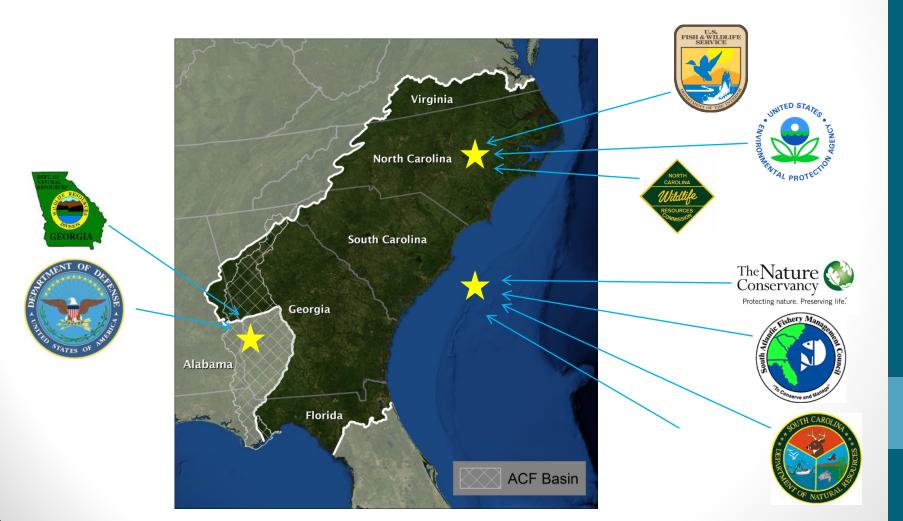


Planning for the Cooperative, not any one organization

- Planning for the Cooperative, not any one organization
- An adaptation strategy (incorporating climate change, urban growth, and other future changes)

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- An adaptation strategy (incorporating climate change, urban growth, and other future changes)
- Bigger scope and scale

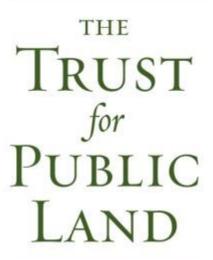
Case 1: finding the best places to use current resources



Case 2: bringing in new conservation dollars

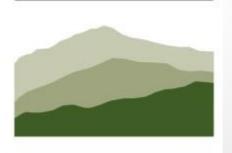






R. HOWARD DOBBS, JR. Foundation, Inc.





Case 3: guiding infrastructure development



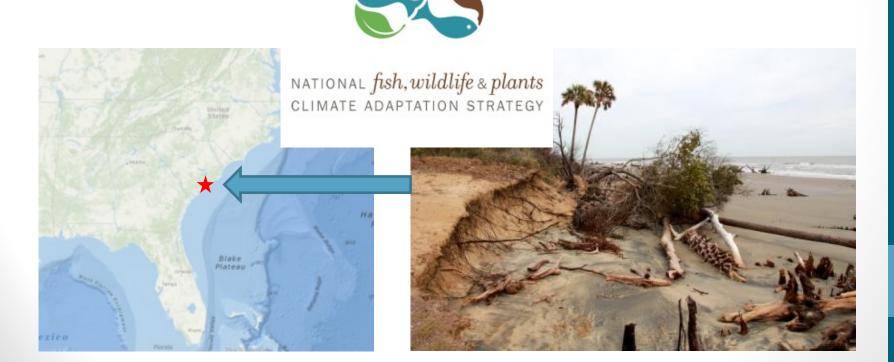


The Trinity River Condor will be a didactic bridicage unlike any other—where an and autoinability will coexist throughout the built form, advancing the city's most progressive goals and values; where inhastructure will be sendered green inhastructure; where vasitness will be sensed and understood alongoists the minus, and where Dutlas with rediscover and indichler their.

 Case 4: creating incentives as an alternative to regulation



 Case 5: bringing in landscape perspectives to local adaptation (how do I fit in?)



Case 6: responding to major disasters





Progress so far

Indicators and targets (shared measures of success)

Indicators and targets



Intact cultural landscapes



Progress so far

• Indicators and targets (shared measures of success)

State of the South Atlantic

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State of the South Atlantic

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South Atlantic ecosystem health scores

Overall, the South Atlantic scored a C. Piedmont areas scored the lowest, likely due to impacts from their major urban megaregions. The Marine region scored the highest; however, it did not include fishing impacts. The Coastal Plain scores were in the middle. These scores show that, while the South Atlantic is not completely healthy, there's hope for making future improvements.

North Piedmont: D Home to Charlotte, Raleigh, and large areas of upland hardwood forest. People who live and work in urban areas will help decide the future of this region.

South Piedmont: D Home to Atlanta and diverse watersheds draining into the Atlantic and Gulf. Balancing water needs for people and species continues to be a challenge.

North Coastal Plain: Home to the Outer Banks and extensive estuaries. Sealevel rise is predicted to heavily impact this particularly flat region.

Central Coastal Plain: Home to Wilmington, Myrtle Beach, and large protected wetland areas. Sea-level rise, tourism, and changing agricultural practices continue to influence ecosystem health.

South Coastal Plain: Home to Savannah,
Jacksonville, and a network of protected
barrier islands. Partnerships are working
to conserve this region's largest river

floodplains.

Gulf Coastal Plain: Home to rural Southwest Georgia and extensive conservation lands in the Big Bend of Florida. Sea-level rise and upstream agriculture continue to impact coastal protected areas.

Marine: Home to rich fisheries, deepwater coral, diverse seabirds, and important migratory fish, whales, and turtles. Ocean acidification and increased energy development are major emerging threats.

ECOSYSTEM = marine



An ocean of possibilities

The marine environment starts at either the estuary mouth or the shoreline and stretches 200 miles into the ocean, covering the extent of U.S. waters. The marine ecosystem comprises about half of the South Atlantic geography! From deepwater coral formations to right whale calving grounds, this vast expanse of open water and benthic habitat sustains coastal tourism, commerce, and fisheries.

Interpreting the score

Overall, this ecosystem scored a B+. This is the highest ecosystem score in this assessment, however, it does not include fishing impacts. If included, those would likely lower the score. Productivity and hardbottom indicators were in good condition, but poor connectivity with freshwater brought down the overall score. While this system is relatively healthy, future threats from offshore energy and ocean acidification could significantly impact ecosystem integrity.



- A 100-80% in good condition 1 39-20% in good condition
- 3 79-60% in good condition
- 19-0% in good condition
- 59-40% in good condition
- Not scored; baseline for future



Marine turtles & mammals



Primary productivity



Potential hardbottom condition



Fresh & saltwater connectivity



Small turtles, big adventures

Sea turtles are iconic marine animals perhaps bestknown for nesting on the beach. Not only do adult females famously migrate back to their birthplaces to lay their own eggs, but recent tracking data shows that young green sea turtles, born as far away as Costa Rica, swim thousands of miles to grow up off the South Atlantic coast.



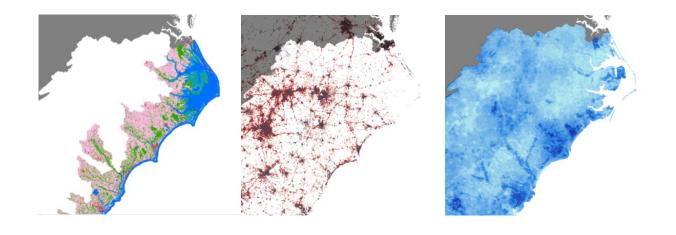
Progress so far

• Indicators and targets (shared measures of success)

State of the South Atlantic

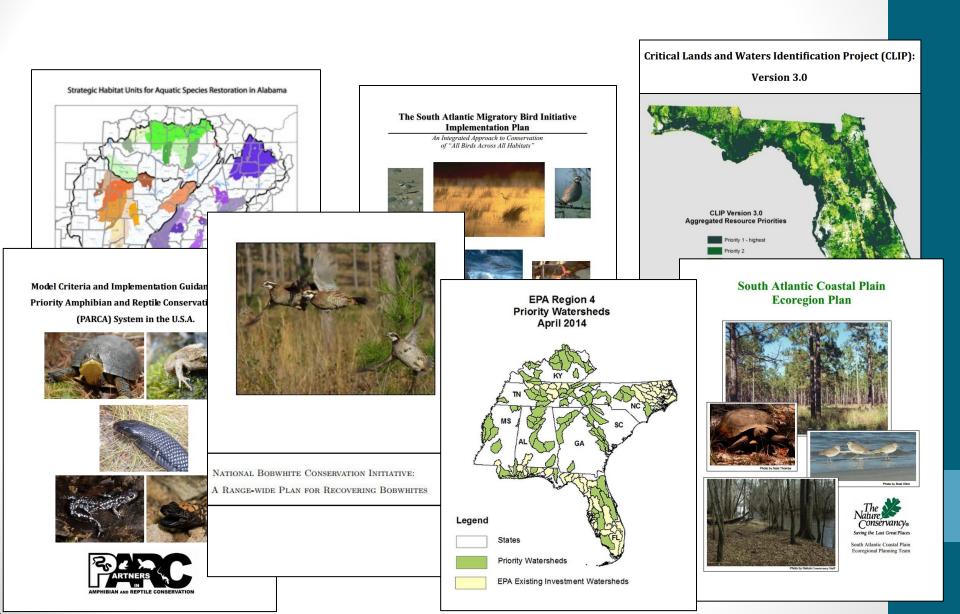
Blueprint 1.0

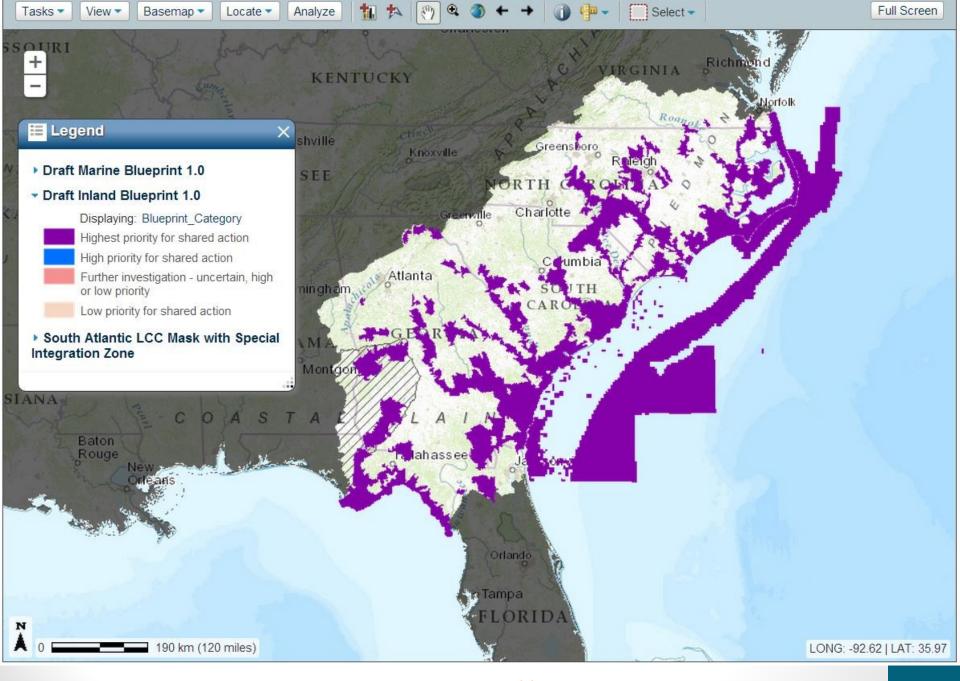
Regional Blueprint workshops



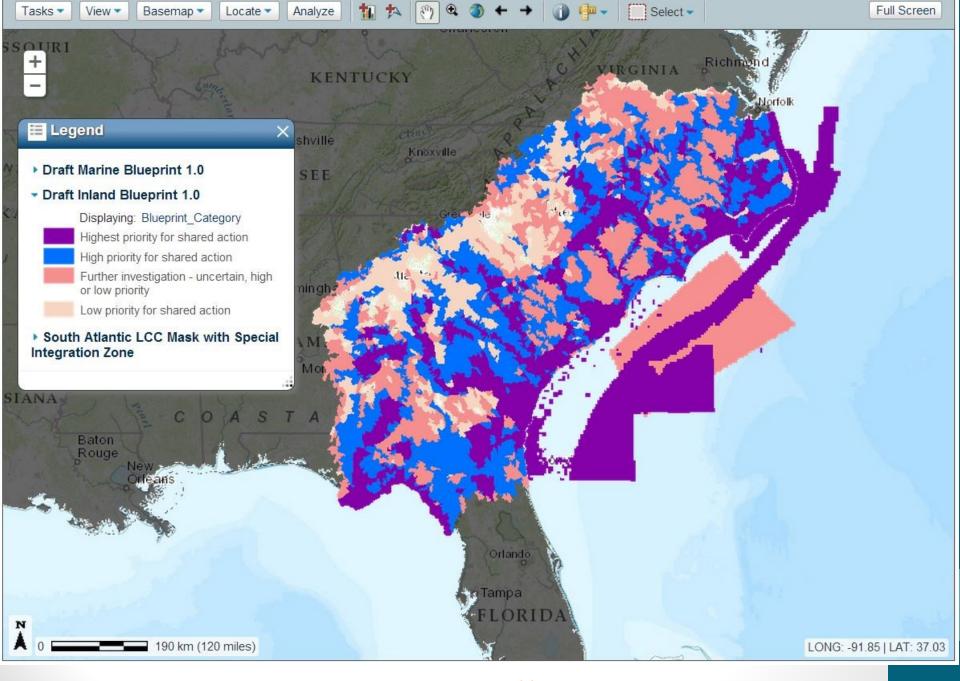


Incorporating partner plans





South Atlantic LCC Blueprint 1.0 – http://blueprint.southatlantic.org



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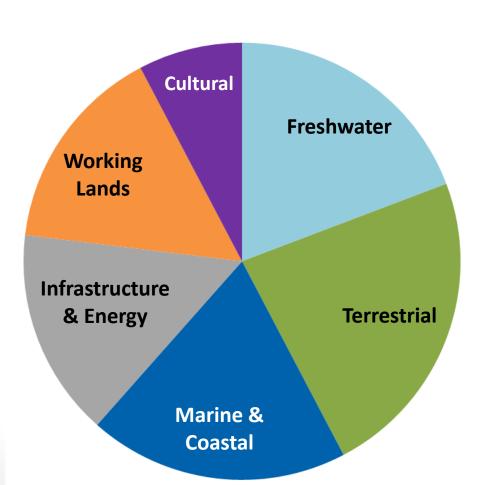
Working with users





THE

Conservation Fund

































Meet the user team

Aleta Hohn NOAA John Ann Shearer **FWS** Anna Toline **NPS** John Stanton **FWS** Ben Wigley **NCASI** Jon Ambrose **GA DNR** Beth Stys **FL FWC** Julie Elmore **NRCS** Beth Byrd **NC WRC** NPS Kacy Cook Billy Dukes **SC DNR** Lisa Perras-Gordon **EPA Breck Carmichael SC DNR** Marella Buncick **FWS Brian Watson VA DGIF** Maria Whitehead **TNC** Brian Yanchik DOT Mark Cantrell **FWS SC DNR** Charlotte Gillis NPS Mark Scott Chris Burkett **VA DGIF** Mary Morrison **USFS** Cynthia Walton **NPS** Pace Wilber NOAA Darrell Fchols **NPS** Pam Wingrove **FWS** David Whitaker **SC DNR** Randy Swilling **NPS GA DNR** Don Imm **FWS** Reggie Thackston **Emrys Treasure USFS** Rick Durbrow EPA George Willson TCF Roger Pugliese **SAFMC** Hervey McIver **TNC NC WRC** Ryan Heise Jan MacKinnon **GA DNR** Ryan Orndorff **Marines** Jason Bulluck VA DCR Wilson Laney **FWS**

Ecosystem-based fishery management

 Embedding the Conservation Blueprint in the revised Fishery Ecosystem Plan





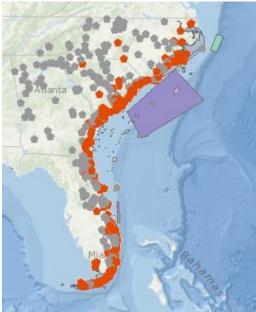
 Reduce regulatory pressure on fishermen











South Carolina quail focus areas

 Implementing the National Bobwhite Conservation Initiative

 Facilitate conservation on private lands

Demonstrate benefits of quail management











Public lands planning

 Informing acquisition boundaries

- Demonstrate significance within larger landscape
- Adapting to climate change and urbanization







NATIONAL fish, wildlife & plants CLIMATE ADAPTATION STRATEGY







Progress so far

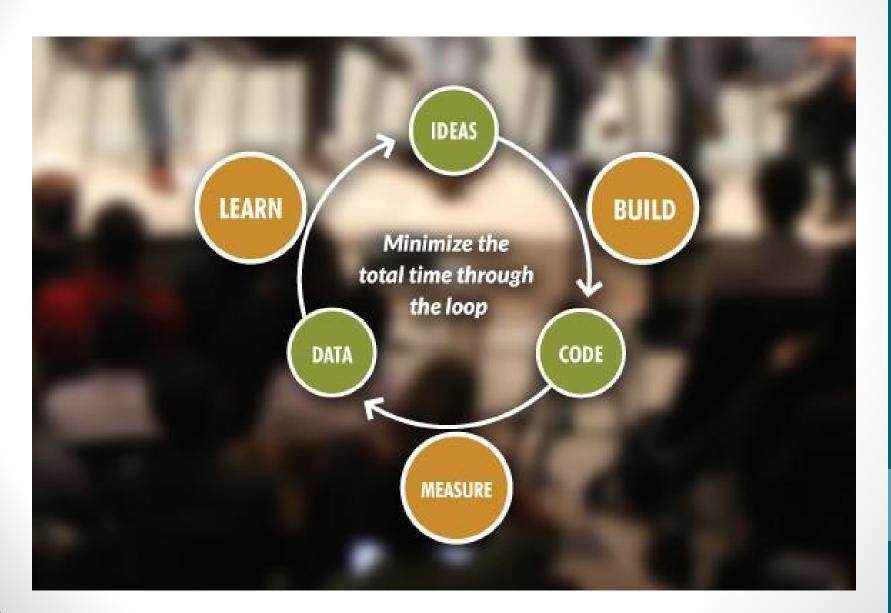
Indicators and targets (shared measures of success)

State of the South Atlantic

Blueprint 1.0

Blueprint 2.0

The lean startup method



Next steps: building a better Blueprint

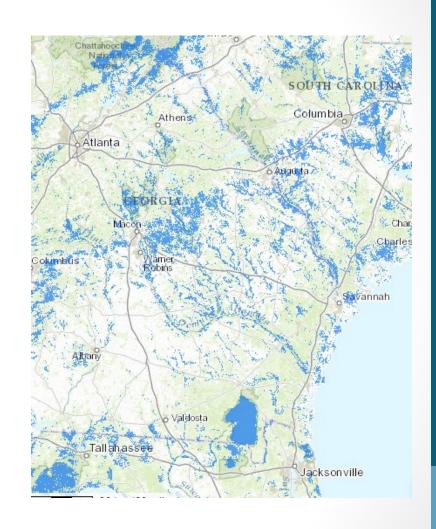


Content

Presentation

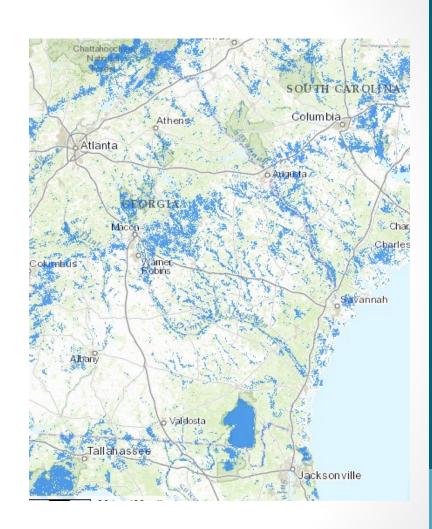
Content

- More explicitly connected to the indicators
 - Finished revising and modeling in January



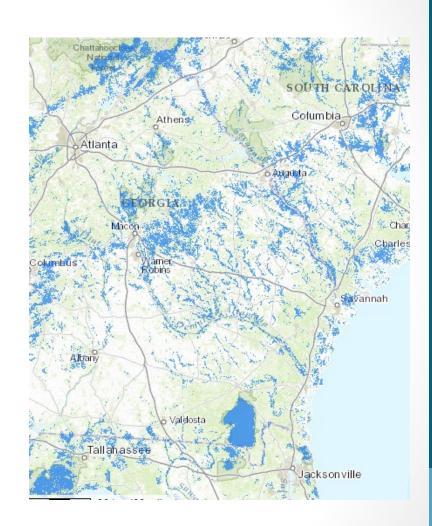
Content

- More explicitly connected to the indicators
 - Finished revising and modeling in January
- Update Blueprint using a more data driven approach



Content

- More explicitly connected to the indicators
 - Finished revising and modeling in January
- Update Blueprint using a more data driven approach
- Finer spatial resolution



Conservation Design Team

Mark Anderson TNC

Jim Fox University of NC – Asheville

Will Allen The Conservation Fund

Paul Wagner Army Corps

Bob Cooper UGA

Mary Conley TNC

Barry Grand USGS

Nate Nibbelink UGA

Dean Urban
 Duke University

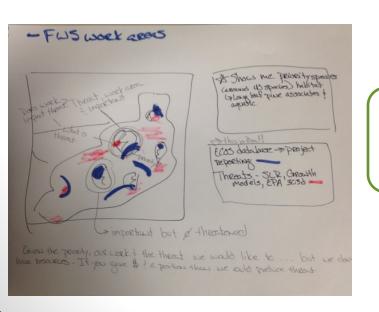
Lindsey Smart Albermarle-Pamlico Nat'l Estuary Prog.

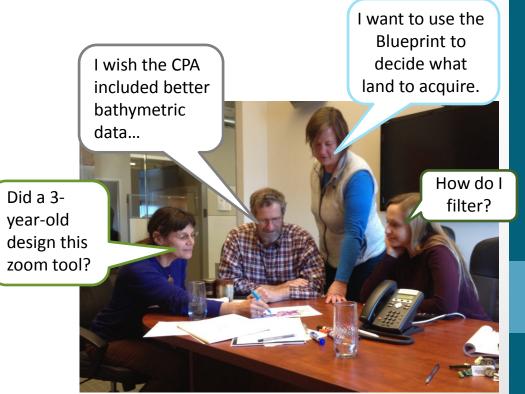
Tim Jones Atlantic Coast Joint Venture

Mary Davis Southeast Aquatic Resources Partn.

Presentation

Improved interface for accessing the Blueprint

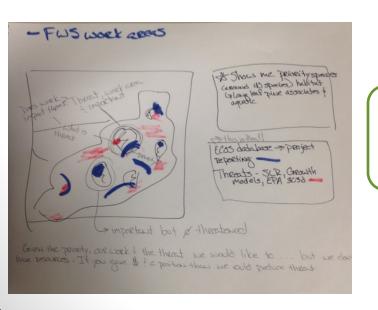


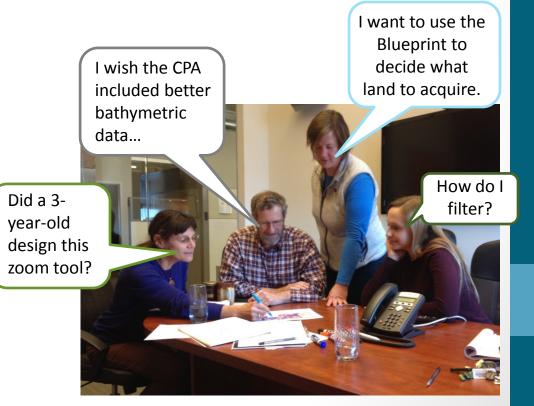


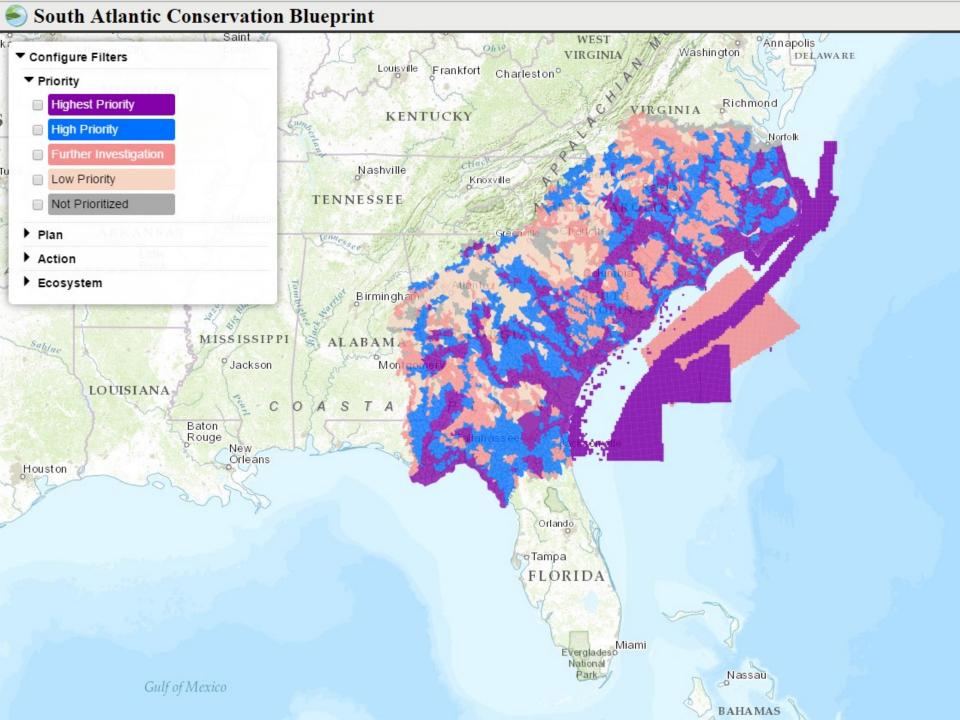
Presentation

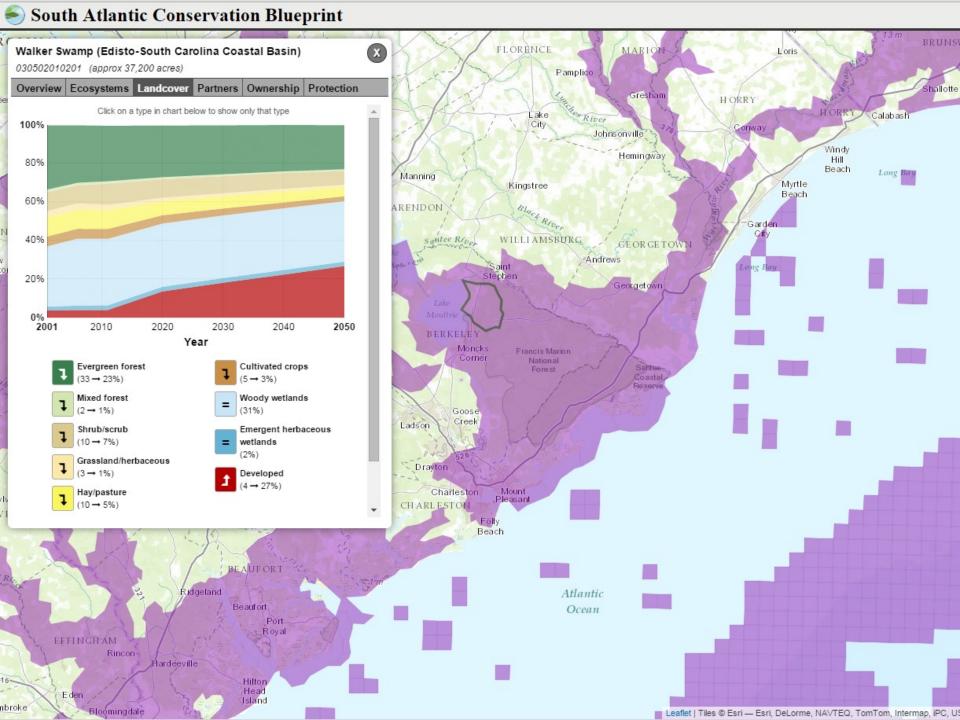
Improved interface for accessing the Blueprint

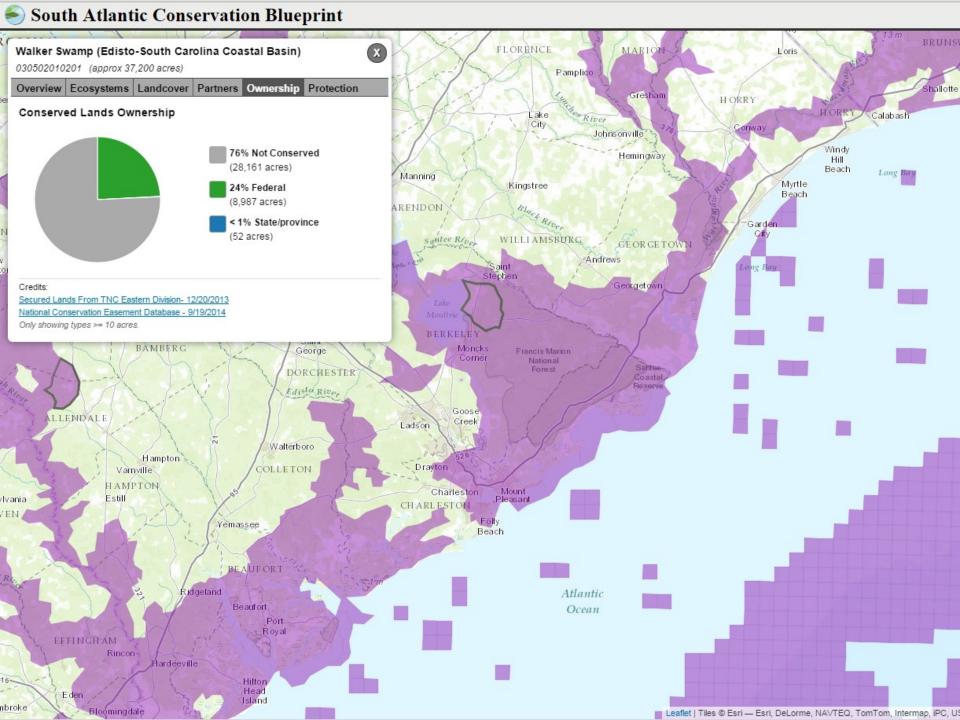
New chart and graph features











What's the plan for Blueprint 2.0?

	Landscape	scale stressors	(Salefsky et al. 2008)	
Residential and commercial development	Agriculture and aquaculture	Energy production and mining	Transportation and service corridors	Biological Resource Use
Human intrusions and disturbance	Natural system modification	Invasives and other problematic species and genes	Pollution	Climate change and severe weather

Landscape scale stressors (Salafsky et al. 2008) Residential and Energy Transportation Agriculture and **Biological** production and and service commercial Resource Use aquaculture development mining corridors. Invasives and Climate change **Human intrusions** Natural system other problematic **Pollution** and severe and disturbance modification species and weather genes Conservation actions (Open standards 2013) Livelihood, Law and Land/Water Land/Water **Species Education &** economic, & policy protection management management awareness other incentives

Landscape scale stressors (Salafsky et al. 2008)

Residential and commercial development

Agriculture and aquaculture

Energy production and mining

Transportation and service corridors

Biological Resource Use

Human intrusions and disturbance

Natural system modification Invasives and other problematic species and genes

Pollution

Climate change and severe weather



Conservation actions (%)

(Open standards 2013)

Land/Water protection

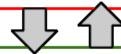
Land/Water management

Species management

Education & awareness

Livelihood, economic, & other incentives

Law and policy



Ecosystem Integrity

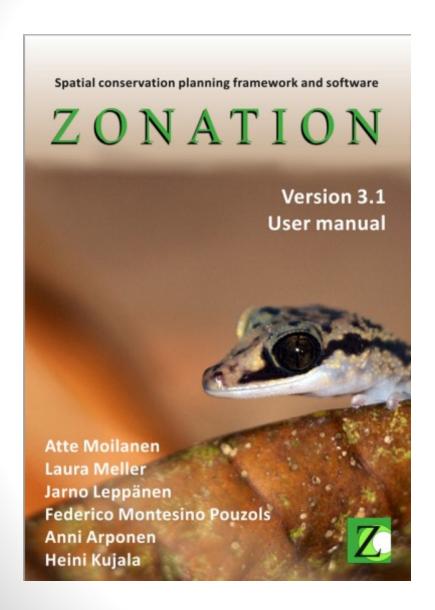
Indicator 1: % of target met

Indicator 2: % of target met

Indicator 3: % of target met

Overall integrity: % of all ecosystem targets met

What's the plan for Blueprint 2.0?



- Originally developed in 2004 and is regularly updated
- Used globally for diverse applications
 - Terrestrial, freshwater, marine
 - Climate resilience
 - Urban conservation
- Algorithm is easy to understand

Indicator

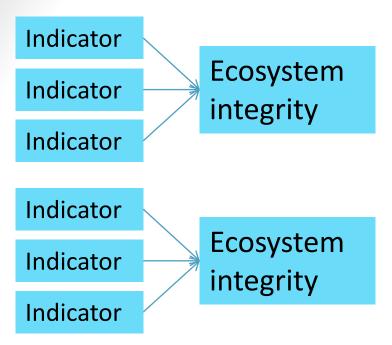
Indicator

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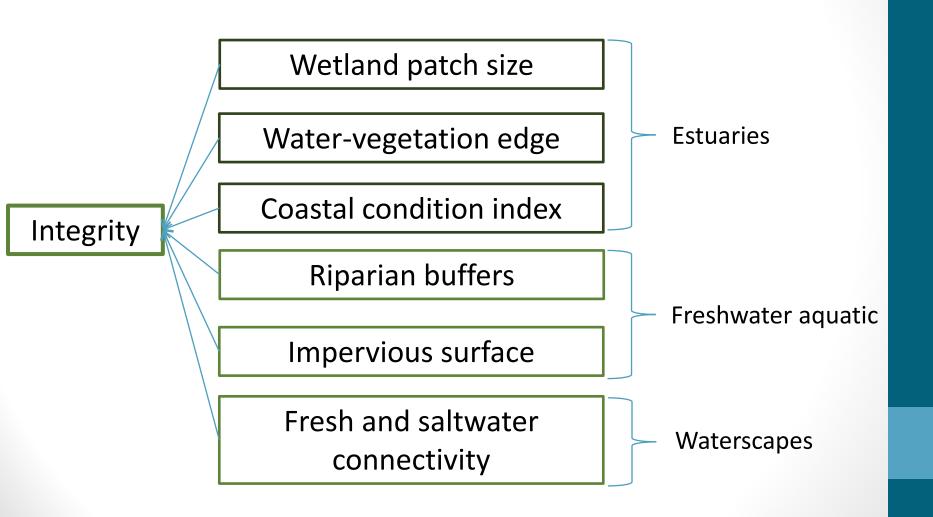
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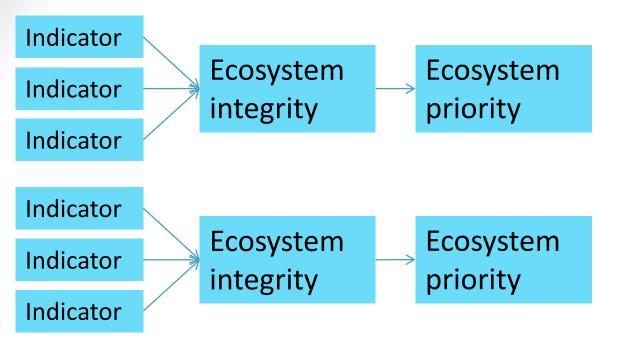
Indicator

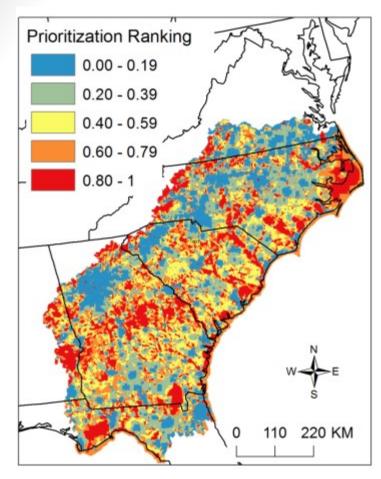
Indicator



Estuarine integrity

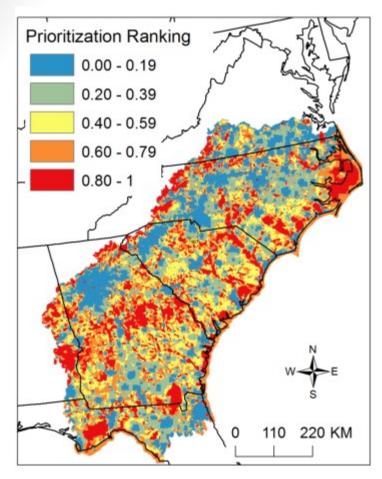






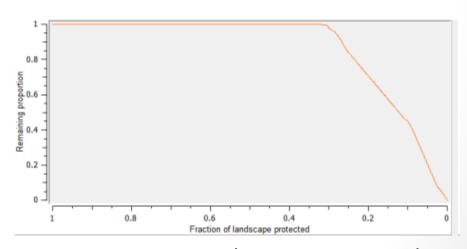
Example using 3 landscape indicators

- Start with all lands & waters included (clean slate)
- Iteratively remove cells that result in as little indicator loss as possible

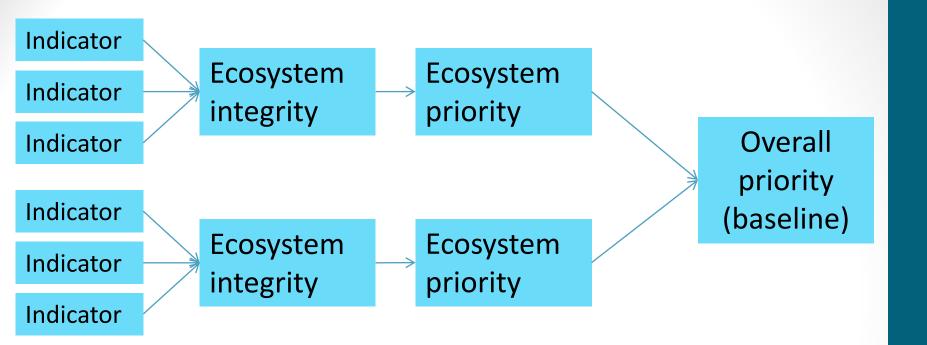


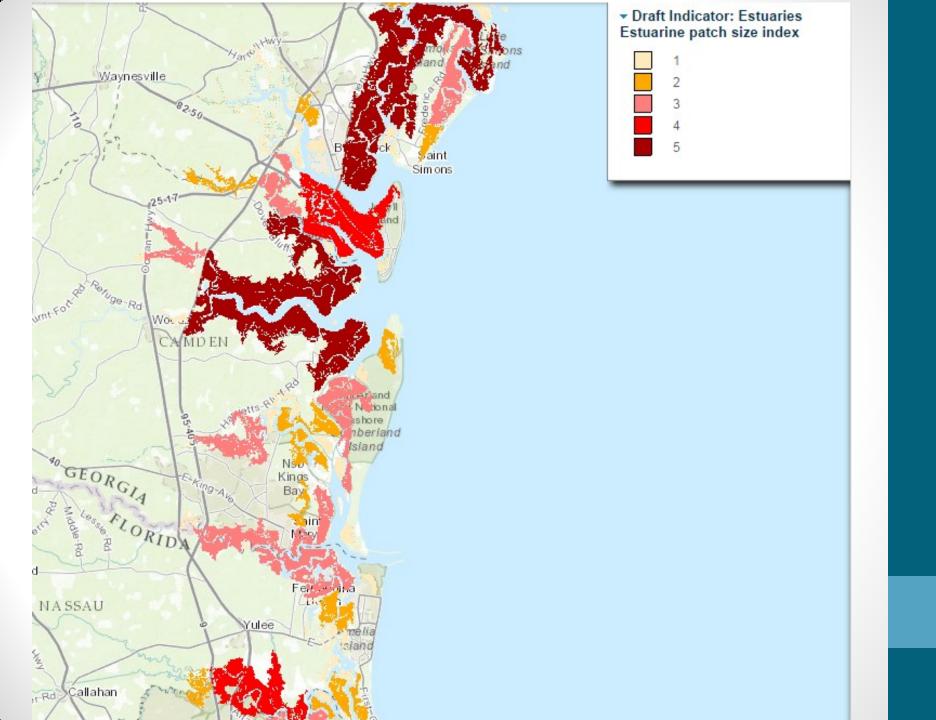
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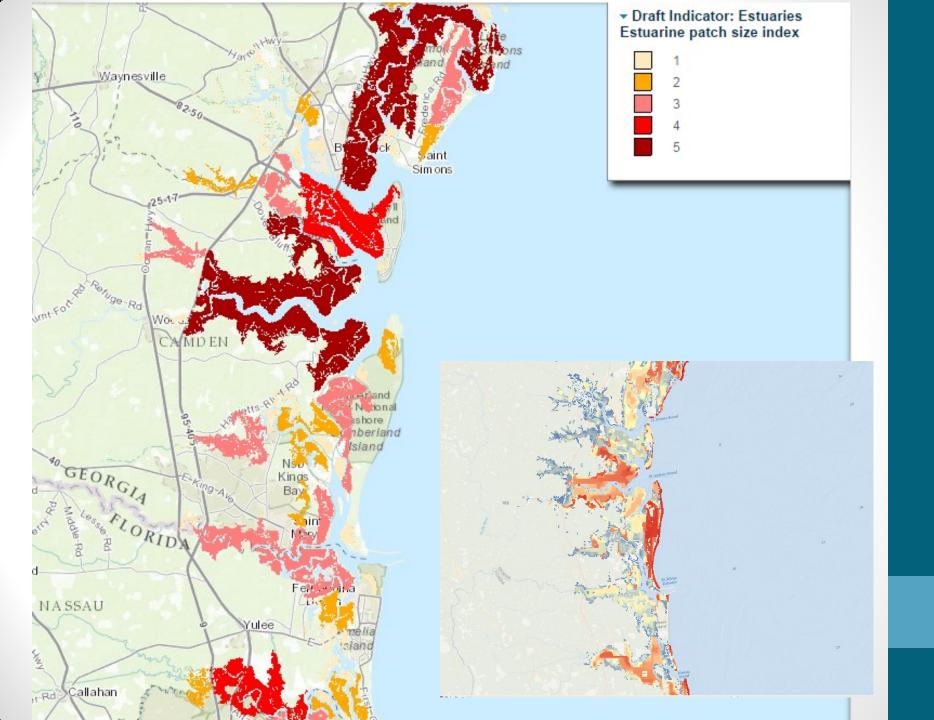
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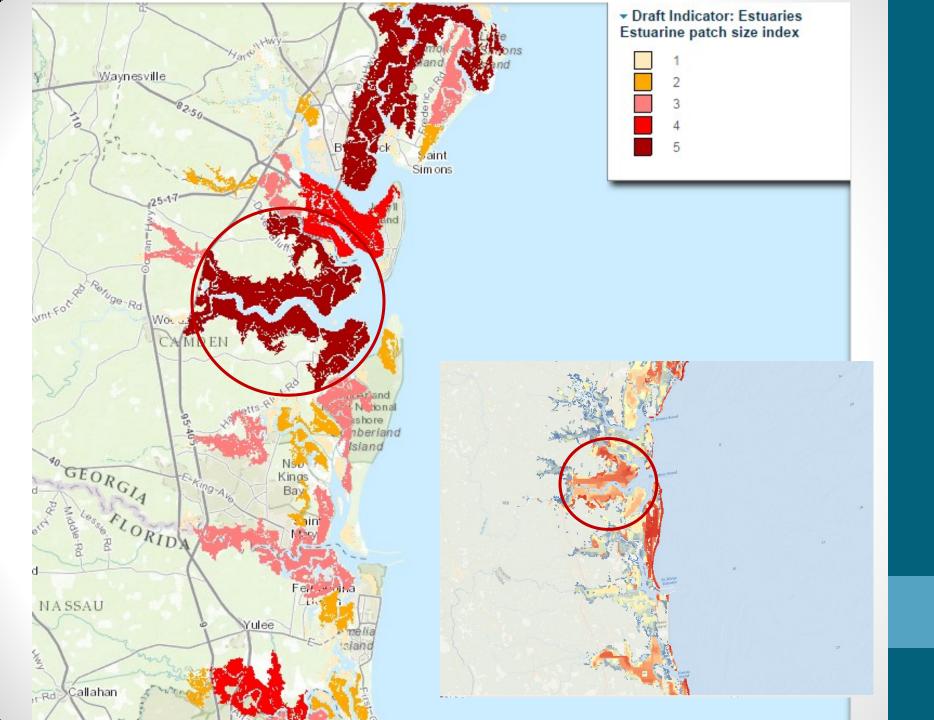


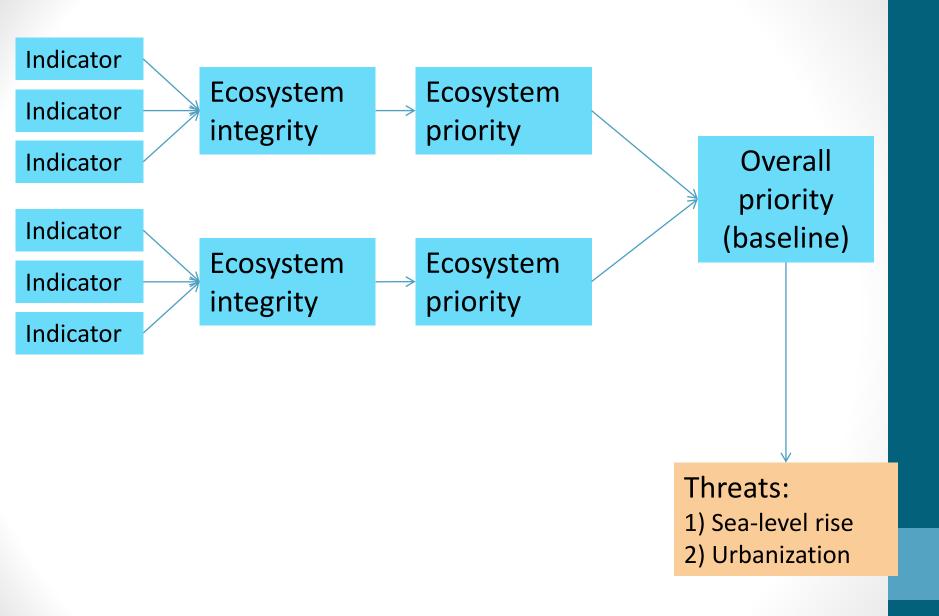
Impact on one indicator as more and more of the landscape is removed from the Blueprint

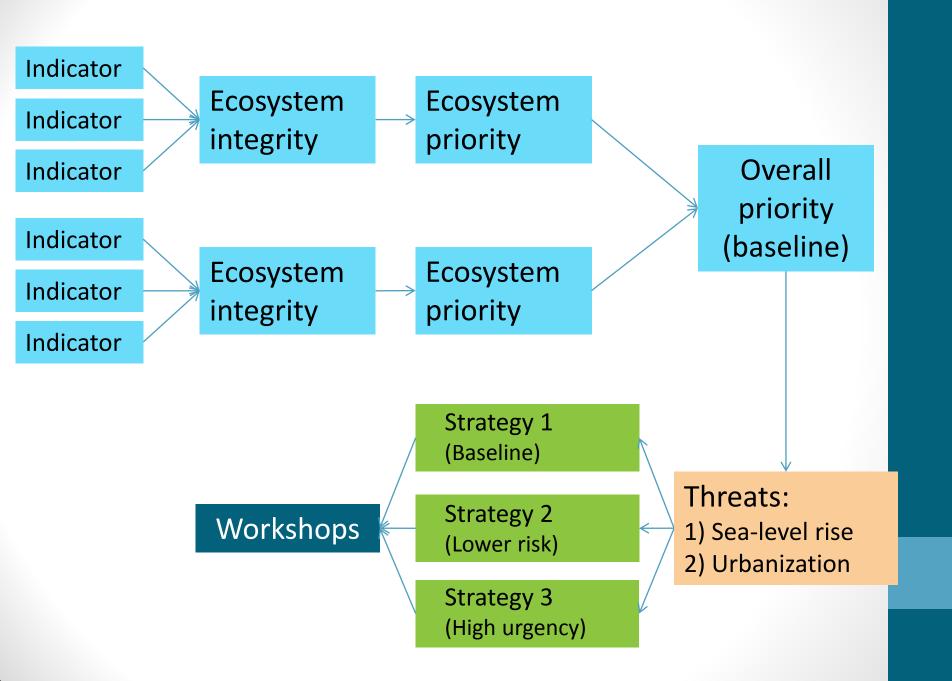




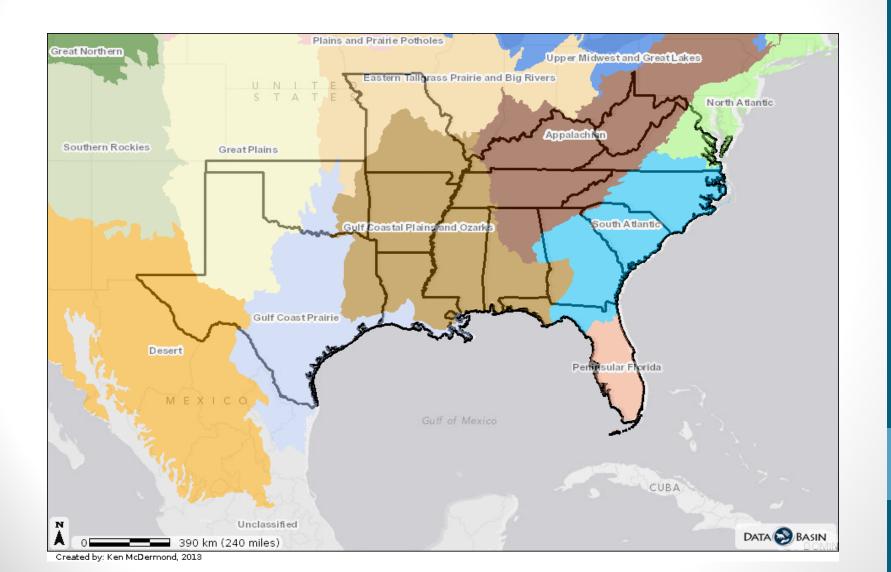








Southeast Conservation Adaptation Strategy



Blueprint Workshops

- Atlanta, GA
 - Workshop #1: March 9, 2015 (9:00am 3:30pm)
 - Workshop #2: March 10, 2015 (9:00am 3:30pm)
- Tallahassee, FL
 - Workshop #3: March 11, 2015 (9:00am 3:30pm)
 - Workshop #4: March 12, 2015 (9:00am 3:30pm)
- Charleston, SC
 - Workshop #5: March 17, 2015 (9:00am 3:30pm)
 - Workshop #6: March 18, 2015 (9:00am 3:30pm)
- Raleigh, NC
 - Workshop #7: April 1 (9:00am 3:30pm)
 - Workshop #8: April 2 (9:00am 3:30pm)

How to get involved in your Cooperative

Join the South Atlantic LCC web community

Connect with a staff member

Communicate with a Steering Committee member

Join a team

http://southatlanticlcc.org

Questions?

- Hilary Morris, Blueprint User Support & Communications
- (919) 707-0252
- hilary morris@fws.gov
- South Atlantic LCC webpage: <u>www.southatlanticlcc.org</u>
- LCC Network webpage: <u>www.lccnetwork.org</u>