

# DISTRIBUTION OF SPECKLED HIND & WARSAW GROUPER IN THE U.S. SOUTH ATLANTIC

Southeast Regional Office

St. Petersburg, Florida

SAFMC Meeting Wilmington, North Carolina December 3-7, 2012



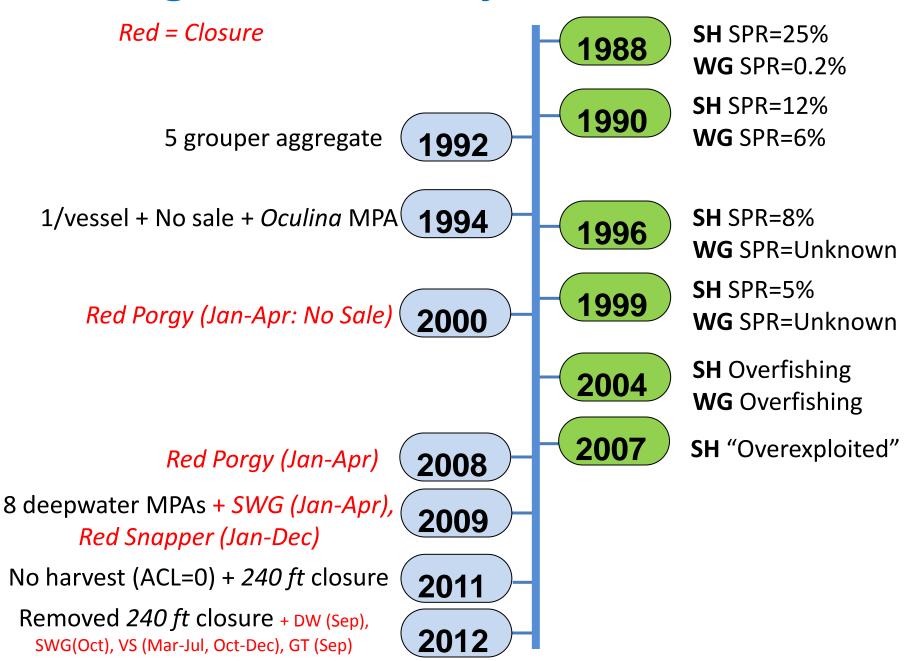


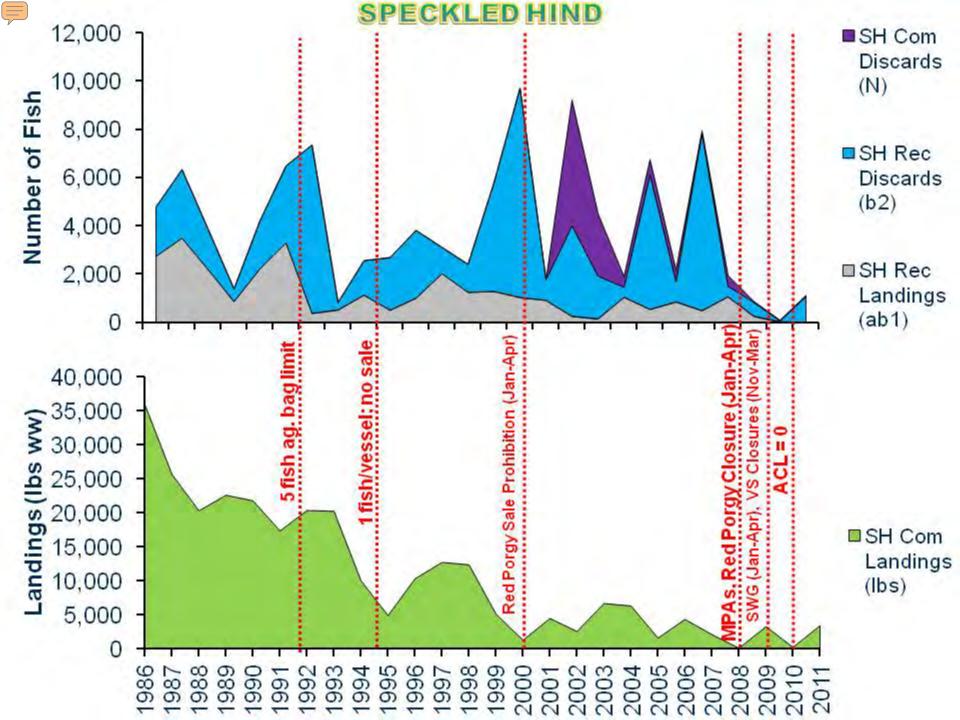
## Outline

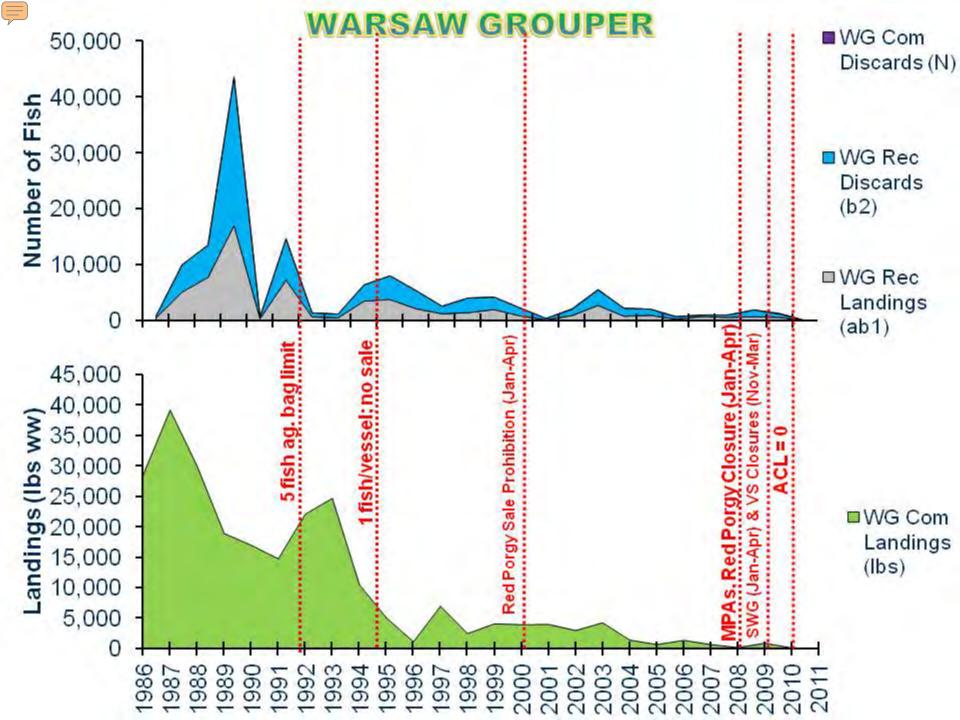
- 1. Management history vs. stock status
- 2. Landing and discard trends for SH & WG
- 3. Observed and modeled distribution of SH & WG
- 4. Theory and description of spatial closures
- 5. Impacts of spatial closures on SH, WG
- 6. Impacts on harvest of associated stocks

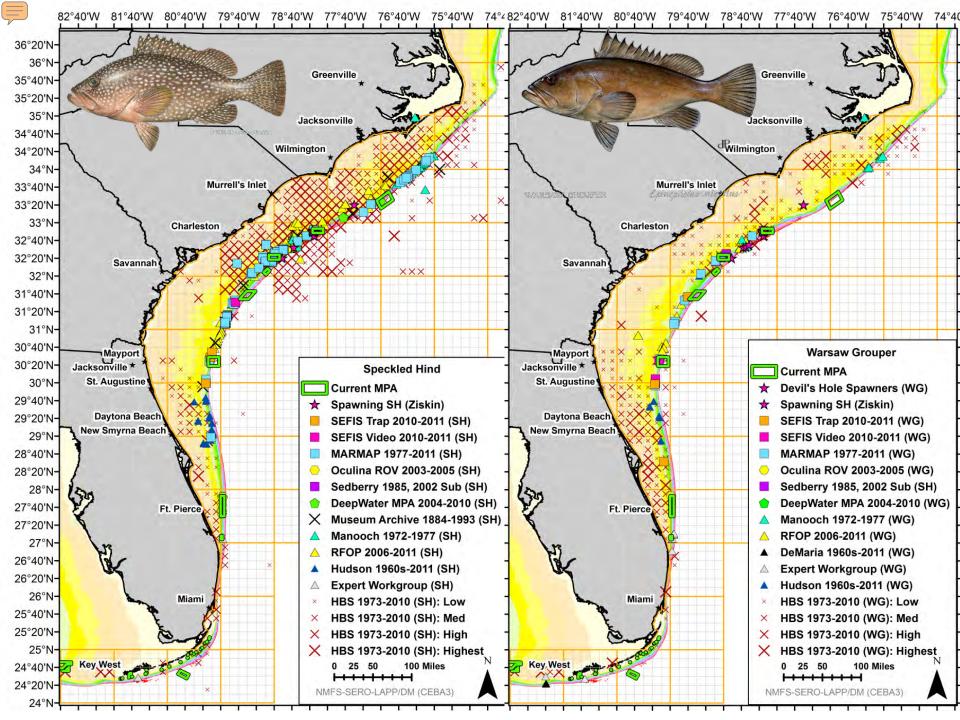


# Management History vs. Stock Status











### **CLOSED AREAS FOR SH & WG**

### Depth: 25-100 fathoms

Higher probability of encounter

Likely >50% release mortality

> percentage mature fish

### Alignment and size: Large, Shelf-Edge

Cover likely foraging and spawning habitats

Efficiency and enforceability

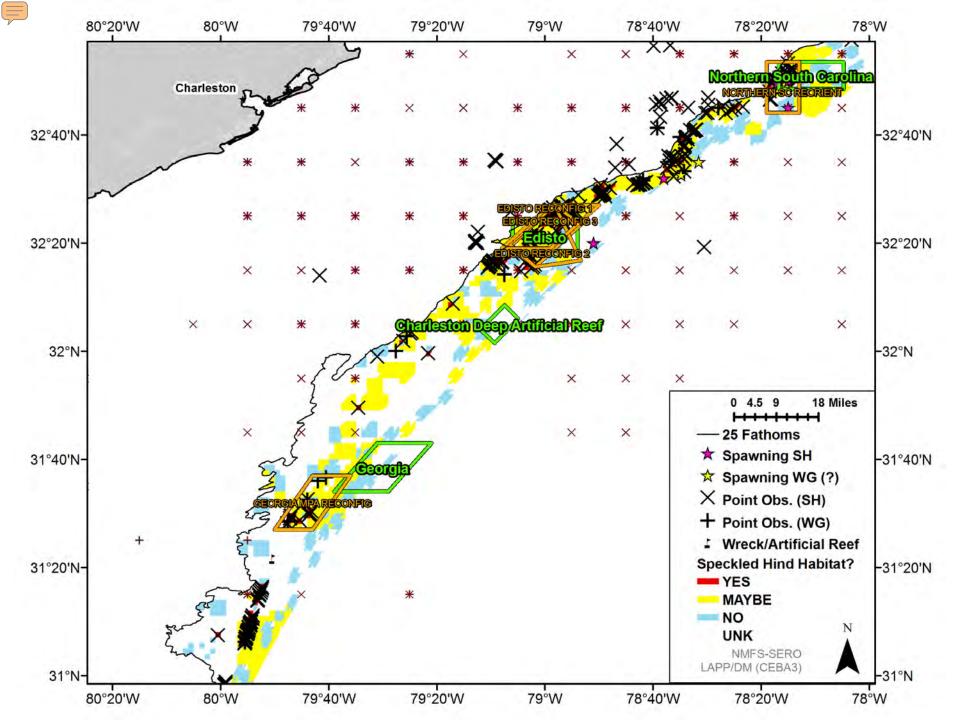
### **Location selection: Source Habitats**

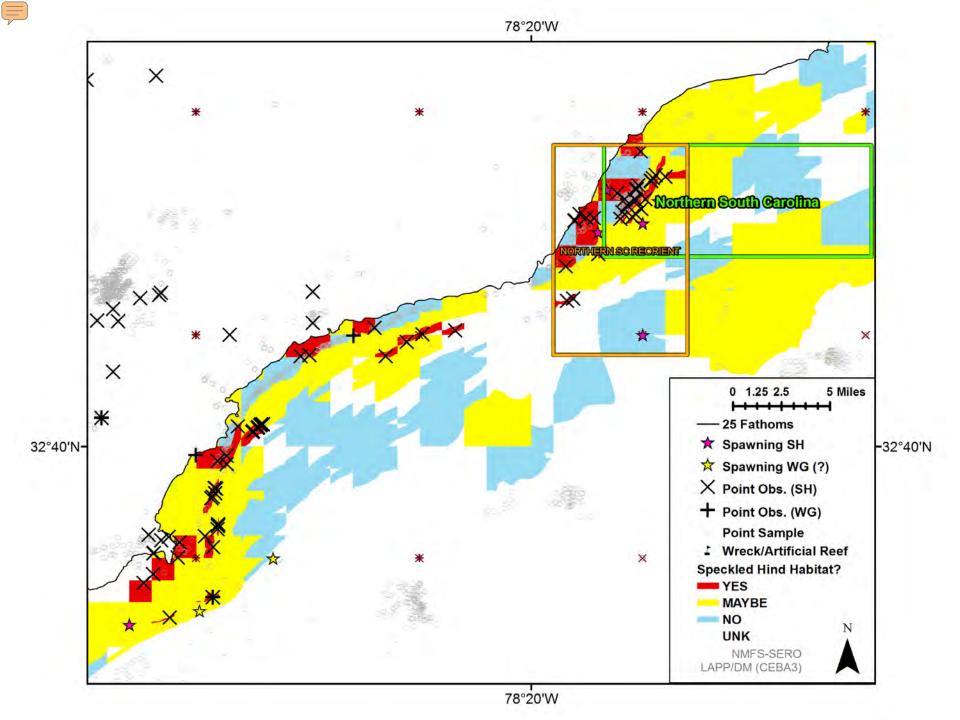
Documented occurrences (i.e., point observations)

Documented hardbottom habitat

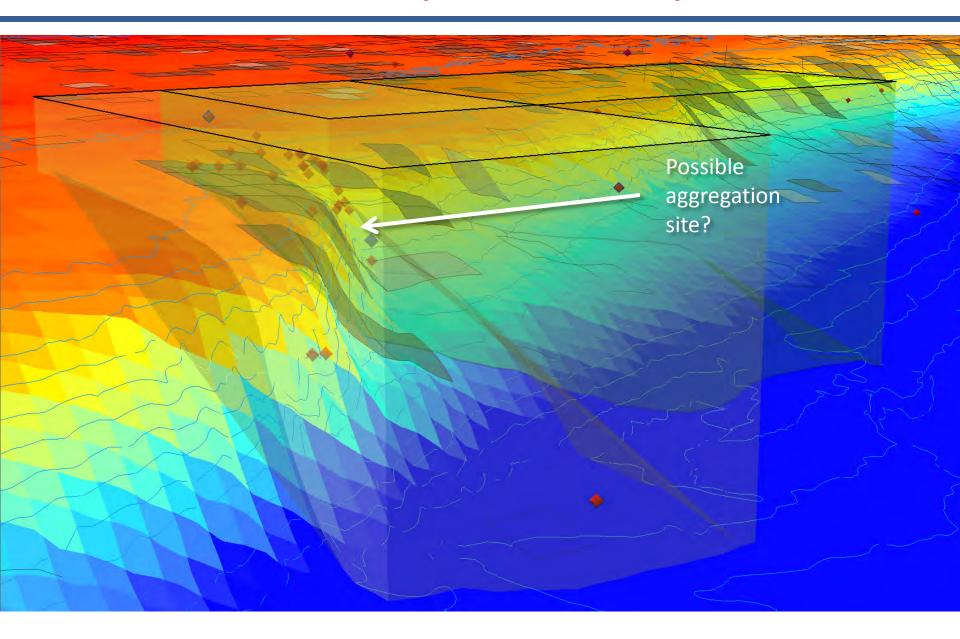
Extend/modify existing MPAs or expand network

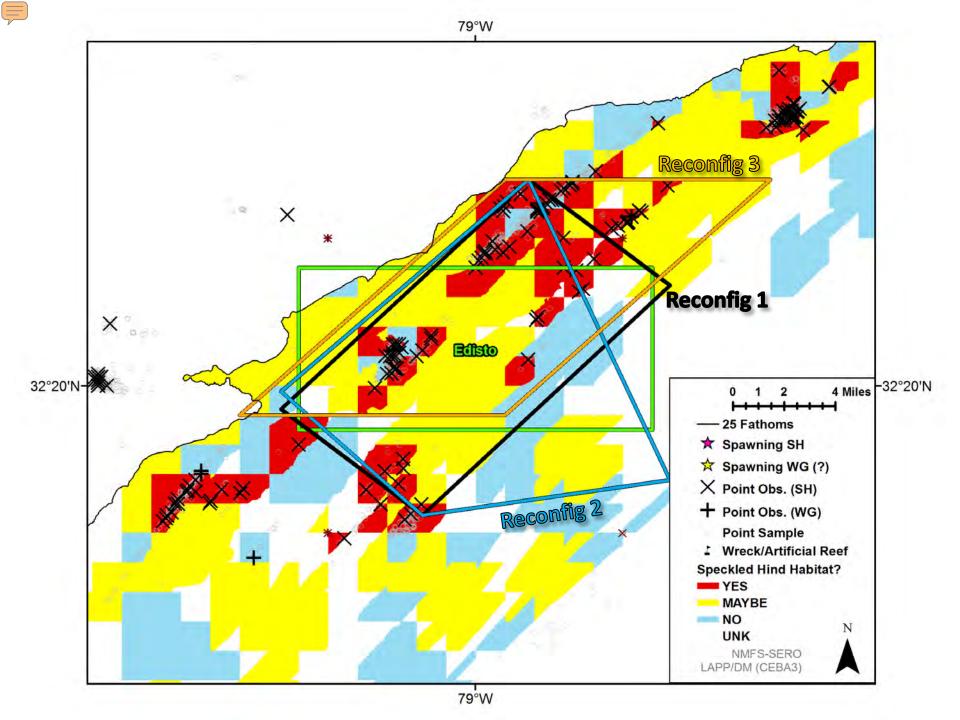
MPA	HABITAT	STOCKS PROTECTED	COMMENTS
Snowy	Wreck + Deep	snowy grouper, speckled hind, gag, red	spawning aggregations
Wreck	HB	porgy, red grouper, graysby, and hogfish	of snowy grouper (?)
Northern SC	Shelf Edge HB	snowy grouper, yellowedge grouper, speckled hind, small vermilion snapper, red porgy, triggerfish, and gag	
Edisto	Shelf Edge HB	vermilion snapper, red porgy, gag, scamp, black sea bass, juvenile snowy grouper, speckled hind, and blueline tilefish	may be larval source/sink due to Charleston Gyre
Charleston Deep	No HB		artificial reef never implemented
Georgia	Mud	tilefish	east of popular fishing ground
North Florida	Shelf Edge HB + Mud	snowy grouper, speckled hind, tilefish, vermilion snapper, hogfish, scamp, red porgy, and tomtate	popular fishing grounds to north and south
Oculina ECA	Deepwater Coral	snowy grouper, speckled hind, warsaw grouper, deepwater complex	protect coral from shrimp trawling
St. Lucie Hump	Shelf HB	speckled hind, juvenile snowy grouper, warsaw grouper, black sea bass, red porgy, and red snapper	
East Hump	Deep HB + Mud	snowy grouper, warsaw grouper, tilefish	



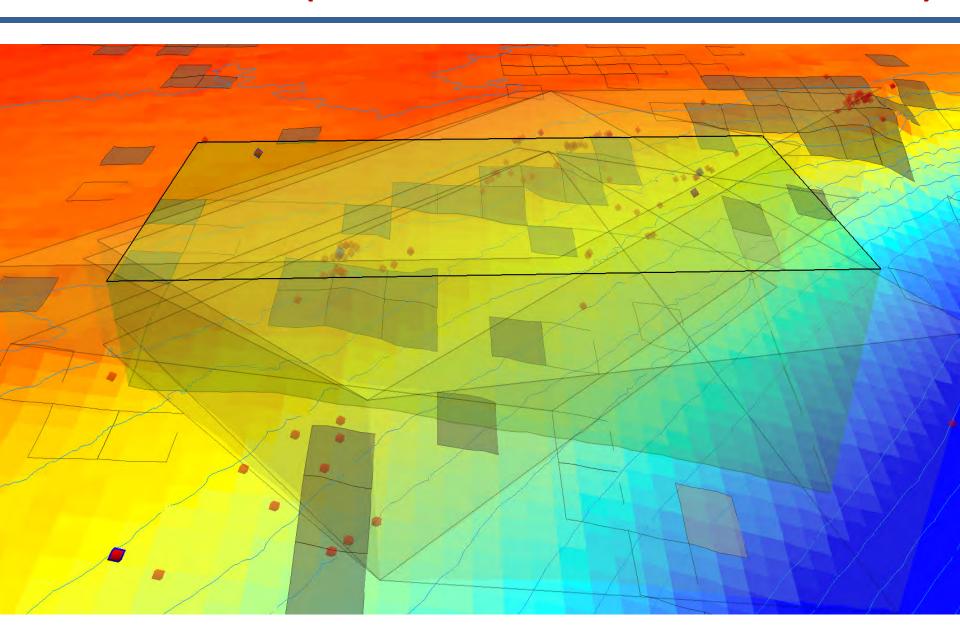


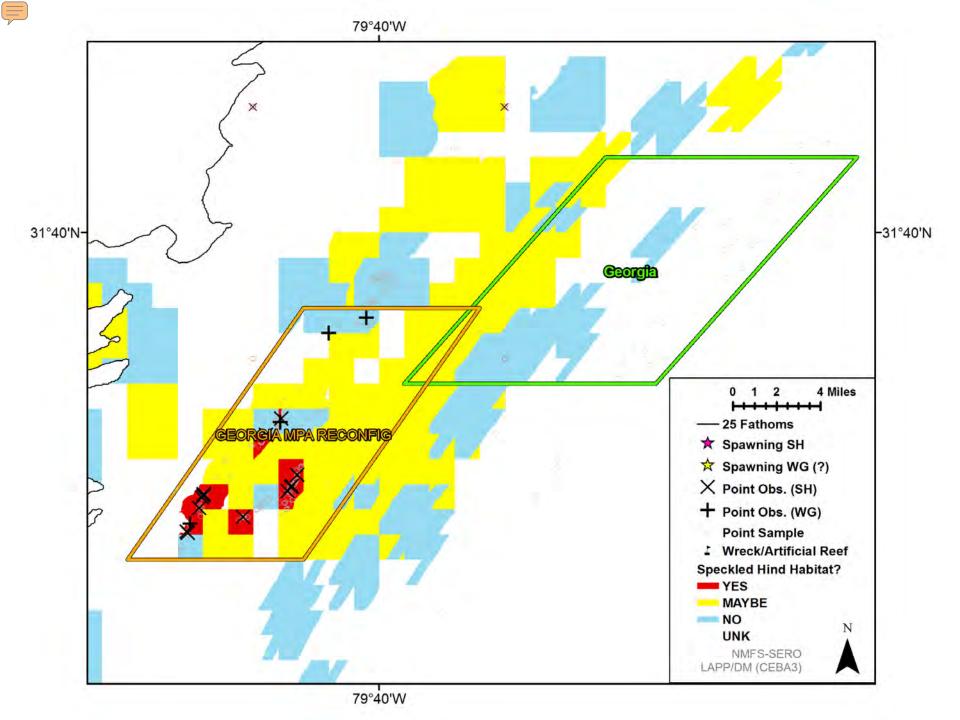
# NORTHERN SC (REORIENT)



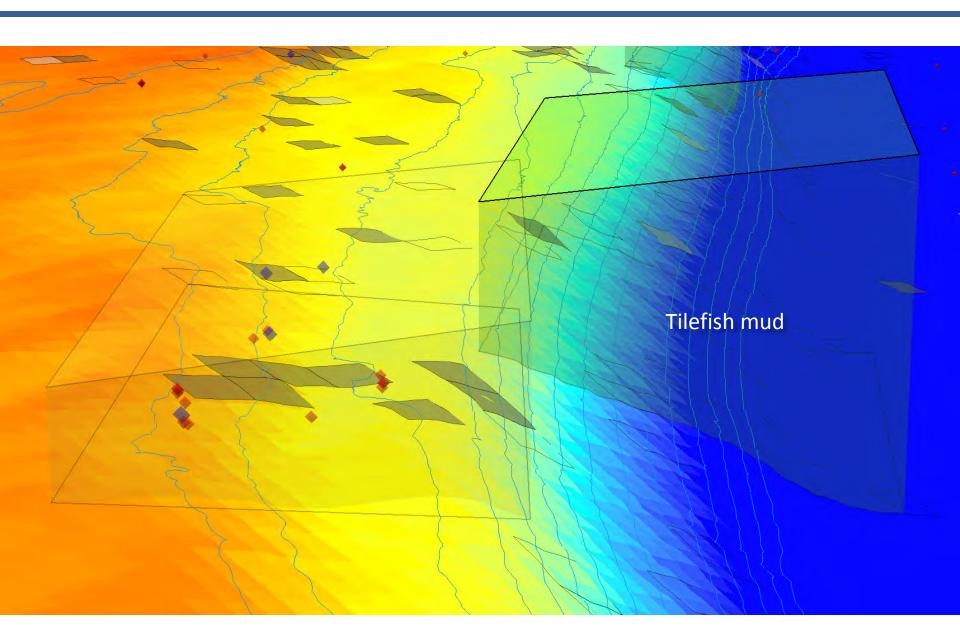


# EDISTO SC (REORIENT/RECONFIGURE)

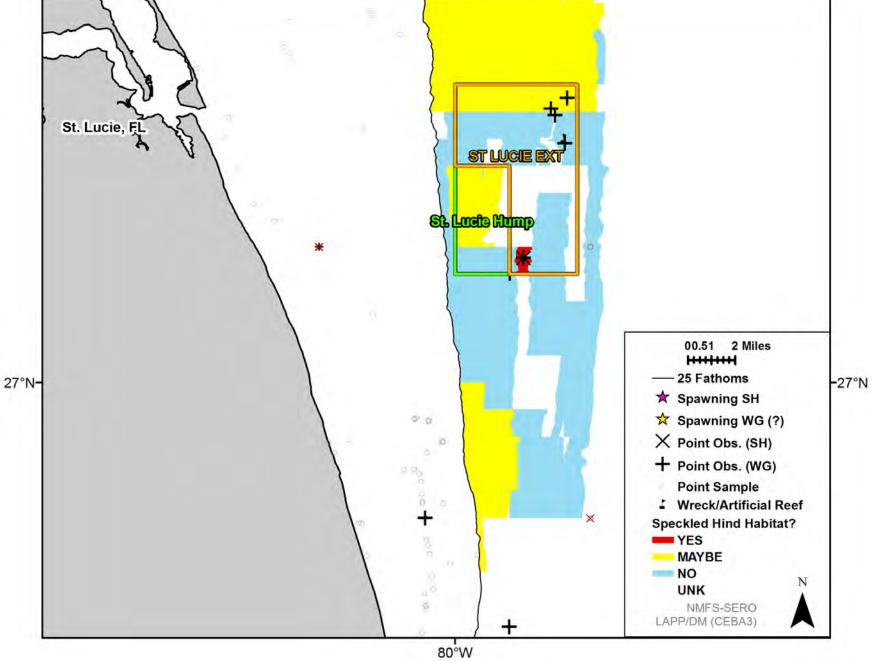




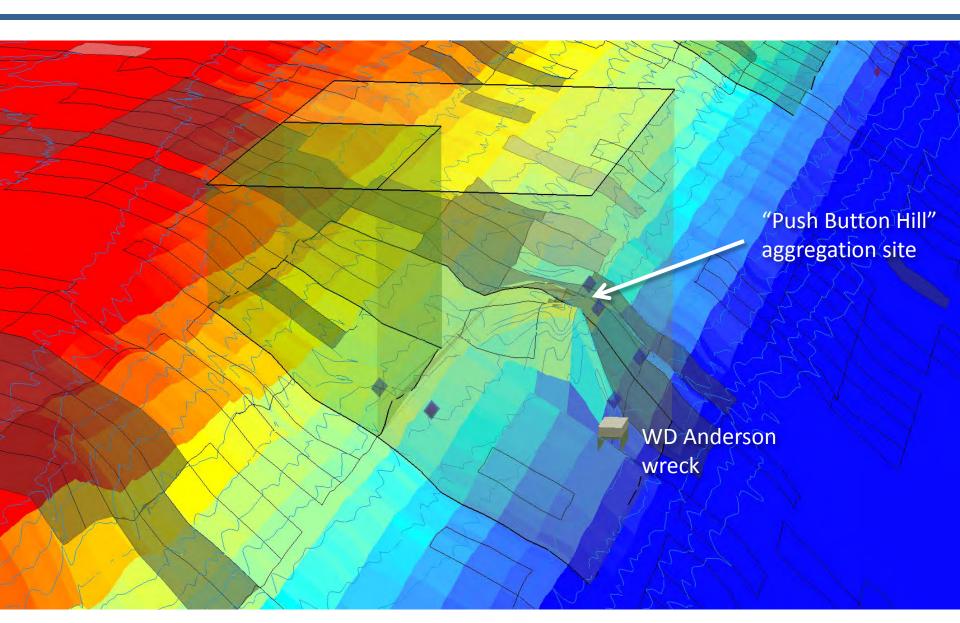
# GEORGIA (RELOCATE)







# ST. LUCIE (RELOCATE/EXTEND)







### IMPACTS OF CLOSED AREAS

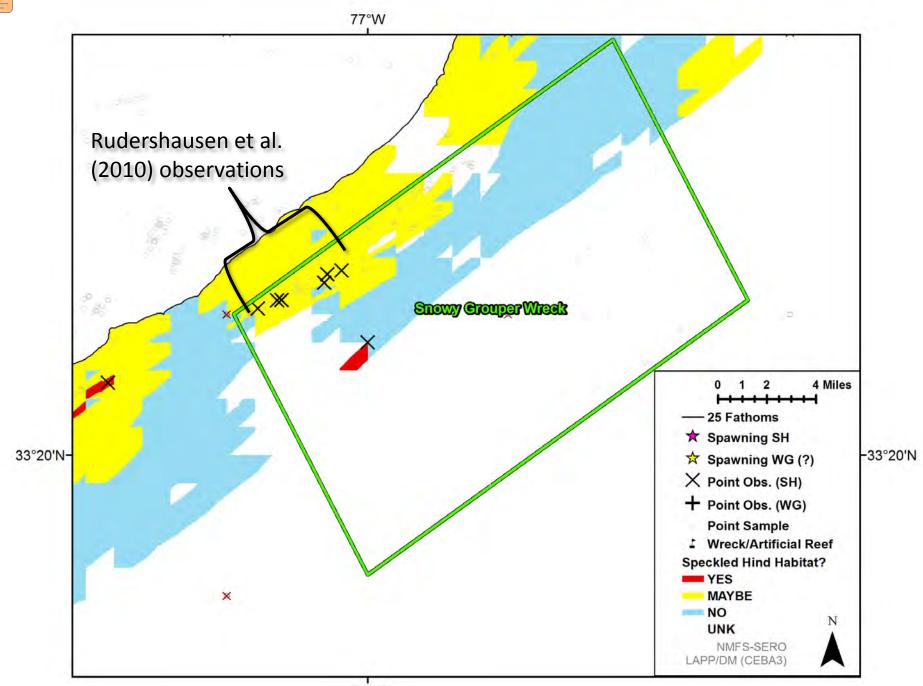
Evaluated existing and proposed closed areas:

Qualitative Habitat Suitability ratio of known and probable areas

**Quantitative Habitat Suitability**ratio of area-weighted probabilities

**Percent Obs./Gear Samples** 

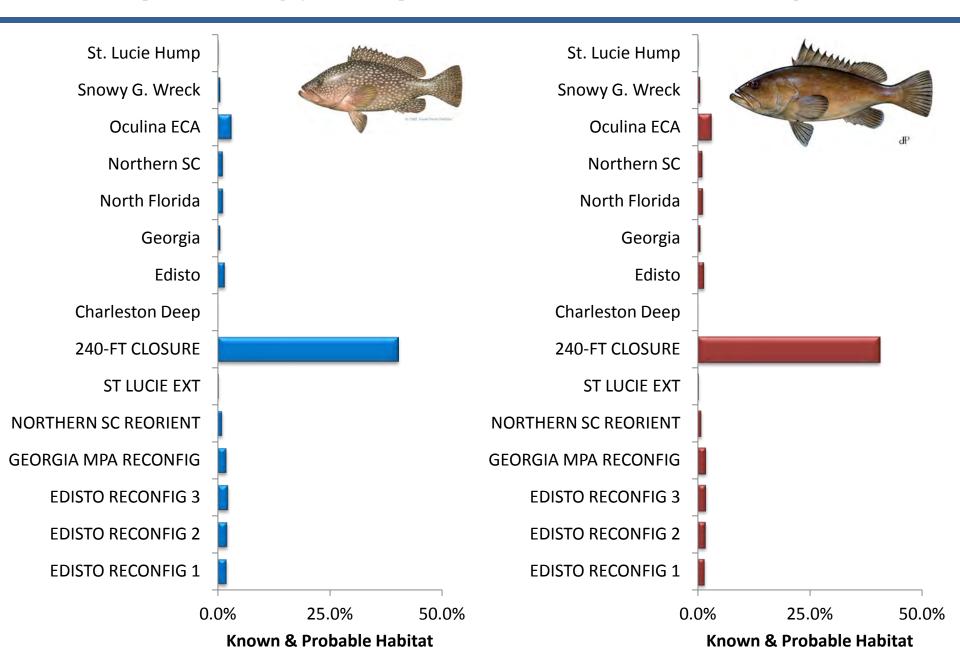
fishery-dependent (FD) and fisheryindependent (FID) ratios of positive obs. to samples



77°W

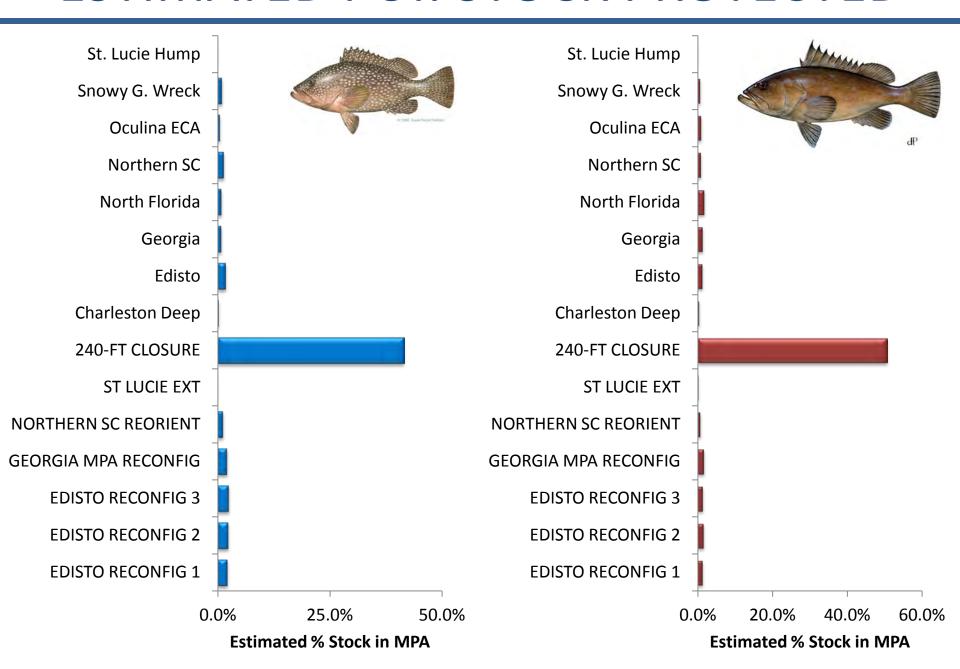


### **KNOWN & PROBABLE HABITATS**

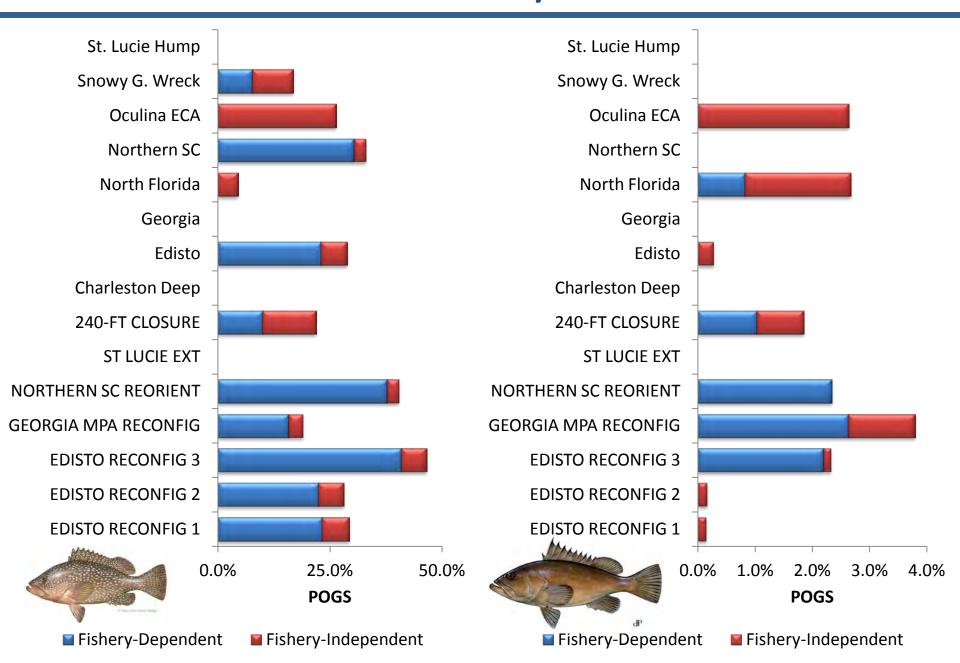




### ESTIMATED PCT. STOCK PROTECTED



# POS. OBSERVATIONS / GEAR SAMPLE





# **CLOSURE IMPACTS: SPECKLED HIND**

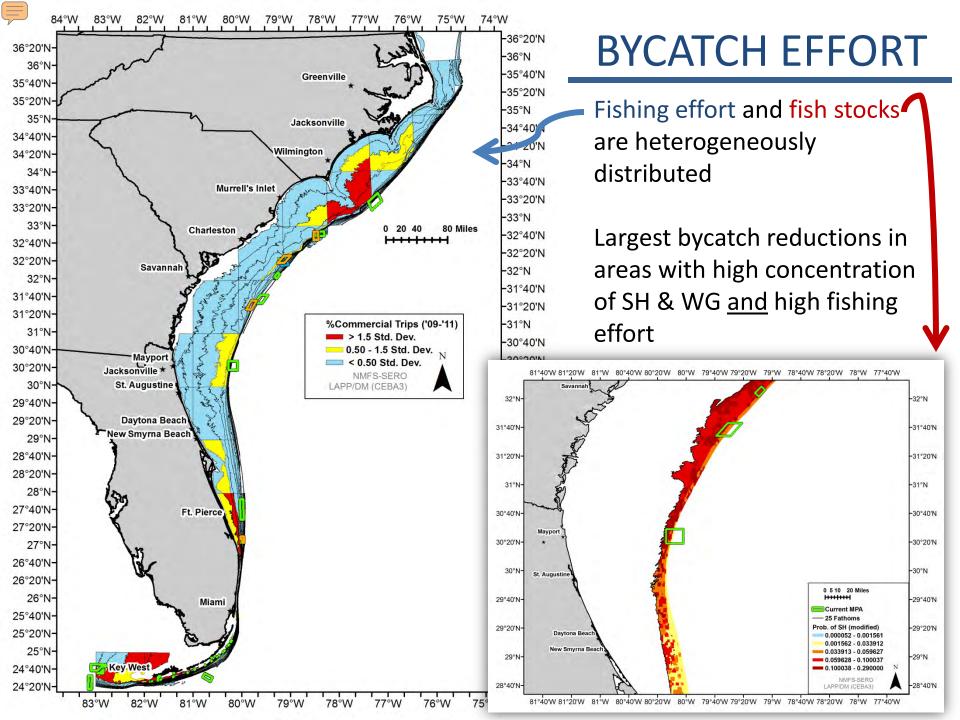
				PosObs/Sample		PosObs/Sample HABITA		LITY
NAME	AREA (km2)	STATE	POS. OBS.	FID	FD	KNOWN	KNOWN 8 PROB.	% STOCK
EDISTO RECONFIG 1	196.3	SC	68	6.0%	23.2%	16.8%	2.0%	2.2%
EDISTO RECONFIG 2	234.0	NC	57	5.6%	22.5%	14.1%	2.1%	2.4%
EDISTO RECONFIG 3	208.7	SC	253	5.5%	41.0%	17.9%	2.3%	2.5%
GEORGIA MPA RECONFIG	204.7	FL	14	3.1%	15.8%	4.9%	1.9%	2.1%
NORTHERN SC REORIENT	162.8	SC	112	2.6%	37.7%	6.1%	1.0%	1.2%
ST LUCIE EXT	71.7	FL	1	no samp.	no samp.	0.4%	0.2%	0.0%
Charleston Deep	66.0	SC	0	no samp.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%
Edisto	185.6	SC	31	5.7%	23.1%	8.1%	1.6%	1.8%
Georgia	154.8	GA	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.8%
North Florida	152.3	FL	8	4.3%	0.1%	1.6%	1.2%	0.8%
Northern SC	171.7	SC	22	2.7%	30.3%	3.2%	1.1%	1.3%
Oculina ECA	279.2	FL	10	26.3%	no samp.	3.8%	3.1%	0.5%
Snowy G. Wreck	187.4	NC	2	9.1%	7.7%	0.4%	0.6%	0.9%
St. Lucie Hump	24.4	FL	0	no samp.	no samp.	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%
EXISTING	1221		73			17%	8%	6%
MAX RECONFIG	1333		400			35%	10%	8%
240-FT CLOSURE	13642	EEZ	1545			28.2%	40.2%	41.5%

# CLOSURE IMPACTS: WARSAW GROUPER

				PosObs/Sample		PosObs/Sample HABITAT SU		SUITABILITY	
NAME	AREA (km2)	STATE	POS. OBS.	FID	FD	KNOWN	KNOWN 8 PROB.	% STOCK	
EDISTO RECONFIG 1	196.3	SC	1	0.1%	0.0%	1.2%	1.6%	1.3%	
EDISTO RECONFIG 2	234.0	NC	1	0.2%	0.0%	1.2%	1.8%	1.6%	
EDISTO RECONFIG 3	208.7	SC	12	0.1%	2.2%	2.4%	1.9%	1.4%	
GEORGIA MPA RECONFIG	204.7	FL	4	1.2%	2.6%	11.2%	1.9%	1.7%	
NORTHERN SC REORIENT	162.8	SC	7	0.0%	2.3%	2.5%	0.8%	0.7%	
ST LUCIE EXT	71.7	FL	6	no samp.	no samp.	6.5%	0.2%	0.2%	
Charleston Deep	66.0	SC	0	no samp.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	
Edisto	185.6	SC	1	0.3%	0.0%	1.2%	1.4%	1.2%	
Georgia	154.8	GA	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	1.3%	
North Florida	152.3	FL	11	1.8%	0.8%	4.5%	1.2%	1.7%	
Northern SC	171.7	SC	1	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%	1.1%	0.8%	
Oculina ECA	279.2	FL	1	2.6%	no samp.	2.6%	3.1%	0.9%	
Snowy G. Wreck	187.4	NC	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.6%	
St. Lucie Hump	24.4	FL	0	no samp.	no samp.	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	
EXISTING	1221		14			11%	8%	7%	
MAX RECONFIG	1333		41			30%	10%	8%	
240-FT CLOSURE	13642	EEZ	173		_	31.7%	40.5%	50.5%	

# SPAWNING AGGREGATIONS?

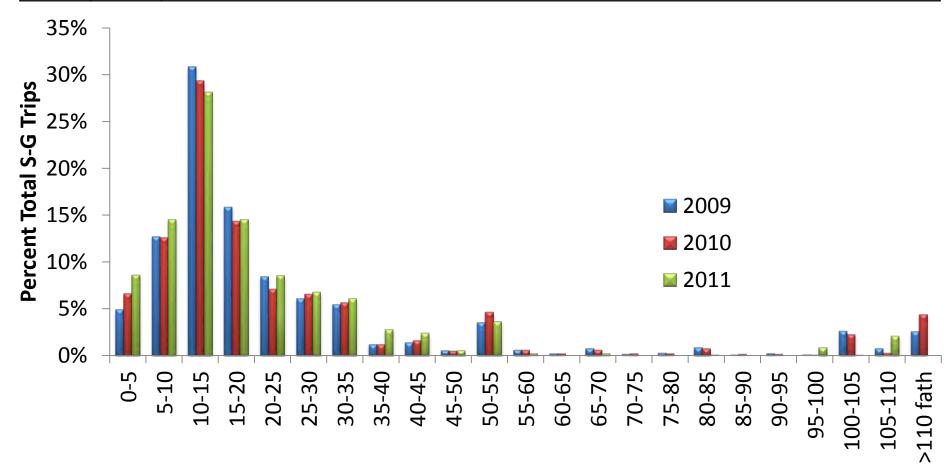
	FISH	I SPAWNING	AGGREGATION	SITE?
NAME	Speckled Hind	Warsaw Grouper	Snapper- Grouper	Geomorphology
Charleston Deep				NOT LIKELY
Edisto	OBSERVED		OBSERVED	POSSIBLE
Georgia				NOT LIKELY
North Florida				POSSIBLE
Northern SC	OBSERVED		OBSERVED	POSSIBLE
Oculina ECA				POSSIBLE
Snowy Grouper Wreck				LIKELY
St. Lucie Hump				POSSIBLE
FKNMS SPAs & Ers			OBSERVED	VERY LIKELY
EDISTO RECONFIGS 1, 2, 3	OBSERVED		OBSERVED	POSSIBLE
GEORGIA MPA RECONFIG				POSSIBLE
NORTHERN SC REORIENT	OBSERVED		OBSERVED	LIKELY
ST LUCIE EXT			ANECDOTAL	VERY LIKELY





# 240-FT (40-FATHOM) CLOSURE

Year	Trips in >240 ft					Landings	s > 10,000	lbs (ww)			
2009	15%	blueline tilefish	golden tilefish	greater amberjack	snowy grouper	vermilion snapper	scamp	yellowedge grouper	gag	almaco jack red grouper	black grouper
2010	17%	greater amberjack	golden tilefish	blueline tilefish	snowy grouper	vermilion snapper	almaco jack	gray triggerfish	yellowedge grouper	scamp	
2011	10%	golden tilefish	greater amberjack	blueline tilefish	almaco jack	vermilion snapper	gray triggerfish				

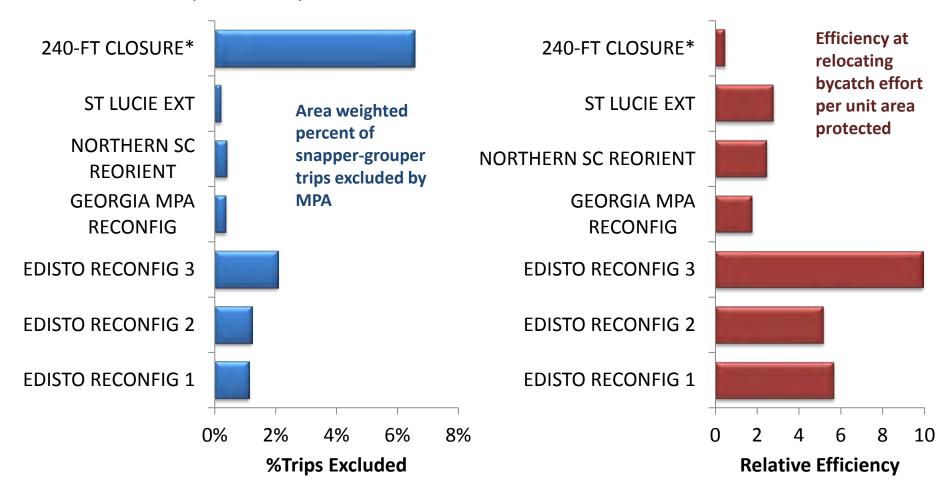


**Fishing Depth (fathoms)** 



### **EXCLUDED BYCATCH EFFORT**

Using 2010 commercial logbook trips as a baseline, assumed logbook effort uniformly distributed within depth grid, and VL and LL trips between 25-100 fathoms would potentially interact with SH and WG:



<sup>\*</sup>Based on ratio of percent of 2010 to 2011 trips beyond 40 fathoms



## IMPACTS ON ASSOCIATED STOCKS

Determined species associated with speckled hind and warsaw grouper using percent co-occurrence, hierarchical cluster analysis, and dimension reduction analysis

Overlaid proposed MPAs on commercial (1° tall  $\times$  5 fa) and headboat (1/6°  $\times$  1/6°) mean landings (2009-2011)

Potential reduction in landings for MPA *i* computed as:

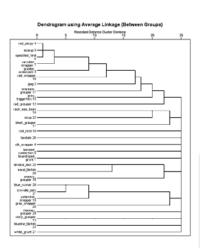
$$\%Impact_i = \overline{\%Landings_i^{2009-2011}} * \frac{area_i^{protected}}{area_i^{total}}$$

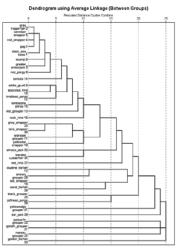
#### **Assumptions:**

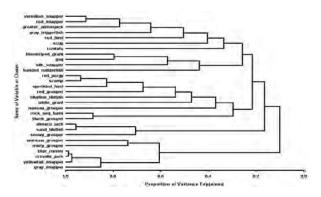
Landings uniformly distributed in logbook-areas
Historical locations are predictive
No effort shifting

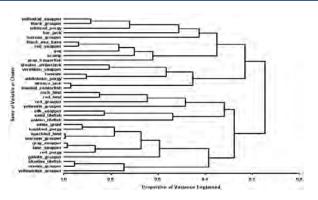


# **ASSOCIATED STOCKS**

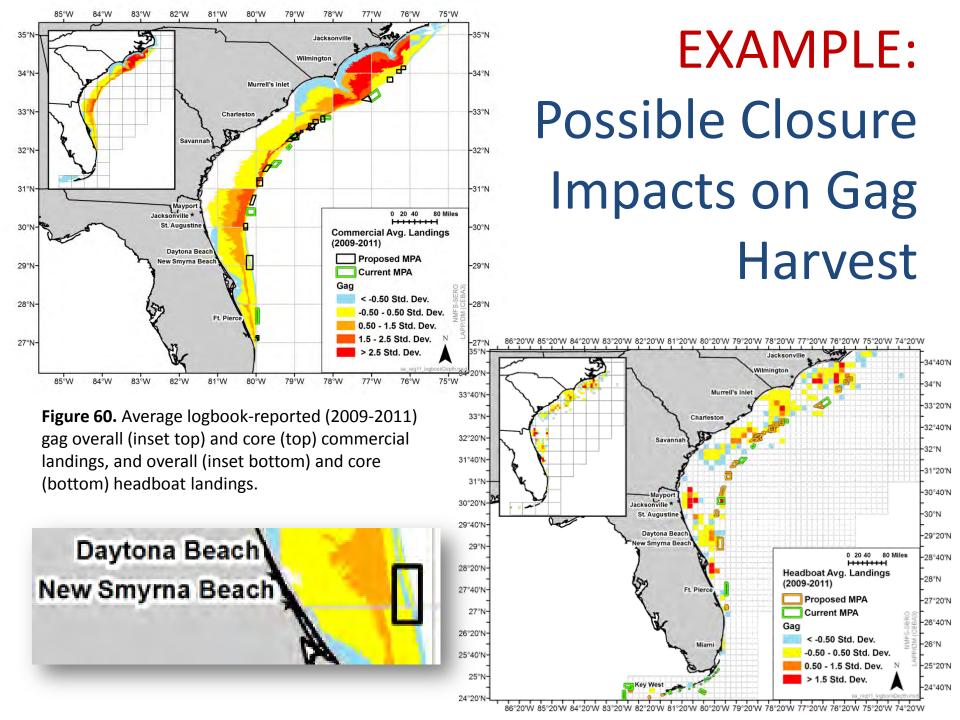


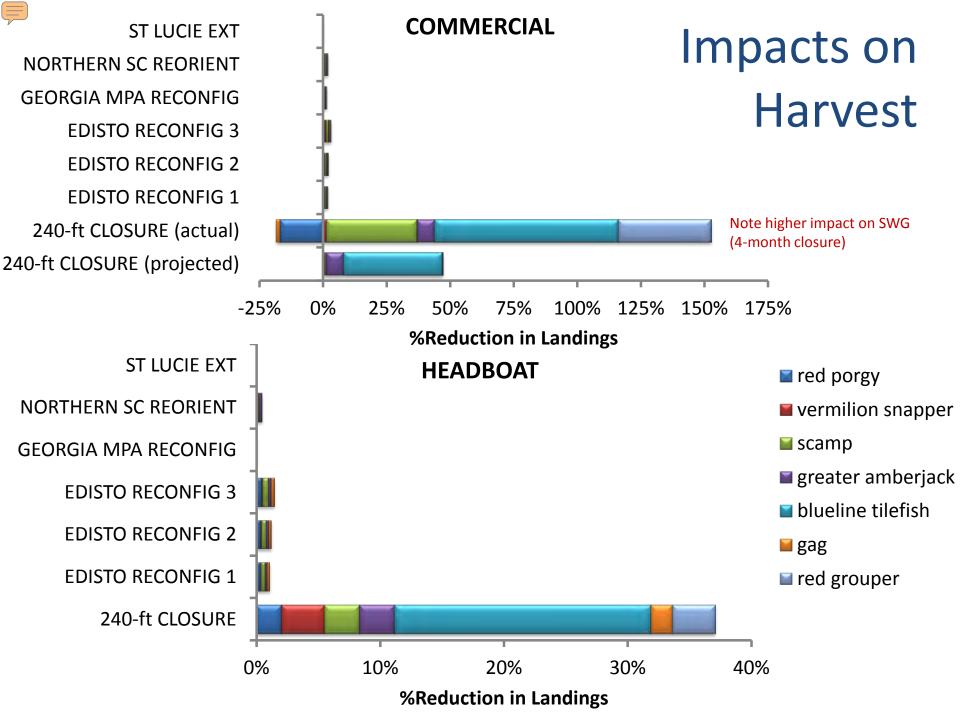






	With Spec	kled Hind	With Warsaw Grouper				
Rank	Commercial	Headboat	Commercial	Headboat			
1	red porgy	vermilion snapper	red porgy	gray triggerfish			
2	scamp	gray triggerfish	scamp	black sea bass			
3	vermilion snapper	scamp	vermilion snapper	red snapper			
4	greater amberjack	red porgy	greater amberjack	gag			
5	red snapper	tomtate	speckled hind	gray snapper			
6	gag	white grunt	red snapper	lane snapper			
7	red grouper	knobbed porgy	gag	vermilion snapper			
8	gray triggerfish	greater amberjack	gray triggerfish	tomtate			
9	warsaw grouper	gag	red grouper	scamp			
10	rock sea bass	red snapper	red hind	whitebone porgy			
11	snowy grouper	black sea bass		greater amberjack			







### Discussion: MPA Selection

- 1. High FD- and FID-Positive Observations / Gear Sample
- 2. High modeled percent stock
- 3. High percentage of 'Known & Probable' habitat
- 4. Low predicted impacts on harvest of associated stocks
- 5. High efficiency per unit area
- 6. Contain known spawning locations





### **SUMMARY: BEST MPAs**

		SPECKLED HIND						WARSAW GROUPER							
			ish Spawning Aggregation		PosObs/ Sample		HABITAT SUITABILITY			PosObs/ Sample		HABITAT SUITABILITY		ABILITY	
NAME	AREA (km2)	STATE	Fish S <sub>F</sub> Aggre	POS. OBS.	FID	FD	Known	Known & Prob.	% STOCK	POS. OBS.	FID	FD	Known	Known & Prob.	% STOCK
EDISTO RECONFIG 3	209	SC	S-G	253	5.5%	41.0%	17.9%	2.3%	2.5%	12	0.1%	2.2%	2.4%	1.9%	1.4%
GEORGIA MPA RECONFIG	205	FL	?	14	3.1%	15.8%	4.9%	1.9%	2.1%	4	1.2%	2.6%	11.2%	1.9%	1.7%
NORTHERN SC REORIENT	163	SC	SH	112	2.6%	37.7%	6.1%	1.0%	1.2%	7	0.0%	2.3%	2.5%	0.8%	0.7%
ST LUCIE EXT	72	FL	S-G	1			0.4%	0.2%	0.0%	6			6.5%	0.2%	0.2%
North Florida	152	FL	?	8	4.3%	0.1%	1.6%	1.2%	0.8%	11	1.8%	0.8%	4.5%	1.2%	1.7%
Oculina ECA	279	FL	?	10	26.3%		3.8%	3.1%	0.5%	1	2.6%		2.6%	3.1%	0.9%
Snowy G. Wreck	187	NC	?	2	9.1%	7.7%	0.4%	0.6%	0.9%	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	0.6%
MAX RECONFIG	1,333			400			35%	10%	8%	41			30%	10%	8%
240-FT CLOSURE	13,642	EEZ		1545			28.2%	40.2%	41.5%	173			31.7%	40.5%	50.5%

Reconfigured MPAs are more efficient (per unit area) than 240-ft closure at excluding effort from areas with high concentrations of SH & WG; however, total percent of stock protected is lower

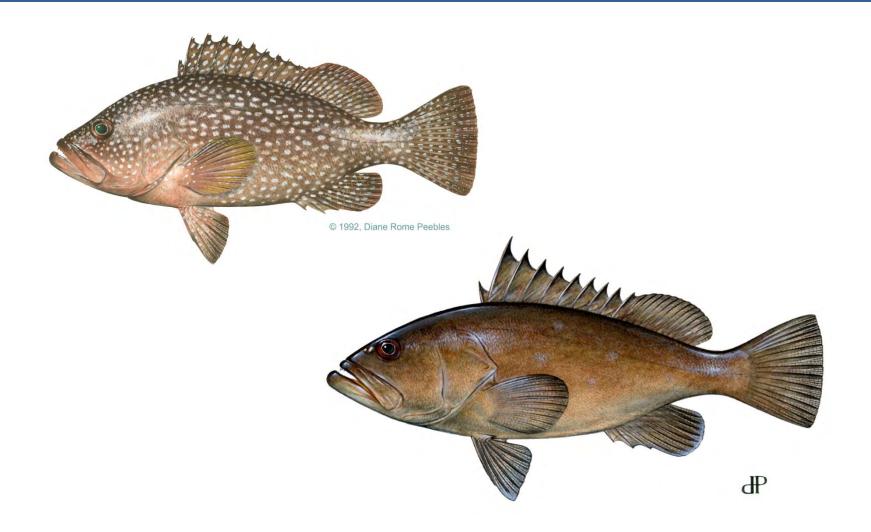
Predicted maximum of 6% impact on commercial harvest, 2% on headboat harvest

Other areas proposed by Expert Workgroup & SERO likely contain source habitats and spawning sites

Effectiveness of proposed MPAs is reduced if fishing pressure redistributed onto source habitats



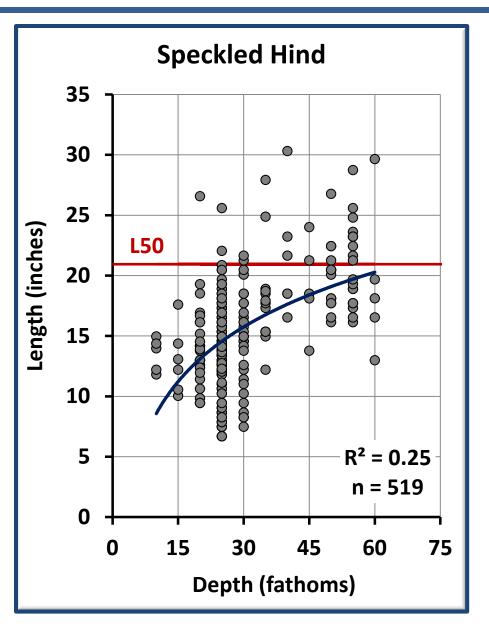
# QUESTIONS?

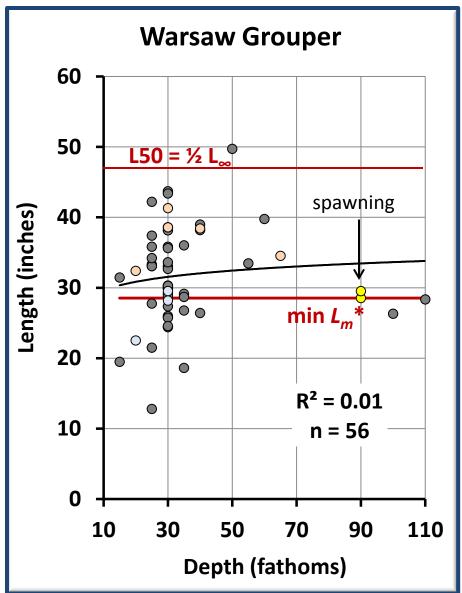


Doto Course	Vocas	Posolution	Discords	Donth Info
Data Source	Years	Resolution	Discards?	Depth Info
Commercial Log	2001-2011	1° X 1° area	20% of records	2005-present
Headboat Log	1973-2011	Some 0.17° X 0.17°	2004-present	No
Reef Fish Obs.	2006-2011	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
MARMAP	1977-2011	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
ALS	1962-2009	State Sub-Regions	No	No
FL Trip Ticket	1986-1992	State Sub-Regions	No	No
GA & SC T. Ticket	1989-2009	State Sub-Regions	No	No
NC Trip Ticket	1994-2010	State Sub-Regions	No	No
DW ROV Survey	2004-2011	Lat/Long	Yes	Not provided
Fisher Reports	1960s-2011	Loran Lat/Long	Yes	Some
SEFIS	2010-2011	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
REEF	1980s-2011	State Sub-Regions	Yes	No
Oculina ROV	2003-2005	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
Manooch (FRG)	1972-1977	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
Sedberry Sub	1985, 2002	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
Rudershausen et al.	2007	Lat/Long	Yes	Yes
Museum Collections	199/ 1001	Lat/Long	Voc	Voc



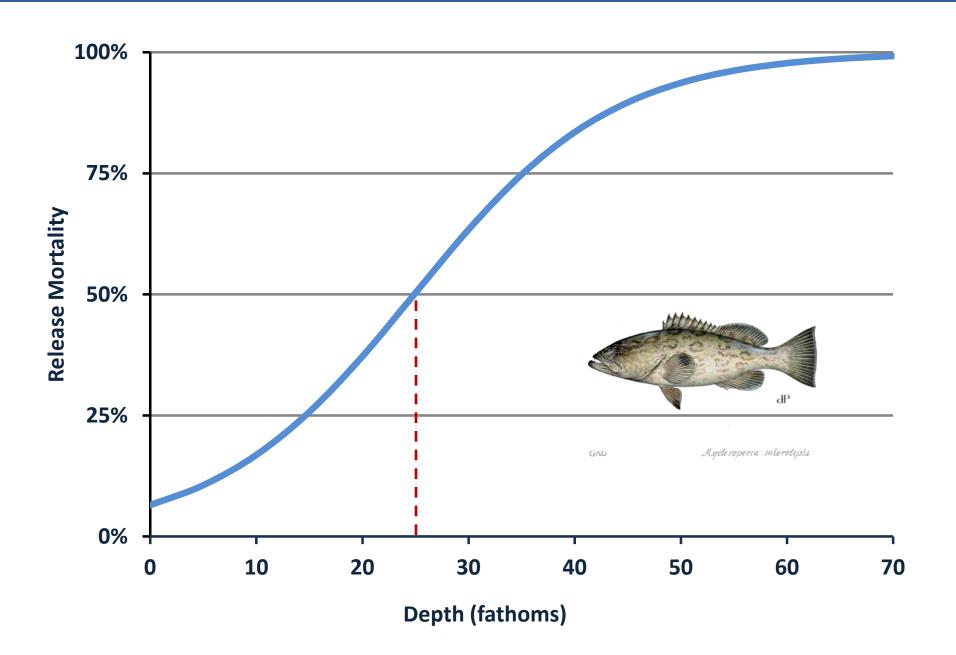
### MATURITY VS. DEPTH





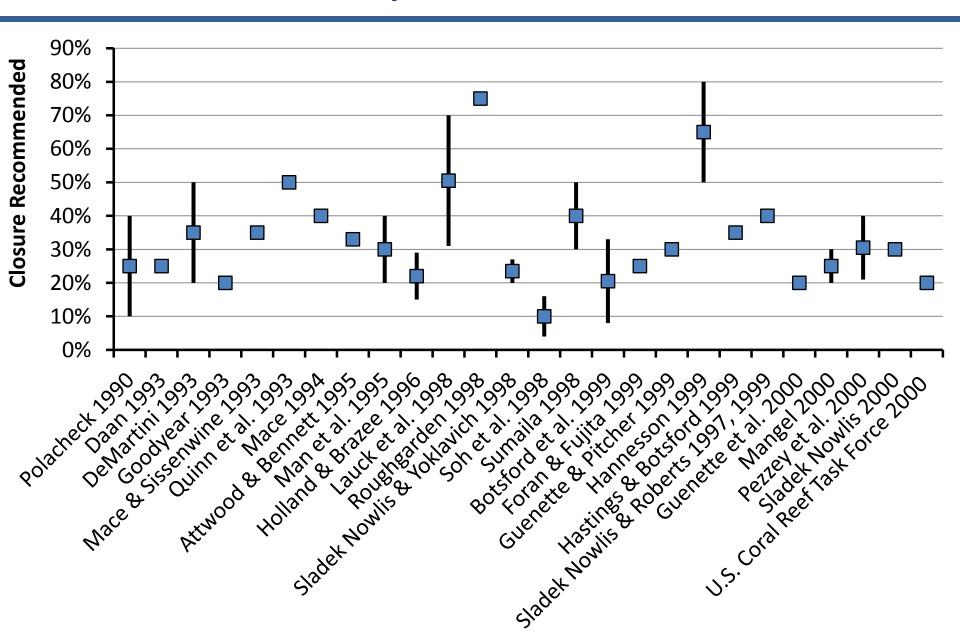


# RELEASE MORTALITY





# What level of protection is needed?



# Discussion: MPA Impacts

#### **Uniform distribution**

20% Closed → 20% Protected

**Heterogeneous distribution** 

20% Selectively Closed → >20% Protected

#### **Meta-analysis:**

- 1. Heterogeneously distributed
- 2. Hardbottom associated
- 3. Release mortality likely >50% beyond 25 ftm
- 4. Mature 25-100 fathoms
- 5. Spawning 25-100 fathoms





# Discussion: Keys for Success

#### **Public support**

-Involvement in MPA selection

# Quantitative measures of performance

- -Baseline measures of habitat and stock condition in/out
- -Space use and movements
  Follow-up monitoring,
  simulation modeling

#### Adequate enforcement

- -Simple regulations
- -Mandatory VMS
- -Passive listening devices

#### **Adaptive management**

- -Boundaries and number of MPAs can be modified
- -Collect data for new assessment