### Renewable Energy Mapping and Planning Activities in the South Atlantic

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Brian Krevor, Environmental Protection Specialist

Office of Renewable Energy Programs Bureau of Ocean Energy Management

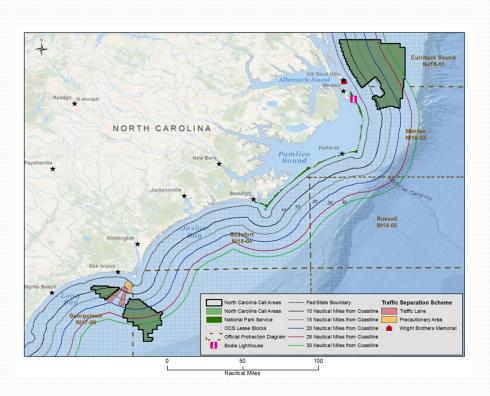
#### Outline

- South Atlantic Overview
- North Carolina
  - Planning Process
  - NEPA Process
- South Carolina Planning Efforts
- BOEM Studies Efforts

### South Atlantic Overview

State	Milestones
North Carolina	<ul> <li>WEAs Announced – August 11, 2014</li> <li>EA Published – January 22, 2015</li> <li>Next Steps: Finalize Environmental Review, Lease Sale</li> </ul>
South Carolina	<ul> <li>Third Task Force Meeting – September 23, 2014</li> <li>Next Steps: Publish Call for Information and Nominations</li> </ul>
Georgia	• EA for Interim Policy Lease – April 1, 2014 Next Steps: Finalize Environmental Review, Issue Interim Policy Lease
Florida	<ul> <li>Interim Policy Lease Issued to FAU – June 1, 2014</li> <li>First Task Force Meeting – December 11, 2014</li> </ul>

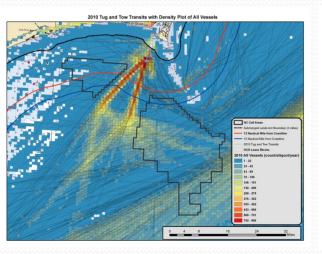
### North Carolina Planning Efforts

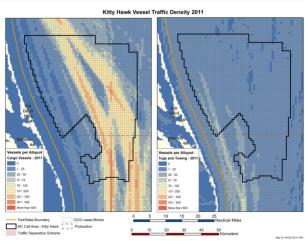


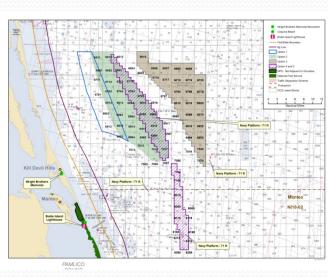
- Call published in December 2013
- Key issues to resolve:
  - Visual impacts from NPS lands
  - Vessel traffic/navigational safety

### North Carolina Planning Efforts: Maritime Concerns

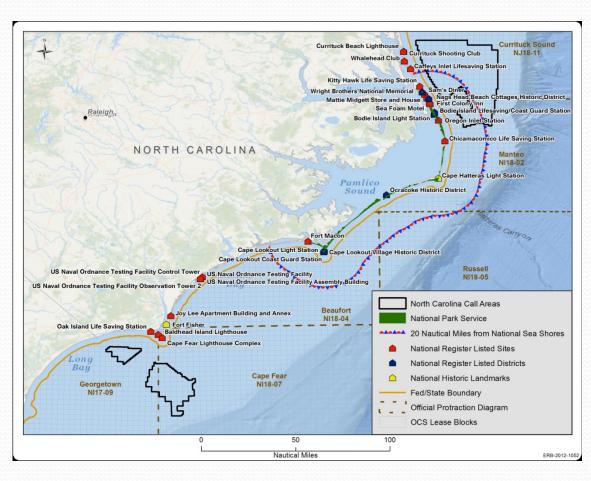
- Maritime stakeholder meetings held:
  - December 2012 Norfolk, VA
  - June 2013 Norfolk and Arlington, VA
- September 2013 questionnaire/survey effort lead by the USCG
  - 100 members





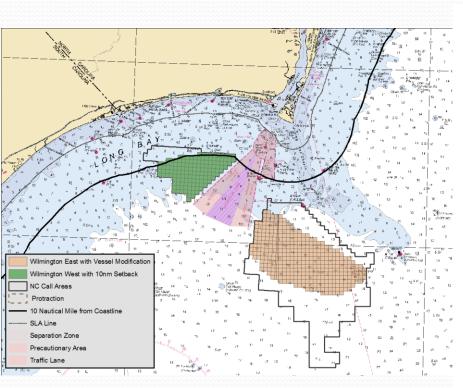


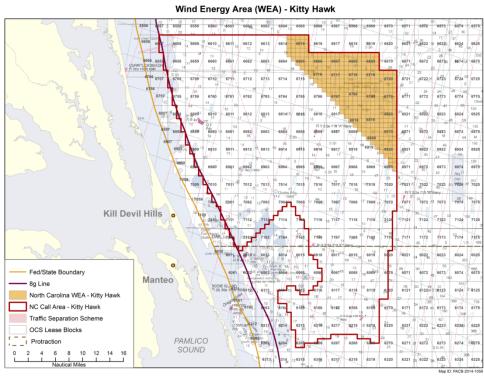
### North Carolina Planning Efforts



- North Carolina Visual Simulation Study
- Public open houses
- Meetings with NPS

## North Carolina Planning Efforts: Wind Energy Areas



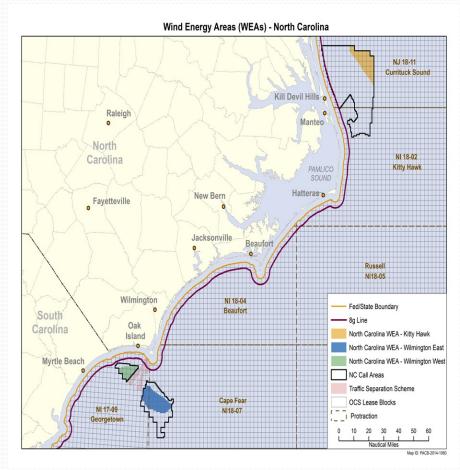


# North Carolina Environmental Assessment (EA)

- The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) was established by Congress in 1969.
- Two primary purposes of NEPA:
  - Informed decisions
  - Public involvement
- North Carolina EA published January 22, 2015
  - Public meetings held in Kitty Hawk, Wilmington, and Carolina Shores, NC
  - 30-day public comment period ended on February 23, 2015

## North Carolina EA: Proposed Action (Alternative A)

- Lease issuance of all three Wind Energy Areas (WEAs)
- Associated site characterization surveys (e.g., shallow hazards, geological, geotechnical, archaeological, and biological surveys)
- Subsequent site assessment activities (e.g., construction and operation of meteorological towers and/or buoys)



### North Carolina EA: Alternatives Considered

Alternative B	Removal of Wilmington West WEA due to migrating North Atlantic right whales
Alternative C	Prohibits high resolution geological and geophysical survey activities from November 1 - April 30 due to migration patterns of North Atlantic right whales
Alternative D	No action

### Impact Producing Factors

- Vessel Traffic
- Noise (Pile Driving, Surveys)
- Vessel Collisions/Allisions
- Bottom Disturbance
- Emissions and Discharges
- Lighting
- Severe Storms
- Visual and Aesthetic Interference





### Environmental and Socioeconomic Resources Considered

- Physical
  - Air Quality
  - Water Quality
- Biological
  - Marine Mammals
  - Sea Turtles
  - Fish and Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
  - Coastal Habitats
  - Benthic Resources
  - Avian and Bat Species

- Socioeconomic
  - Aesthetics and Visual Resources
  - Commercial and Recreational Fishing
  - Cultural Resources
  - Military Uses
  - Environmental Justice
  - Land Use and Coastal Infrastructure
  - Tourism and Recreation
  - Demographics and Employment

## North Carolina EA: Standard Operating Conditions

- Appendix B of the EA
- Based on previous and ongoing consultations with NOAA NMFS and FWS
- Part of the proposed action or "in place"
- Developed to reduce or eliminate the potential for environmental risks
- Enforced through lease stipulations or terms and conditions of plan approval
- Include vessel strike avoidance measures, protected species observers (PSO), exclusion zones, and ramp up requirements

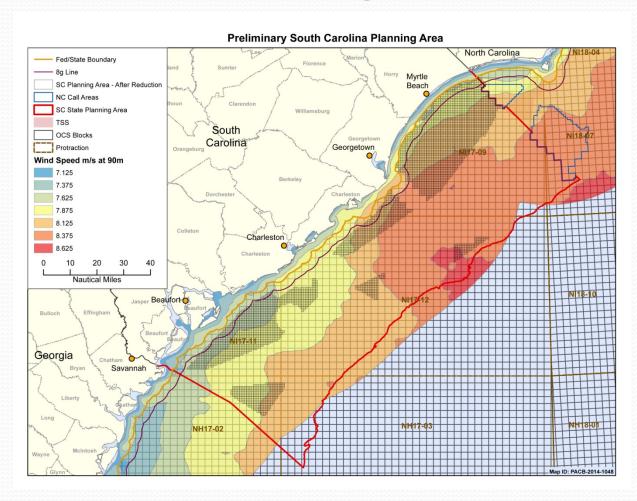
### North Carolina EA: Next Steps

Based on the nature and extent of comments received, we may:

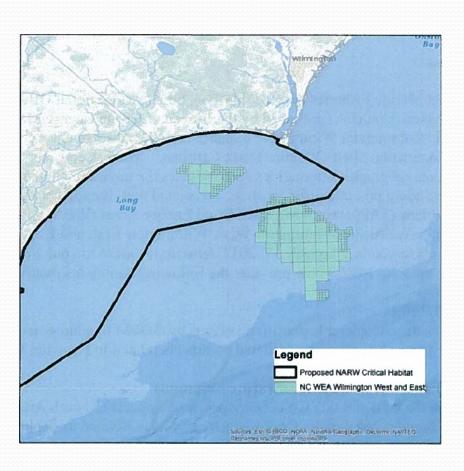
- Publish a Finding No Significant Impacts (FONSI);
- Revise the EA; or
- Determine that an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is required.

### South Carolina Planning Efforts

- Three task force meetings held
- Areas removed for conflicts with military uses and navigational safety



## Proposed North Atlantic Right Whale Critical Habitat



- On February 20, 2015, NOAA NMFS proposed the expansion of critical habitat for North Atlantic right whales
- 60-day public comment period
- Proposed Southeastern U.S. Calving Critical Habitat

### Recent Study Highlights

- Collaboration in Wilmington-East Call Area
  - UNC Institute of Marine Sciences
  - Geodynamics
  - NOAA's Center for Coastal Habitat & Fisheries Research
  - BOEM
- Main Objectives:
  - To obtain spatially explicit information on where wind energy development can avoid known stakeholder conflicts (fishing, diving, and ecotourism)
  - To obtain spatially explicit information about the seafloor in Wilmington-East
  - To better understand the ecology of these benthic habitats and value to fishes for marine spatial planning



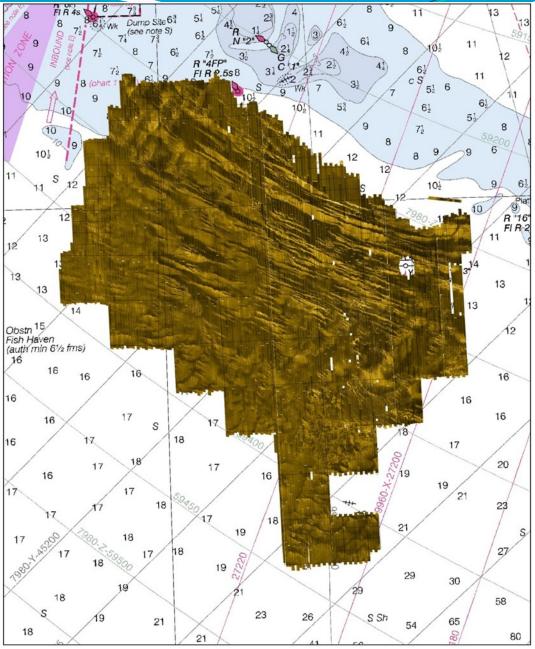






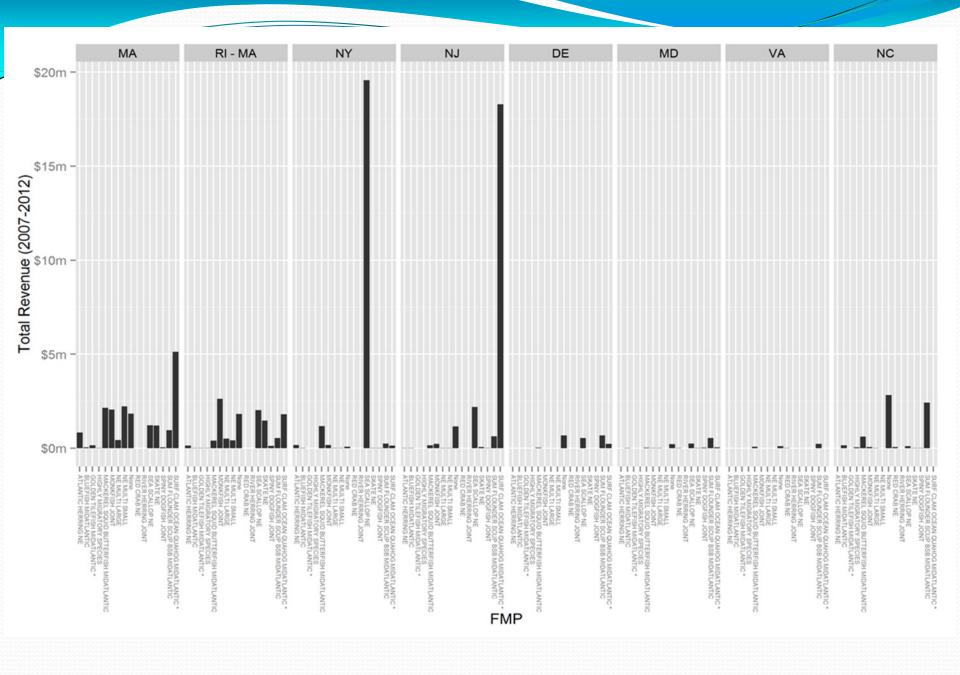






### Recent Study Highlights

- Socio-Economic Impact of OCS Wind Development on Fishing
  - An inter-agency agreement with NEFSC Woods Hole.
  - Uses combination of dealer and VTR reports to obtain a spatially-explicit revenue model.
  - Provides detailed "exposure" of revenue obtained from wind energy areas.
  - Covers Massachusetts to North Carolina.



### Other Studies: Biological

- Use of Northeast Coastal Ocean Forecast System in Offshore Wind Energy Resource Planning (Southern New England/Mid-Atlantic) - UMass
- EMF impact studies are continuing:
  - EMF model-based assessment and literature review is completed.
  - Atlantic EMF study (Long Island Sound) on elasmobranch (sharks, rays and skates) and American lobster movement and migration. – URI/Cranfield University
- Effects of Pile Driving Sounds on Auditory and Non-Auditory Tissues of Fish.
- Assessing Potential Impacts of Offshore Wind Farm Development on Fisheries Resources(Southern New England)- Commercial Fisheries Research Foundation
- Benthic Habitat Assessment (Southern New England/Mid-Atlantic) NEFSC Sandy Hook
- Lobster Cooperative Ventless Trap Study (Southern New England) URI

#### Other Studies: Socioeconomic

- Development of Mitigation Measures to Address Potential Use Conflicts Between the Wind and Commercial Fishing Industries (nine workshops from Maine to NC)
- Collaborative Fisheries Planning for Virginia's Offshore Wind Energy Area - Virginia Department of Environmental Quality
- Digitization of 1976 Anglers Guide to the United States Coast

### Questions?

Brian Krevor, Environmental Protection Specialist

Brian.Krevor@boem.gov

703-787-1346