Size selectivity by old and new trap mesh sizes in the US South Atlantic black sea bass trap fishery

P.J. Rudershausen, J.A. Buckel & J.E. Hightower North Carolina State University Department of Applied Ecology

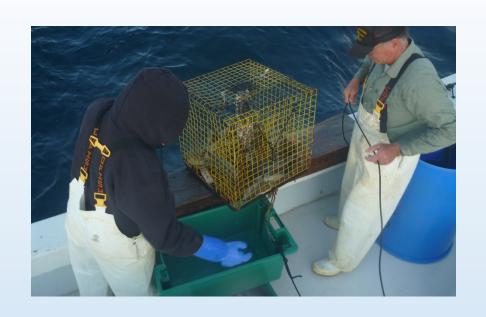






Motivation

Traps: main commercial gear used to harvest BSB in US South Atlantic



Mesh size regs have not evolved with fish size regs

Motivation

Traps: main commercial gear used to harvest BSB in US South Atlantic



Mesh size regs have not evolved with fish size regs

Goals

Determine whether larger trap mesh would better match fish size regs

Determine whether an optimal mesh size could be predicted from fish morphometry

English-Metric conversions for commercial bass fishery

Description	English	Metric
Previous minimum bass total length	10"	254 mm
Current minimum bass total length	11"	279 mm
Smallest square mesh on minimally legal trap	1 ½"	37.5 mm
Largest square mesh on minimally legal trap	2"	50.8 mm
New square mesh size tested	2 1/4"	57.2 mm
New square mesh size tested	2 ½"	63.5 mm

Timeline of trap mesh size and black sea bass commercial size regs in US South Atlantic

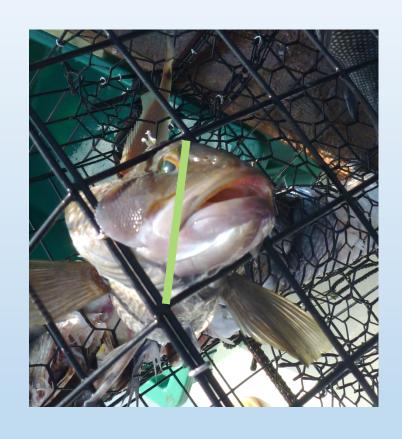
1999: 10" (254 mm) TL

2006: Two inch (50.8 mm) back panel

2011: 11" (279 mm) TL

Background: Trap construction and culling devices









Body Depth = 0.942 + 0.272*Total Length

Rudershausen et al. NAJFM 2008



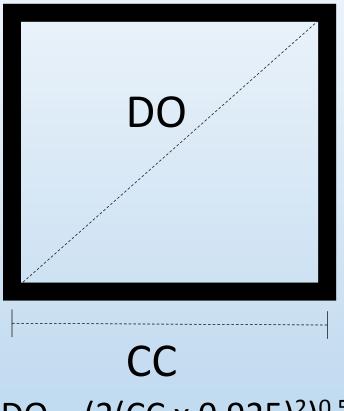
Body Depth = 0.942 + 0.272*Total Length

Rudershausen et al. NAJFM 2008

279 mm Total Length = 76.8 mm Body Depth



279 mm Total Length = 76.8 mm Body Depth

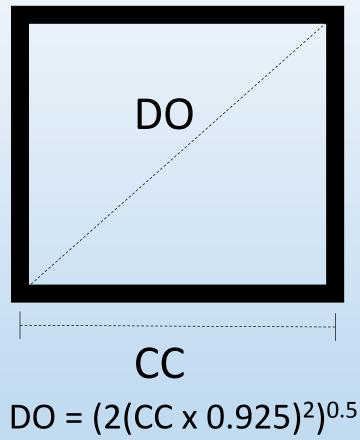


 $DO = (2(CC \times 0.925)^2)^{0.5}$

Actual diagonal opening of two inch mesh: 66.5 mm

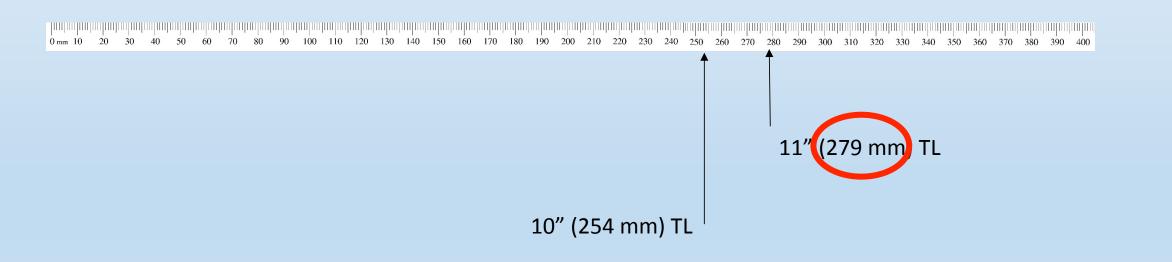


279 mm Total Length = 76.8 mm Body Depth



Actual diagonal opening of two inch mesh: 66.5 mm

Square mesh size (mm)	Actual diagonal opening (mm)	Predicted 50 th percentile retention: total length (mm)
50.8 (2 inch)	66.5	240.8
57.2 (2.25 inch)	74.8	271.6
63.5 (2.5 inch)	83.1	301.9



Trap types and field sampling

Five square mesh trap types:

Uniform 37.5 mm mesh (control)

Uniform 37.5 mm mesh w/ 50.8 mm mesh backpanel (min. legal mesh size)

Uniform 50.8 mm mesh

Uniform 57.3 mm mesh

Uniform 63.5 mm mesh

Fished offshore NC in 2013

Fished all trap types simultaneously in the same area

Analysis

Fit a negative binomial catch model.

Control trap type: catch per trap represents fish sizes available to- and retained by traps, retention probability is 1 for length bins in control trap.

Modeled retention probability of experimental traps as a logistic selection curve (Millar and Fryer 1999) $r(l) = \exp(a+bl)/1 + \exp(a+bl)$

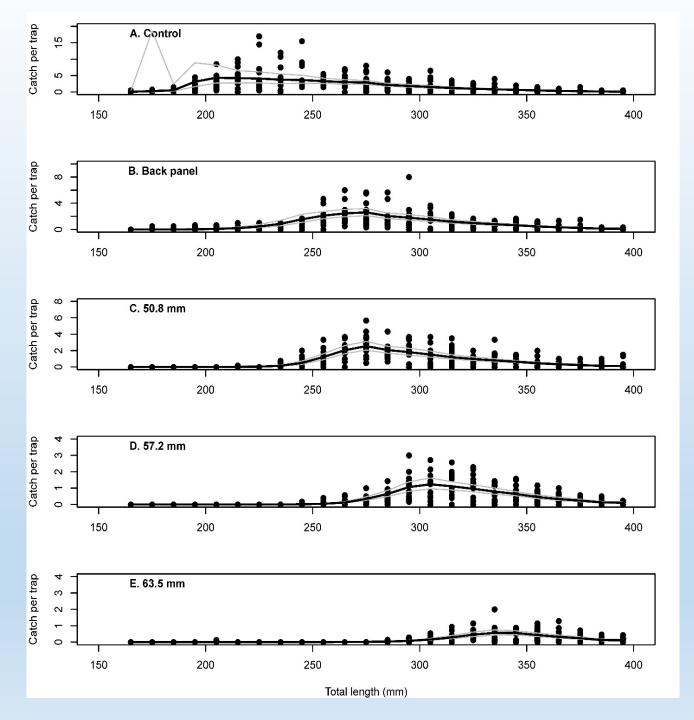
Calculated I_{50} (50th percentile size of retention, a.k.a. size where 50% of bass are retained): -a/b

Calculated I_{10} (10th percentile size of retention, a.k.a. size at initial retention): (logit(0.1)-a)/b

Compared mean estimated mass of legal bass among trap types.

Compared mean number of sub-legal bass among trap types.

Results Modeling catch rates

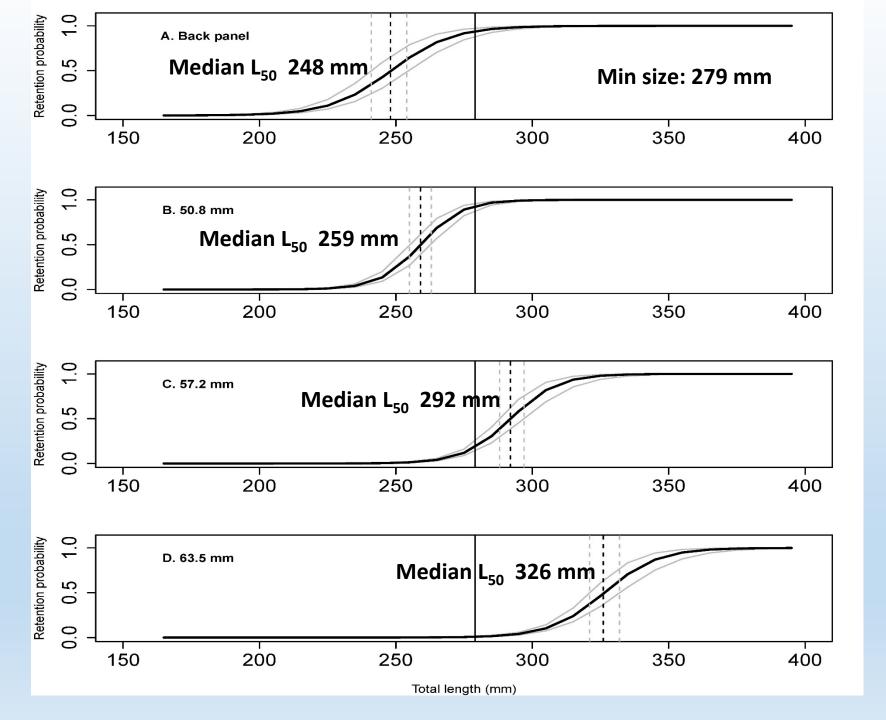


Results

Retention probability of each experimental trap type:

2 parameter logistic model

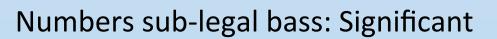
 $r(l) = \exp(a+bl)/1 + \exp(a+bl)$

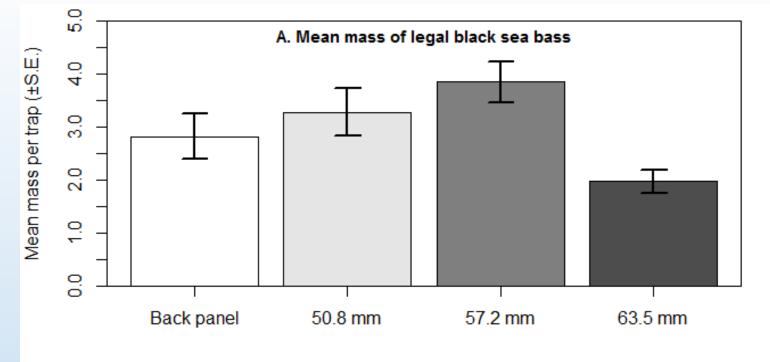


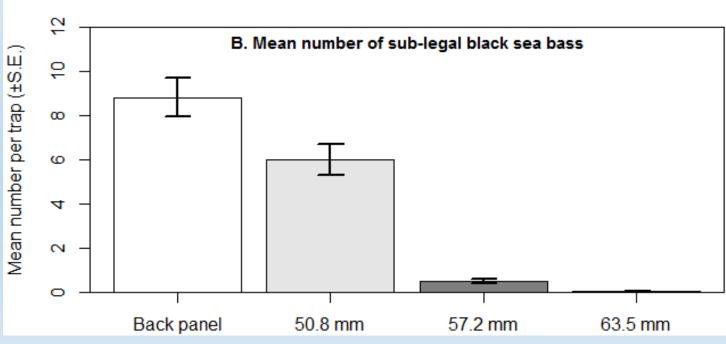
Results

Comparing catch rates

Mass legal bass: Non-significant





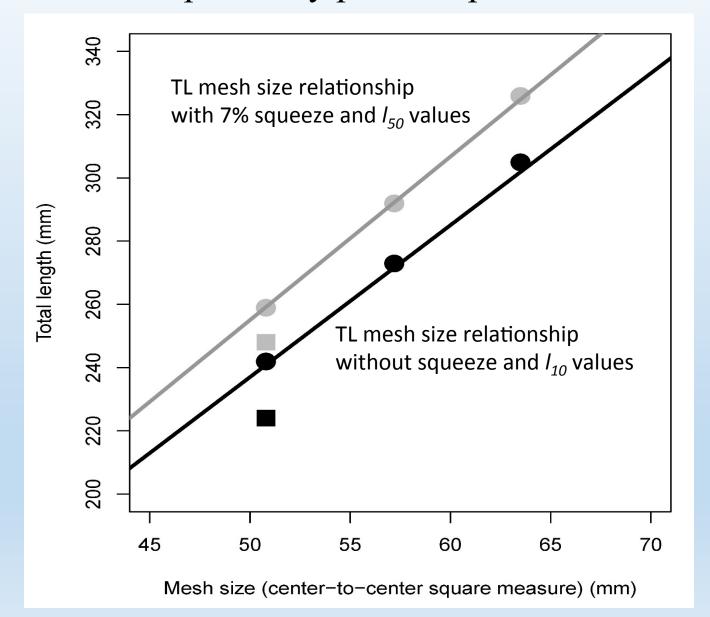


Results

Percentage of legal and sub-legal black sea bass in each experimental trap type

Fish category	Backpanel	50.8 mm	57.2 mm	63.5 mm
Legal	51.9	65.5	94.5	99.8
Sub-legal	48.1	34.5	5.5	0.2

Discussion: Was an I_{50} successfully predicted for experimental traps? Can fish morphometry predict optimal mesh sizes?



Discussion: Estimated annual reduction of sub-legal catch if switch from backpanel to 57.2 mm traps: US South Atlantic

Backpanel		57.2 mm		Annual percent reduction of sub-legal discards	References for discard/ discard mort	
# Discarded	#Discarded dead	#Discarded	#Discarded dead			
208,000	35,400	11,000	1,900	95%	Rudershausen et al. CJFAS 2014, SAFMC effort data	

Discussion: Availability of new mesh



C. E. Shepherd Company, 2221 Canada Dry St. Houston, Texas 77023 713-924-4300 713-928-2324 Fax

QUOTE

Quote #	Quote Date	Page
90011287	1/26/2016	1

Please confirm your order by fax, mail, or email. Thank you,

Ship To:

PAUL RUBERSHAUSEN @ 252.646.8815 pjruders@ncsu.edu , NC 28460 USA

Bill To:

RETAIL SALES - MARINE
,
USA

Quotes valid for 2 weeks.

		REFERENCE	NUMBER	ТІ	TERMS SHIP VIA				F.O.B. POINT
				HOLD FOR PAYM	HOLD FOR PAYMENT THREE CIRCLE LOGISTI				HOUSTON
	REQUESTED BY SALES I		REPRESENTATIVE	PRESENTATIVE QUOTE DATE		OUR QUOTE#	CUSTOMER ID		
				ANA	FERNANDEZ	1/25/2016		90011287	0050020
		ORDER			DESCRIPTION				
LN	DL	QUANTITY	DUE DATE	PART IDENTIFIER	COMMENTS		0	UNIT PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
01	01	100.00	1/26/2016	C125M0225125B	2.25X2.25X22.5X100 ' 12.5G CTD BLACK THE ESTIMATED LEAD TIM 3.5 WEEKS A.R.O.	IE IS *********	EA	113.30	11330.00
02	01	1.00	1/26/2016	S & H	SHIPPING & HANDLING PARTIAL DRY VAN		EA	1100.00	1100.00

PRICES-F.O.B. HOUSTON OUR PLANT.

Conclusions

Uniform 57.2 mm mesh traps balances wire availability and optimal selectivity for the 279 mm TL limit.

Mixed mesh traps (e.g. backpanel) do not optimize selection for any one fish size.

This study does *not* need to be repeated if fish size regs change.

Future predictions of optimal mesh size should be based on black sea bass squeezing.

Acknowledgments

Tom Burgess (Sneads Ferry NC) (cooperator)
North Carolina Sea Grant FRG Program (funding)
CE Shepherd Co., Houston TX (wire)
Chip Collier, SAFMC (effort data)







Bass trap testing, F/V Barbara Lynne, Onslow Bay, NC