the criteria of the Clean Air Act. In this context, in the absence of a prior existing requirement for the State to use voluntary consensus standards (VCS), EPA has no authority to disapprove a 111(d)/129 plan submission for failure to use VCS. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews a 111(d)/129 plan submission, to use VCS in place of a 111(d)/129 plan submission that otherwise satisfies the provisions of the Clean Air Act. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. This rule does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq).

B. Submission to Congress and the Comptroller General

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. 801 et seq., as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a copy of the rule, to each House of the U.S. House of Representatives, and report containing this rule and other rules promulgated by it, to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the U.S. Senate.

C. Petitions for Judicial Review

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by July 2, 2002. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action approving the Pennsylvania 111(d)/129 plan for HMIWI may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 62

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Sulfur oxides.


Thomas C. Voltaggio, Acting Regional Administrator, Region III.

40 CFR Part 62, Subpart NN, is amended as follows:

PART 62—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for part 62 continues to read as follows: Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q.

Subpart NN—Pennsylvania

2. Amend Subpart NN—Pennsylvania, by adding the subheading and §§ 62.9650, 62.9651 and 62.9652 after § 62.9644 to read as follows:

Emissions From Existing Hospital/ Medical/Infectious Waste Incinerators (HMIWIs)—Section 111(d)/129 Plans

§ 62.9650 Identification of plan.

Section 111(d)/129 plan for designated HMIWIs and the associated state issued air quality construction and operating permits, as submitted on October 26, 1998, amended December 3, 1999, May 4, August 9, and October 22, 2001.

§ 62.9651 Identification of sources.

The plan applies to all existing HMIWIs located in Pennsylvania, excluding Allegheny County, for which construction was commenced on or before June 20, 1996.

§ 62.9652 Effective date.

The effective date of the plan is June 17, 2002. [FR Doc. 02–10873 Filed 5–2–02; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 622

[Docket No. 011015252–2081–02; I.D. 053001E]

RIN 0648–AO23

Fisheries of the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic; Golden Crab Fishery off the Southern Atlantic States; Amendment 3

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NMFS issues this final rule to implement Amendment 3 to the Fishery Management Plan for the Golden Crab Fishery of the South Atlantic Region (FMP). This rule extends through December 31, 2002, the allowed use of cable for a mainline attached to golden crab traps; clarifies the size of the required escape panel or door on a golden crab trap; removes the historical catch requirement for renewing a commercial vessel permit for golden crab; allows the issuance of a commercial vessel permit for golden crab for the southern zone for a vessel that held a valid permit for the southern zone in October 2000 but did not meet the 5,000-lb (2,268–kg) requirement for renewal in the following year; allows a vessel with a documented length overall greater than 65 ft (19.8 m) that is permitted to fish in the southern zone to fish also in the northern zone; allows two new commercial vessel permits to be issued for the northern zone; provides that a commercial vessel permit will not be renewed if the Regional Administrator (RA) does not receive an application for renewal by June 30 each year; liberalizes the allowed increase in the size of a permitted vessel; creates a small-vessel sub-zone in the southern zone in which only permitted vessels 65 feet (19.8 m) or less in length may fish for golden crab but may not do so in the remainder of the southern zone; and adds measures related to the proposed sub-zone to the list of management measures that may be modified via the FMP’s framework procedure for regulatory adjustments. The intended effect is to protect the golden crab resource while allowing development of the fishery that is dependent on that resource.

DATES: This final rule is effective June 3, 2002, except for the amendments to § 622.17(b)(1) and (2) that are effective May 3, 2002.

ADDRESSES: Written comments regarding the burden-hour estimates or other aspects of the collection-of-information requirements contained in this rule should be submitted to Robert Sadler, Southeast Regional Office, NMFS, 9721 Executive Center Drive N., St. Petersburg, FL 33702, and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Washington, DC 20503 (Attention: NOAA Desk Officer).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Peter J. Eldridge, Southeast Regional Office, NMFS; phone: 727–570–5305; fax: 727–570–5583; e-mail: Peter.Eldridge@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION: The golden crab fishery off the southern Atlantic states is managed under the FMP. The FMP was prepared by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council under the Magnuson-Stevens Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act). The Council is an advisory body of the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). The Council’s responsibilities include developing and recommending fishery management plans and policies, setting fishery management objectives, preparing and implementing fishery management plans, and providing advice to NMFS on all matters related to the management of “fisheries.” This final rule results from public hearings held by the Council and public comment received on its final rule. The Council made a certification that the final rule is consistent with the FMP and its intended purposes and that the implementation of this final rule is within the scope of the FMP. Public comments on this final rule were considered in the development of this final rule. The Council adopted this final rule on March 25, 2002. This final rule was published in the Federal Register on May 2, 2002.