



Notice of Proposed Rulemaking: North Atlantic Right Whale Critical Habitat

South Atlantic Fisheries Management Council Protected Resources Committee Meeting

March 3, 2015

Preface

Presentation excludes:

Critical habitat-related actions in North Pacific

Presentation touches on:

Critical habitat in NE US (Unit 1)

Presentation focuses on:

Critical habitat in SER (Unit 2)



Outline

- Existing Critical Habitat
- Why Revisit RW Critical Habitat?
- Identifying Critical Habitat
- Proposed Critical Habitat
- What "May Effect" Critical Habitat
- Information



Background: Northern Right Whale Critical Habitat

Critical habitat in North Atlantic was designated in 1994

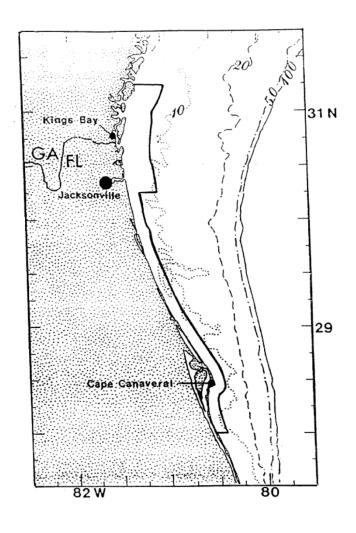
- Areas Included:
 - Cape Cod Bay
 - Stellwagen Bank
 - Great South Channel
 - Waters adjacent to GA and FL coasts
- Areas determined to provide critical feeding, nursery, and calving habitat



Background: 1994 Critical Habitat

Based primarily on opportunistic sightings

Late 1980's: calving area was "rediscovered" by researchers





Background: 2008 Right Whale Listing (73 FR 12024)

- Was northern right whale (Eubalaena spp.)
- Now two endangered species:
 - North Atlantic right whale (E. glacialis)
 - North Pacific right whale (E. japonica)



Why Revisit Right Whale Critical Habitat?

- 2008 Listing determination, and
- 2010 NMFS determination that a 2009 Petition to revise the 1994 critical habitat presented information warranting a revision (75 FR 61690)



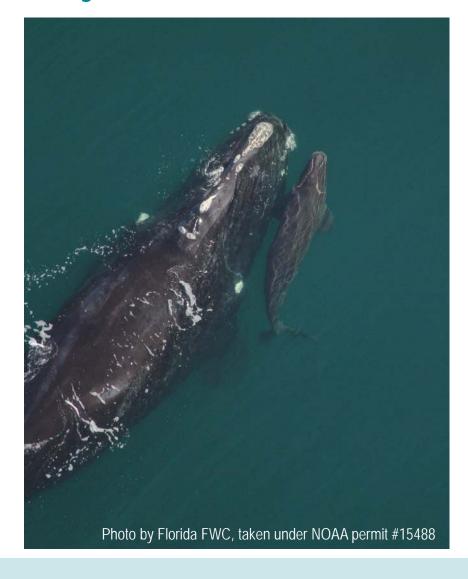
ESA Section 3 Defines Critical Habitat

- i) The specific areas within the geographical area occupied by the species, at the time it was listed, on which are found those physical or biological features
 - essential to the conservation of the species and
 - II) which may require special management considerations or protection; and
- ii) specific areas outside the geographical area occupied by the species at the time it is listed...that ...are essential for the conservation of the species.



Essential Conservation Objective

"Facilitating successful calving by protecting the species' calving area is a key conservation objective." (50 FR 9314)





Identifying specific areas that meet CH definition

- 1. What are the functions this area provides that promote successful calving and rearing?
- 2. What are the physical or biological features that are essential because they provide calving area functions in these areas?





NARW Calving Habitat Essential Features

- 1. Calm seas surface conditions of Force 4 or less on the Beaufort Wind Scale;
- 2. Sea surface temperatures from a minimum of 7°C and never more than 17°C; and
 - 3. Water depths of 6 to 28 meters, where...

these features simultaneously co-occur over contiguous areas of at least 231 km² of ocean waters during the months of November through April.

Photo by Florida FWC, taken under NOAA permit #15488



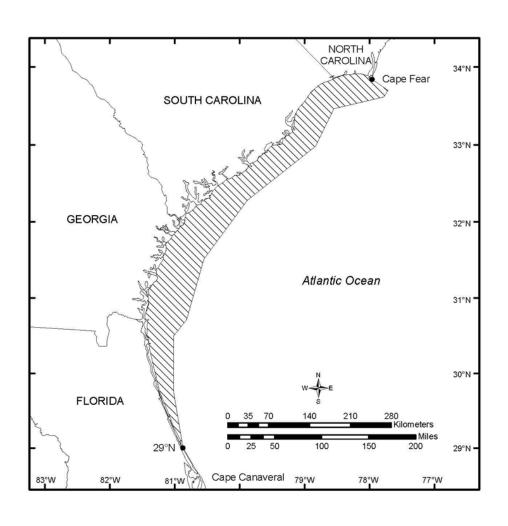
Specific Areas on Which Are Found the Physical and Biological Features of Calving Habitat

- Based on two predictive habitat models: Garrison (2007)/Keller et al. (2012), and Good et al. (2008)
- 75th percentile from Garrison (2007)/Keller *et al.* (2012) and Good's (2008) habitat area selected by at least three of the monthly models account for 91% and 85% of all observed right whale mother-calf pair sightings, respectively.



Proposed Calving Area Critical Habitat (Unit 2)

All marine waters from Cape Fear, NC, southward to 29° N latitude (approximately 43 miles north of Cape Canaveral, FL) within the area bounded on the west by the shoreline and the 72 COLREGS lines, and on the east by rhumb lines connecting specific points described.



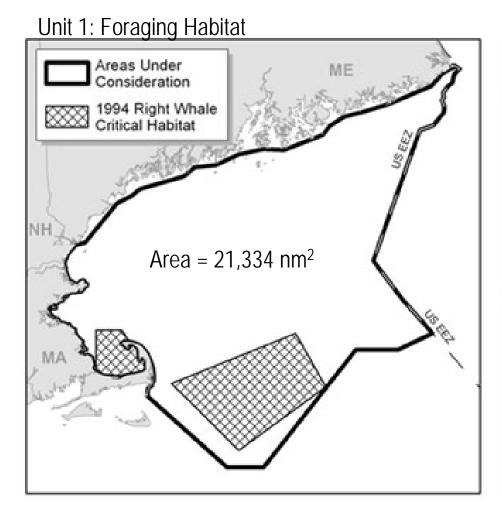


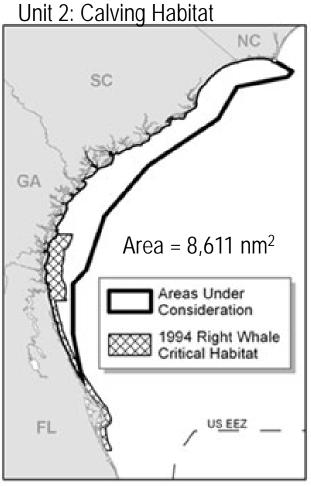
NARW Foraging Habitat Essential Features

- Physical oceanographic conditions & structures of the Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank region that combine to distribute and aggregate *C. finmarchicus* (prevailing currents, circulation patterns, bathymetric features, oceanic fronts, etc.)
- Low flow velocities in Jordan, Wilkinson, and Georges Basins that allow diapausing *C. finmarchicus* to aggregate passively below the convective layer ...
- Late stage C. finmarchicus in dense aggregations in the gulf of Maine and Georges Bank region; and
- Diapausing C. finmarchicus in aggregations in the gulf of Maine and Georges Bank region



Comparison of Current and Proposed Critical Habitat





What "May Effect" Critical Habitat?

Based on Past Consultations

- National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permitting
- Oil spill response
- Dredging and spoil disposal
- Marine Construction Permitting
- Construction and operation of energy facilities



What "May Effect" Critical Habitat?

New Categories Anticipated:

- Oil and gas exploration and development
- Offshore alternative energy development
- Directed copepod fisheries
- Marine aquaculture



Supplementary Information

- Biological Source Document
- Draft ESA Section 4(b)(2) Report



